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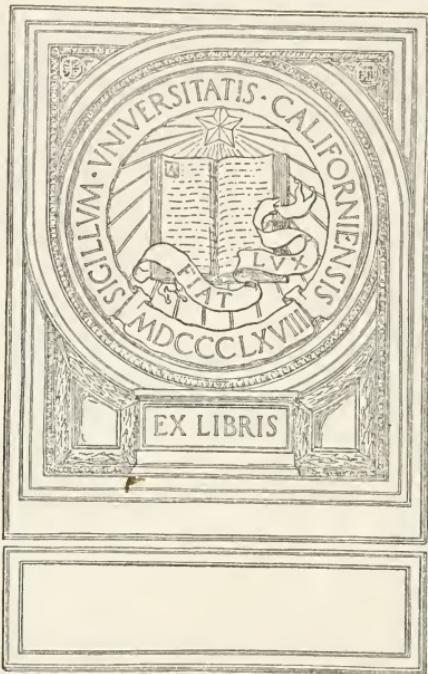
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Campaigning In the Philippines...



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P.

OFFICIAL
HISTORY OF THE OPERATIONS
OF THE

FIRST WASHINGTON INFANTRY, U. S. V.

IN THE

CAMPAIGN IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

WRITTEN BY

ADJUTANT WILLIAM L. LUHN

Who was with the Regiment throughout the Campaign

THROUGH THE COURTESY OF

COLONEL JOHN H. WHOLLEY

ADJUTANT LUHN WAS PERMITTED TO USE THE OFFICIAL RECORDS OF THE
REGIMENT IN COMPILING THIS HISTORY.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I certify that the accompanying historical matter and rosters, written especially for "Campaigning in the Philippines," relative to the First Washington Volunteer Infantry, are official, the account of the field operations having been compiled by Adjutant William H. Luhn, from the official records of the regiment.

JOHN H. WHOLLEY,

Colonel First Washington Infantry.



COLONEL JOHN H. WHOLLEY TAKEN IN FRONT OF HIS QUARTERS AT PASIG.

FIRST WASHINGTON REGIMENT.



WAR having been declared against Spain and the President of the United States having called for 125,000 volunteers on the 25th day of April, 1898, "To serve for two years unless sooner discharged," the State of Washington found her quota of the 125,000 troops to be one regiment of infantry.

The work of organizing this regiment was commenced without delay. At this time the National Guard of the State consisted of parts of two regiments of infantry, a squadron of cavalry and one battery of light artillery. It was principally from these organizations that the regiment of volunteers was made up. It should be noted here that this State military organization was of the most excellent and effective character. This was strikingly evident in the subsequent career of the regiment in the volunteer service, which, under the splendid military discipline obtaining in this regiment, at once placed it in the first rank in the service, not only in the way of military discipline and effectiveness, but more especially for its superior marksmanship. His Excellency, John R. Rogers, Governor of the State of Washington, found quite a task on his hands to select, from the many organizations and individuals offering their services, material with which to organize the 1st Regiment of Washington Inf., U. S. V., and the selection, as finally made, was not because of the superior excellence of those taken above those unchosen, but was rather made under a system of just apportionment to the different localities in the State.

The first and most important appointment to be made was that of a Colonel to command the regiment. This position was offered to John H. Wholley, 1st Lieutenant, 24th U. S. Inf., by whom it was accepted, with the consent of the War Department. Col. Wholley was at that time professor of military science and tactics and instructor in civil engineering and mathematics at the State University, located at Seattle, and previous to this had been United States recruiting officer at Seattle for two years and with a residence in the State of eight years had a large interest in the State's welfare.

A site for the State rendezvous was selected near the city of Tacoma and named "Camp John R. Rogers." Col. Wholley immediately communicated with the various companies of the National Guard which were to form a nucleus for the regiment. Companies were selected from the principal cities of the State as follows:

From Seattle, two companies of infantry; from Spokane, one company of infantry and a battery of light artillery, volunteering as infantry; from Tacoma, one company of infantry; from Walla Walla, one company of infantry; from North Yakima, one troop of cavalry, volunteering as infantry; from Waitsburg, one company of infantry; from Ellensburg, one company of infantry; from Centralia, one

company of infantry; from Dayton, one company of infantry, and from Vancouver, one company of infantry. These companies were selected from the many that volunteered their services to engage in the war against Spain. They were ordered to proceed to Camp Rogers, and there report to Col. Wholley, and the morning of May 1, 1898, found the twelve companies assembled at Camp Rogers, ready to be mustered into the service of the United States. Capt. Frank Taylor, 14th U. S. Inf., was detailed as mustering officer, and Captain and Assistant Surgeon John L. Phillips, U. S. A., was detailed as medical examiner, and the work of mustering in the regiment was commenced.

The field and staff of the regiment was mustered in as follows: Colonel, John H. Wholley, U. S. A.; Lieutenant-Colonel, William J. Fife, Tacoma; Major and Surgeon, Lewis R. Dawson, Seattle; Major, John J. Weisenburger, New Whatcom; Major, John Carr, Dayton; Chaplain, John R. Thompson, Aberdeen; Assistant Surgeon, Elmer M. Brown, Tacoma; Assistant Surgeon, Wm. McVan Patten, Walla Walla; Adjutant, William L. Luhn, Spokane; Quartermaster, Albert W. Bryan, Seattle.

The different companies took the oath of allegiance and were mustered into the volunteer army of the United States on dates as follows: May 6th, Company D, Seattle, with Capt. Frank E. Adams, 1st Lieut. Henry L. Egell, 2d Lieut. George B. Lamping; May 7th, Company B, Seattle, with Capt. George H. Fortson, 1st Lieut. Matt H. Gormly, 2d Lieut. Harvey J. Moss; May 9th, Company A, Spokane, with Capt. Albert H. Otis, 1st Lieut. Edward K. Erwin, 2d Lieut. Wm. I. Hinckley; May 9th, Company E, North Yakima, with Capt. Marshal, S. Scudder, 1st Lieut. Fred T. Briggs, 2d Lieut. William L. Lemon; May 9th, Company I, Spokane, with Capt. Jos. M. Moore, 1st Lieut. R. J. Koontz, 2d Lieut. Charles E. Nosler; May 10th, Company I, Walla Walla, with Capt. William B. Buffum, 1st Lieut. Morrow C. Gustin, 2d Lieut. Thomas D. S. Hart; May 10th, Company F, Dayton, with Capt. Chester F. Miller, 1st Lieut. Charles A. Booker, 2d Lieut. George B. Dorr; May 11th, Company G, Vancouver, with Capt. M. F. Ellrich, 1st Lieut. William V. Rinegart, 2d Lieut. William E. Weighes; May 11th, Company H, Ellensburg, with Capt. Alfred C. Steinman, 1st Lieut. Samuel C. Davidson, 2d Lieut. Edward G. Southern; May 12th, Company K, Waitsburg, with Capt. Charles T. Smith, 1st Lieut. Jesse K. Arnold, 2d Lieut. John B. Caldwell; May 12th, Company C, Tacoma, with Capt. Edward A. Sturges, 1st Lieut. Samuel C. Bothwell, 2d Lieut. John B. McCoy; May 13th, Company M, Centralia, with Capt. John E. Boyer, 1st Lieut. George M. Drehen, 2d Lieut. Russell T. Hazzard. A regimental band was organized, under the leadership of Chief Musician Loren L. Day, by selecting musicians from the different companies of the regiment.

A short digression should be made here to record what should have been stated in the sequence of events. The State of Washington has always, since her advent into the sisterhood of States, felt herself strongly intertwined in the destinies of the republic, and as such has felt keenly every national impulse and inspiration. In her whole commonwealth is found the best blood and sinews which make a people strong and great. In her financial, manufacturing, and commercial life are found the highest types of the business world. In all her commercial centers the

observer is first struck with the keen sagacity and unflinching probity of her business men. In the agricultural and other industrial pursuits one is deeply impressed with the high character of mind participating in these vocations.

Patriotism takes a deep root with such a people, and it is not the kind of emotion upon which anarchy is fed, but rather that upon which stable republics rest—it was this class which gave of its very best to do their part in the then Spanish-American War—and the regiment as constituted was known within the borders of the State at that time, and afterwards in its splendid career, as being a representative body of men in manhood, character, and honor. When war was declared the enthusiasm ran through Washington like an infection, and although but few could be received into the ranks, with these few went the prayers and benedictions of all. The pageants and ovations which greeted the organizations in their farewells will never be forgotten by the Washington boys. Until the last battalion quitted the State the people never tired of their good offices.

On May 9th, orders were received to send the 1st Battalion, under command of Lieut. Col. Fife, to San Francisco, Cal., to report upon arrival to the commanding General, Department of California. This battalion consisted of Companies A, B, D and E, commanded by Maj. Weisenburger, and embarked at Tacoma on the steamship *Senator* on May 10th. After a pleasant and uneventful voyage, Lieut. Col. Fife and his command arrived safely at San Francisco and were quartered in the large brick warehouse of Fontana & Co., afterwards called Fontana Barracks. On May 14th, the 2d Battalion, consisting of Companies F, G, I and L, commanded by Maj. Carr, received orders to proceed to San Francisco. This battalion embarked at Tacoma on the steamship *City of Peking* on May 15th, had a safe and speedy voyage and, upon its arrival in San Francisco, was quartered in Fontana Barracks with the 1st Battalion.

San Francisco was ablaze with the spirit abroad in the land and incoming regiments from the sister States had been received and welcomed with no uncertain chivalry and hospitality. Unlike the rest, the Washington Battalion had stolen quietly into the confines of the city unobserved, but it was too marked a body of men to remain long undiscovered. The superior excellence of the command and the accomplishments of officers and men soon brought to the attention of the citizens these battalions, and from this until their final embarkation for Manila regard for them increased with their stay.



EX ROUTE TO SAN FRANCISCO.

On May 24th, headquarters and the 3d Battalion, consisting of Companies C, H, K and M, were ordered to proceed by rail to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., and there take station. They left Camp Rogers on May 25th and arrived at Vancouver Barracks the same night at 11:30 o'clock. The 1st and 2d Battalions at San Francisco and the 3d Battalion at Vancouver Barracks now commenced work in drilling and getting in shape for active service.

The 1st and 2d Battalions in Fontana Barracks were very comfortably quartered compared to the many troops who were put in camp on the sand hills of San Francisco, known as Camp Merritt. The headquarters, band and 3d Battalion were very fortunate in being assigned to garrison duty at Vancouver Barracks, which is one of the finest military posts of the United States. With Col. Wholley in command of the Post they were given every opportunity to drill and equip, and were soon prepared for any service that might be assigned them. Shortly after the regiment was mustered in, 1st Lieut. Koontz of Company L resigned, and John E. Ballaine, Adjutant-General of the State, was appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy.

On June 15th, Company F was ordered from Fontana Barracks to Angel Island to garrison that Post, and on July 1st the remainder of the 2d Battalion, under command of Lieut. Col. Fife, proceeded from Fontana Barracks to Angel Island, and there went into garrison with Lieut. Col. Fife in command of the Post, previously commanded by Gen. Shafter. On June 23d, the 1st Battalion, under command of Maj. Weisenburger, was ordered to the Presidio of San Francisco and there went into quarters, where it speedily acquired excellence in tactics. On July 21st, the long-looked-for order was received, ordering headquarters and the 3d Battalion from Vancouver Barracks to San Francisco. The journey was made by rail, and Col. Wholley reported to the General Commanding, Department of California on July 25th, from whom he received orders to go into quarters at the Presidio of San Francisco, thus bringing the regiment together with the 1st and 3d Battalions at the Presidio, and the 2d Battalion at Angel Island, just across the bay. Previous to this time the 1st Washington Regiment had received notice that it was destined for foreign service as a part of the expeditionary forces in the Philippines. Later, it was assigned to the Department of California.

On August 31st, the two battalions stationed at the Presidio took part in a review of the expeditionary forces, comprising the Independent Division, 8th Army Corps, with Col. Wholley in command of the 1st Brigade. This division was reviewed by its commander, Brigadier-General Marcus P. Miller, on the Presidio Heights. On September 19th, orders were received for the regiment to prepare to proceed to Manila and great was the rejoicing thereat.

Upon receipt of this order the regiment was relieved from duty in the Department of California and assigned to the Independent Division, 8th Army Corps, as part of the expeditionary forces, although the 2d Battalion remained in quarters at Angel Island and the 1st and 3d Battalions remained in quarters at the Presidio until the day of embarking. On October 19th the 3d Battalion left Angel Island, embarked on the United States transport

Valencia, steamed out of San Francisco Bay and was on its way to Manila with the advance guard of the Washingtons. The *Valencia* touched at Honolulu to coal, where a few very pleasant days were spent by both officers and men, seeing the sights in and around Honolulu and enjoying the entertainment and hospitality of the inhabitants of that beautiful city. It arrived at Manila November 22d, after a pleasant and uneventful voyage, no accident or serious illness occurring to mar the enjoyment of the voyage. On October 28th, headquarters and the 1st and 3d Battalions left the Presidio of San Francisco, embarked on the United States transport *Ohio*, and at 11:30 o'clock p. m., left the pier and started on the long voyage to Manila. The *Ohio* touched at Honolulu the morning of November 5th, and, after coaling, continued the voyage to Manila, leaving in the minds of all on board very pleasant impressions of the beauties of Honolulu and the surrounding country, and of the courteous entertainment of the charming residents thereof.

The *Ohio* arrived in Manila Bay on the morning of November 26th, having had no casualties or serious illness aboard during the voyage. The three battalions were at last united in Manila Bay, waiting for orders to disembark. Quarters were finally obtained and the regiment ordered to disembark and take station in Paco district, Manila. The 1st Battalion was quartered in one wing of a large tobacco factory; the 2d Battalion in a large and handsome building known as the Bishop's palace; the 3d Battalion was divided, two companies occupying a building on Calle San Marcelino and two in buildings in East Paco. Headquarters were established in a small house at No. 73 Calle Nozaleda. Thus, it will be seen that the regiment was at last settled, if the term may be used in view of the uncertainties of a soldier's stay or abode. We now could survey ourselves and our surroundings, and in taking account of stock could see that, thanks, perhaps, to the most efficient medical staff that left the States, the regiment, with the exception of trifling intestinal disorders, was in excellent health. This staff also was carefully and judiciously supplemented by the regimental commander in what pertained to sanitary measures. This included, of course, cleanliness of person, but with this went careful scrutiny into food conditions, and it must be said that the Washingtons, whether detached in battalions and commanded by either Maj. Weisenburger or Maj. Canton, or the command being under Lieut. Col. Fife or Col. Wholley, had all the consideration given to the comforts of life that it was possible to bestow. The regiment had arrived in what is known there as the "Delightful Season," but even then there was much that was trying to the unacclimated new-comers. We found ourselves upon what was already historic



MARCHING UP MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.



CAMP LIFE AT THE PRESIDIO.

ground, for it was here that the Spanish battalions had so long held our forces at bay, preceding the capture of Manila, but above all else of interest, there was almost at our touch what then appeared to be a strong menacing foe. The number was uncertain, and their long lines and military equipment took on quite the form of a military adversary.

The regiment was assigned to the 2d Brigade, 1st Division, 8th Army Corps, but shortly afterwards was assigned to the 1st Brigade, 1st Division, with Gen. King as brigade commander and Gen. Anderson division commander. Our duty commenced on December 8th, six days after landing, by furnishing the guard for outpost duty at block-house No. 11, where the post of our sentinel was on one side of the Concordia bridge, while that of the insurgent sentinel was on the other.

Concordia bridge is so called because it spans the small creek of Concordia. It is a small stone bridge, perhaps twenty-five feet in length, and is on the main road leading from Santa Ana to Manila. During the rainy season this is the only public avenue between this district and Manila that can be used for highway purposes.

As this rainy season lasts most of the year, it will be seen, from a military point of view, in connection with the block-houses, to constitute a stra-



BREAKING CAMP AT THE PRESIDIO.

tegic point. The insurgents at this place had concentrated a strong support of their advanced line, the outpost insurgent sentry being in position at the south end of the bridge, while our outpost sentry held the north end. The delimitation between the American and insurgent forces had been thoroughly defined and assented to by the two commanders, and the stations of the two sentries at the bridge were on these lines, and any advance by either would be an encroachment which justified forcible resistance. Notwithstanding this, the sentry was in the habit not only of invading the neutral ground, but taunting and daring our sentry to molest him. At different times so threatening was the situation because of this that the command was called under arms.

On December 9th, we furnished, besides the guard at block-house No. 11, two companies for outpost duty on the Cingalon Road, thus doing double guard duty.

As a matter of fact, the Washington Regiment was put to the front, where it had its full share of outpost and other duty from the start. First Lieut. Davidson, who was left at Angel Island, Cal., on account of physical disability, was discharged, and on December 9th, 2d Lieut. Southern was promoted to be 1st Lieutenant in his place, and Regimental Sergt. Maj. Joe Smith was commissioned a 2d Lieutenant to succeed Lieut. Southern. Private Thomas W. Lemon, Company A, was appointed Regimental Sergeant-Major to succeed Joe Smith.

All through the month of December the situation in and around Manila was more or less threatening, and an eruption of the natives seemed inevitable in the not far distant future. The regiment continued to perform outpost and guard duty during the months of December and January, and as we had orders to be prepared to turn out at any time, at a moment's notice, the men had little rest, but were always on the *qui vive*. False alarms were of frequent occurrence, and



GOING ABOARD.

more than once the regiment was assembled in East Paco ready to support the outposts should hostilities commence. After January 12th, one battalion was usually sent out at night to support the outpost at block-house No. 11, which, in addition to their other duties, was pretty hard on the men—sometimes sleeping in the rain and always on the damp ground, with no shelter above them but the canopy of heaven. During the month of January, 2d Lieut. Weigle was promoted to be 1st Lieutenant of Company G, vice Rinehart resigned. February 4th, the Washington Regiment had its usual guard of thirty men, commanded by an officer, at block-house No. 11, and a guard of ten men, under a non-commissioned officer, at block-house No. 10.

These outposts were supported in the evening by two battalions of the regiment, and at 9:30 p. m., when firing commenced on the Nebraska front, about two miles to our left, the remaining battalion was ordered out, and the entire regiment was at once ordered by Col. Wholley on the firing line, at our extreme front, the companies occupying positions as follows:

The detachment of thirty men at block-house No. 11 was of Company B, commanded by Lieut. Gormley, and the ten men at block-house No. 10 were from Company D. On the extreme left, in front of block-house No. 10, were Companies E, F, G and I, under command of Capt. Fortson. To the immediate left of block-house No. 11, Companies C, H and the remainder of Company B were placed in line of skirmishers, with Companies A, M and L to the right of the block-house in like formation, and in the order named. Company K and the main body of Company D were still further to the right, supporting Battery D of the 6th U. S. Art., on Battery Knoll.

This was the position of the regiment when the insurgents opened fire on our front at 2:40 a. m., February 5th. We had now been in position about five hours awaiting this attack. During this time, while owing to the intense darkness, no glimmer could be had of the combat, still, from the time of firing the first shots, we could hear the firing, and with intense anxiety noted its significance, as its nearness to our positions increased and the enemy seemed to be augmenting. Suddenly this ceased, and then again, of a sudden, like a fury it broke upon our front. The supreme moment had at last come and we were ready, and the whole command, without a faltering word or act, received the terrible volley. We returned the fire by firing volleys by companies, platoons or squads, according to the intensity of the fire desired. A heavy and continuous fire was maintained by

both sides during the dark hours of the morning, and daylight, although slow in coming, finally dawned upon us, and was never more welcome.

At 8 o'clock in the morning Lieut. Hutton, aide-de-camp to Gen. King, rode up to where Col. Wholley was stationed, near Block-house 11, with instructions to the Colonel to advance. Orders were immediately sent to the different company commanders to advance directly to the front towards Santa Ana, wading the stream when necessary. Previous to this movement, all the companies had been replenished with ammunition, carrying from 100 to 150 rounds of Springfield ammunition upon the advance. The fire from the enemy quickened, the principal firing coming from the redoubt which was afterwards captured by Capt. Fortson. In moving forward the command moved as a body, the line being



MARCHING TO THE TRANSPORT.

kept straight, the men firing as they were walking forward. The object was to close the insurgents in the town of Santa Ana, which was in a loop of the Pasig River at that point. A short distance after crossing the little stream in front of the position which we held during the night, could be seen the effects of our fire. The grounds in our front were level and were used as rice fields, and behind the dykes could be seen the bodies of the dead and wounded on the line the insurgents had tried to hold. During all our advance the fire was kept up, and upon arriving at the position of the wounded of the enemy, our men did not hesitate to hand their canteens to the insurgents who desired water. It was noticed, when we were close to the town, that the insurgents were leaving their redoubts and their entrenchments in Santa Ana and

going in all directions. However, each one would stop and fire a shot whenever the opportunity occurred. The position on the left of our line touched the Pasig River, so, in order to shut the enemy in the loop, it was necessary to swing around the right flank of the line, which was done. When we arrived at the town of Santa Ana many shots were fired, but most of the garrison of the town had fled, many of them trying to swim the Pasig, of whom few reached the other bank. Those of the insurgents who remained in town tried to conceal themselves, but were later on captured by patrols and we counted 200 prisoners. The troops immediately took quarters and sent for their equipments, and made themselves comfortable in the town which, a few days before they had been unable to visit. In the advance we were accompanied by two companies of the 1st California, and a battalion of the 1st Idaho, under Maj. McConville, who followed closely with the Washington Regiment. Maj. McConville advanced to assist Capt. Fortson in the capture of the principal redoubts in which, while leading his men, he lost his life.

Upon being settled we immediately started to bury our dead. Details were made, and we utilized the Filipino prisoners to dig the holes. Upon tallying, we found that 150 dead insurgents were known to be buried. These were what were left after the insurgents had ceased carrying off their dead and wounded. Col. Smith swung his command to the right, going into San Pedro Macati. Shortly after the town was captured, it was learned that Capt. Fortson, assisted by the Idaho Battalion, had carried the redoubt, killing between thirty and forty of the enemy.

While all this was transpiring in the vicinity of block-house No. 11, Capt. Fortson with his battalion, which was about half a mile to the left of block-house No. 11, was not idle. The enemy in his front was entrenched on top of a knoll about twenty-five feet high, rising abruptly from the level field with a creek on two sides of it. From this knoll they were pouring into the ranks of his command a very hot fire.

Seeing that this position must be taken, Capt. Fortson prepared his men and ordered the advance and charge. He led his men across the Concordia Creek and open rice fields up the almost perpendicular sides of the knoll, making the most gallant and courageous charge of the day. The enemy was completely routed, leaving thirty-three dead in the trenches on the knoll, besides many wounded and taken prisoners.

Companies D and K supported the battery of artillery until after the advance was made, when Company K was sent into the woods on the left of the 14th U. S. Inf., and fought that day with the 2d Brigade, rejoining the regiment next morning at Santa Ana. Company D was sent to take the Paco Church, from which the insurgents were delivering quite a destructive fire. This was soon effectually accomplished. Capt. Adams and his men, entering the church, captured or killed all the insurgents in sight, and then burned the church.

Gen. King, speaking of the action of the Washington Regiment when the advance order was given, said :

At that moment the 1st Washington had six companies at our front, supporting block-house No. 11. This gallant regiment had been the delight of the brigade commander for weeks past.

It was so soldierly, so well drilled, and so thorough in every duty. Now it had to lie down in the rice fields and answer as best it could a rasping fire coming in three directions from across the stream—a narrow estuary of the Pasig, that formed the dividing line between Manila limits and the territory of the insurgents.

Every minute the fire became hotter. The Filipinos had been taught that they had only to advance and open fire and our fellows would go back. * * * * So ugly was the fire in our front that the situation became almost unbearable, and at 3 in the morning I wired division headquarters, begging permission to charge and clear the front. The answer was "Defend your line, but do not attack," and under these orders the brigade had to act until broad daylight. Then, at last, the order came—and then the result.

I have seen the hounds loosed from their leash, and the racers of the best States given the drum tap and the word "go," but in all my life I have seen no moment, known no exhilaration like that that came when, launching the Washington State Volunteers across the stream and letting the Idahos follow close, I rode into the attack. Hawthorne, with the Astor Battery



EMBARKING ON THE "VALENCIA."

guns, was already well forward near the Santa Ana bridge and, unlimbering, let drive shot after shot across the rice fields to our left front, aiming ever at the blaze of the hitherto concealed Krupps. To the right and left of the old bridge that had so long been the one medium of communication between the Filipino land and Yankeeedom on the eastward front of the city, the Washingtons took the plunge into the narrow little estuary and clambered the opposite bank, mud up to their middles, but in an instant their Springfields were blazing across the fields, and Johnny Filipino streaked it for his entrenchments, dived into them like so many prairie dogs, and then, turning, let drive with Manser and Remington on the steadily advancing lines. * * * * The hottest, heaviest fire came from our left front, where, sheltered by the big walled enclosure of the Norwegian Consul's house, and by the convent walls, seven hundred yards away, the little rascals let drive for all they were worth. The sight of the Idaho Regiment coming up from Paco with colors flying (they wouldn't leave them behind) seemed to set fire to every wall and hedgerow, and the bullets buzzed like wasps in a fury, sweeping Santa Ana bridge diagonally, smashing lamps into flinders, and sending the chips flying from

the stone parapets. * * * * Something had to be done to at least partially quell that infernal fire from the left front, and looking about me for available infantry, I could for an instant see nothing but the dead and wounded of the Washington still lying on the original battle line, where so long we had been held in check by orders from the rear.

I think I never knew a sensation quite as thrilling as when from just behind the slowly advancing firing line at the center on the Santa Ana Road, I heard the crash of McConville's (Idaho) and Fortson's (Washington) volleys at the left rear, and saw them leap out of their cover on its left and, obedient to the chief, swing upon the enemy and head for the Pasig—the right and center going square into and through Santa Ana, and the center sharing in the glory of the left in the capture of the Krupps and carrying the redoubts. I can still hear the glorious bursts of cheers with which the center went over to the enemy's works, and the echoing hurrahs where, just a fourth of a mile away, Fortson with his Washington Battalion, and McConville, with two Idaho Battalions, were making mincemeat of the west redoubt. * * * In killed and wounded we had lost some gallant officers and men—seventy was the number sent in by the surgeons that night—but the fields over which we charged, the earth-works, the redoubts, the village streets, the river banks, were strewn with the insurgent dead. They fought savagely on the mound and about their Krupps and there the sight was like one of Verestchagen's pictures of the Plevna campaign. * * * * The only brigade in the 8th Army Corps composed wholly of volunteers, had the stiffest fight and achieved by far the biggest results.

The Krupp guns of which the General speaks, were captured by Lieut. Southern and his brave fellows of Company H. In the rush they had no time to haul the guns, but took the breech-blocks, sights, lanyards and primers. The blocks were returned to the guns, but the sights, lanyards and primers are now in possession of the regimental commanders. The mound on the left was captured by Capt. Forston with ninety-seven men. In the charge was a part of Company D, a part of Company B, and Companies E, F and G. In the darkness of early morning, men became separated from their commands, and dropped in wherever they found an opportunity for hot work. The mound was probably the strongest fortified field position on the Island. In the trenches surrounding it were found thirty-eight dead Filipinos. One hundred and four prisoners were taken, twenty-one being wounded, and 128 rifles captured.

This was the heaviest battle of the war. With a very few exceptions among some old regulars who had enlisted in the regiment, there was not a man who had ever been under fire. Every man stood to his duty, and this can be no more conclusively proven than by the fact that the casualties were 17 per cent greater than in any other organization. While fighting was at its heaviest on the line, those who had been left sick in quarters were having a hot time to the rearward in Paco. To again quote from Gen. King:

In the village behind the line, Paco, the insurgents occupied the church, and from there and from dozens of nipa huts, fired on our orderlies and wounded men drifting back from the front. The moment I saw this, I ordered the destruction of the huts. It took a fight to get the insurgents out of the church, "but that's another story."

Well, here's the story. It is short, but it tells of a deed of unflinching bravery that adds honor to the name of the regiment.

The two detachments of Company D were ordered up from their position on Battery Knoll, to assist in the capture of the church. While Lieut. Lauping, with twenty men were routing the insurgent stragglers from the nipa huts of which Paco was largely builded, Capt. Adams, who had returned with the company, together with Lieut. Egell and the remainder of the company, stormed the building in the face of as heavy a fusillade as the insurgents could give.

A member of the Washington band procured coal oil, and the Regimental Quartermaster applied the match which soon caused the splendid landmark to be a heap of ruins. While a battery from the 6th Art. had shelled the church, it was ineffectual. After the building was in flames and the insurgents on the run, another battalion opened fire, afterward claiming credit for the whole affair. Lieut. Col. Fife, who was returning to his quarters from the knoll, fired the first shot and took a hand in the mix-up, using a Springfield with deadly effect. Capt. Buffum, of Company I, ill in quarters, also took a part, as did the Washington sick men in quarters just across Paco Creek.

This, in brief, is the history of the first battle in which the 1st Washington Volunteers participated. Our loss in this engagement was nine killed and forty-six wounded, Lieutenants Erwin and Smith being among the latter.

A battle does not afford to all participants like opportunities for distinction. At the same time, many acts of heroism are likely to go unnoticed, depending more or less upon the circumstances and the person of the hero. When the field is extended or obscure, the commanding officer is not apt to be an observer of all that happens, and when this is the case, unless the individual discloses his participation, his act of valor is likely to pass unnoticed and unmentioned. Again, in a battle it may be said that it never happens that all parts of the command are alike put to the valorous test. The test may happen to be given to a single individual, a squad, a platoon, a company, or a whole organization. In the Washington Regiment there is no instance when either officers or men failed to fill every post of duty to its fullest requirements. The following were recommended for consideration and promotion for gallantry in action in the battle of Santa Ana. A number of others deserving would have had like notice had the facts of their service been known; Col. Wholley, commanding; Major-Surgeon Dawson, Maj. Weisenburger, Capt. Fortson, Capt. Otis, Capt. Smith, Lieut. Luhn, Lieut. Erwin, Lieut. Briggs, Lieut. Dreher, Lieut. Southern, Lieut. Hazzard and Lieut. Hart.

Regimental headquarters were now established at Santa Ana, and all were waiting for the next move. On February 7th, the regiment was assembled on the street at Santa Ana, and Gen. King extended to us the thanks and congratulations of the corps commander for the "gallant work performed on February 5th." On February 7th, Companies G, C and M, under command of Capt. Fortson, were sent to San Pedro Macati to support the California Volunteers. On February 14th, Companies D, E, I, and H, under command of Maj. Weisenburger, were sent to San Pedro Macati, to act in conjunction with the Californians. Col. Smith of the California Regiment, who was in command at San Pedro Macati, was ordered to draw in his forces and establish a line south from San Pedro Macati, on which line, on February 17th, Companies C, D, E, G, H and I, of our regiment were placed, with Companies K and M in reserve, at the church. This was the advance line, and we immediately commenced making trenches and throwing up earthworks for protection. Col. Wholley assumed command of that part of the line occupied by the companies of his regiment, and, with his staff, established headquarters at San Pedro Macati.

The record of events of Company M, 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V., for the month of February, 1899, contains the following, relative to the expedition across the Pasig River, from San Pedro Macati, February 20, 1899:

At 1 p. m., February 20, 1899, the entire company, with Company K, 1st Washington Volunteers, under command of Maj. Bell, U. S. A., crossed the Pasig River at San Pedro Macati for the purpose of clearing the vicinity of the enemy's sharpshooters. An outpost company of the insurgents, consisting of 100 men, was outflanked and driven from the field by a firing line of twenty men of Company M, who killed six and took three wounded prisoners. Another detail of thirteen men, under command of Lieut. Dreher, posted on the right flank, took six prisoners. After the skirmish the companies were re-formed and marched up the river, opposite Guadalupe Church, to drive the enemy from that vicinity. After a sharp fight at close range, lasting from 4:50 to 5:15 p. m., the insurgents retreated, having suffered severely. Private John F. Adams received a gunshot wound through both upper legs in the engagement, and died from the effects of the same about 6:30 p. m., February 20, 1899. The two companies returned to quarters about 7 p. m.

The officers who took part in this expedition were as follows: Company M, Capt. John E. Boyer, Lieut. George Dreher, Lieut. R. T. Hazzard; Company K, Lieut. Jesse H. Arnold in command, Capt. Smith being sick, and Lieut. John B. Caldwell. The day previous, Maj. Bell, then acting as Chief of the Government Bureau of Security and Information, had made a reconnaissance with a detail from Company M to a point nearly opposite Guadalupe Church, and found quite a body of armed insurgents, from which Mauser bullets were coming at all hours of the day and night, disturbing the work and rest of those at Gen. King's headquarters. These it was necessary to disperse. As soon as the companies landed on the north bank of the river, Maj. Bell formed the battalion as follows: Company M to form the advance, with a detail of sixteen men under Lieut. Hazzard to protect the left flank, and Company K to act as a reserve. In this formation the battalion had proceeded, about a mile back from the river to avoid being seen by the enemy, and was making the turn to the right, that should bring them opposite Guadalupe, when word was sent to Maj. Bell at the head of the column, from both Lieut. Arnold and Lieut. Hazzard, that there was a large party of armed insurgents on our left flank and rear. Maj. Bell was provoked at the interruption, and refused to believe the report or interrupt the advance, until Lieut. Arnold went to him in person and assured him of the imminent danger of having the battalion cut off by the large party of insurgents plainly seen by him. The advance was then halted, and the Major went to the rear, where he was made to see that it was no idle alarm that had halted the battalion. The two companies of Washington Volunteers, numbered together a little over one hundred. It was learned from one of the wounded prisoners the next day that the expedition had come into the territory of one of the insurgent outposts held by three companies of 100, 108 and 110 men, respectively. The day of the expedition the company of 100 was on duty, with the other two in reserve. They had discovered the party of sixteen flankers under Lieut. Hazzard, and had sent thirty men around the flank to cut them off. It was at this juncture that Maj. Bell was forced to believe that there were insurgents getting in his rear. His plan of action was admirable and quickly executed. Leaving Lieut. Hazzard with five men, under orders to keep in sight to attract the attention of the enemy, he posted Lieut. Dreher, with about thirteen men of Company M, to guard against attack on the right flank, and ordered Capt. Boyer, with the rest of his company—twenty men—to proceed as quickly as possible to surprise the enemy on the left

flank, keeping behind the crest of a hill leading in the desired direction. The movement was successfully executed by Capt. Boyer and his men. Secured from view of the insurgents by the crest of the hill and the bamboo and banana palms, which grew thick in that locality, they crept and ran 800 yards, till, emerging into the more open ground at the top of the hill, they found themselves back of the left flank of the insurgents and within 250 yards of their line. Both parties opened fire at once, but, completely taken by surprise, the insurgents soon gave way before the determined advance and sharp fire of the attacking party, and disappeared in the ravines and jungles, leaving six dead and three wounded on the field to test the marksmanship of the Chehalis County Volunteers. Recall being sounded, the wounded insurgents were carefully attended by Major-Surgeon Shields and sent, on litters borne by six Filipinos captured by Lieut. Dreher in the vicinity of his post, to San Pedro Macati. Though more work was to be done, ten of our men were left as a guard and to assist in carrying the wounded prisoners to headquarters.

Much greater loss would have been inflicted on the enemy had Company K been added to the firing line. That this was not done was due to an oversight on



BATTLE OF SANTA ANA.

Maj. Bell's part in first ordering Lieut. Arnold to remain with Lieut. Dreher and then making no further disposition of his company for co-operating with Company M in the attack. The companies, secured from attacks in the rear, then proceeded to carry out the original plan, to drive out the sharpshooters opposite Guadalupe Church. After a very tiresome march with Company K in advance and in reserve, they arrived near the positions they were to occupy and were halted in the thick brush 150 yards back from the bluff of the river.

Maj. Bell's plan was for Company K to strike the river a short distance below and opposite Guadalupe Church and drive insurgents, supposed to be in that locality, up the river, where they were to encounter a flank fire from Company M, hidden behind the crest of the river bluff. The plan failed for lack of insurgents in the expected quarter, but a hot fight was not lacking. The insurgents had been apprised of the movements of the volunteers by an amigo who had presented himself to Maj. Bell from the direction of the insurgent outpost just before the first engagement, and, after being questioned by Maj. Bell, who shared the belief of

Gen. Otis and some other regular army officers that no Filipino was an insurgent unless he was caught with a Mauser in hand and was clothed in the insurgent uniform, was sent to his alleged home, back of the battalion line, with injunctions to stay there until the next day. The amigo was seen by one of the flankers after he had got out of sight of the main body of volunteers to break into a run in the direction of where the insurgents had been located the day before. When the volunteers arrived on the scene, the insurgents had crossed the river to their stronghold, Guadalupe Church, and were ready for action. Before the volunteers had an opportunity to reconnoitre the ground and take advantage of such protection as the neighborhood might afford, their presence was discovered and a hot fire of Mausers from the opposite bluff of the river poured in on them while they were still entangled in the jungle. Without thought of shelter or regard for danger, both companies sprang to the edge of the bluff where they could get a view of the enemy, and soon the bark of Springfields was answering the pop of Mausers. The insurgents had the advantage in their longer-range rifles but the better marksmanship of the Americans soon reduced their fire and drove them from their breastworks. At this time the sound of Springfield volleys was heard from the opposite side of the river, lower down, and Springfield bullets began to buzz around the ears of the Washingtons. It was afterwards learned that the California Regiment had been ordered towards Guadalupe from San Pedro Macati, and seeing the Washington fire from the opposite bank, had mistaken them for insurgents and made them the targets for their rifles. Though disconcerted by this fire, the Washingtons kept up their work and, after a hot engagement, lasting twenty-five minutes, the fire of the enemy was entirely silenced. At dusk the two companies withdrew down the river carrying with them the dead bodies of two of their bravest, private Alton A. Rinehart of Company K and private John F. Adams of Company M, both shot through the upper legs by bullets severing the femoral arteries, causing almost immediate death from loss of blood, notwithstanding the use of the First Aid bandages. The following day a view of the ground disclosed thirty-two dead Filipinos as the result of the second engagement.

Just before noon, February 22d, an order was given by the brigade commander to clear out the insurgent sharpshooters between our position at San Pedro Macati and Guadalupe. An order was received to send one company, but, feeling that the position was much stronger than supposed, another company was sent. Company H was the first company ordered, and Company E was sent in support. The firing became so brisk that it was evident that many sharpshooters were in the vicinity, which subsequent events proved was the case. A platoon of Company D was sent to support the other two companies, and later, a platoon of Company G. These troops met with considerable resistance. The country over which they were obliged to fight was about the worst outpost on the islands. It was an old quarry, full of pits, caused by taking out of stones, concealed by the overgrowing shrubbery. During the sharpest part of the engagement the force of the insurgents, consisting of a battalion, was seen to come from their rendezvous near Guadalupe ridge. To meet this force, and to prevent them from assisting the troops at Guadalupe Church, Company C was sent out, which had the desired effect, their mere presence driving back the reinforcing troops. It

was an exceedingly hot day, and, fearing that our own troops would go too far, orders were sent out to have them return, which they did, after clearing out all the insurgents in the vicinity of Guadalupe Church. Upon the return of these troops one man was brought back mortally wounded, several others having been slightly wounded during the engagement. The enemy left thirty-seven dead and twenty-nine guns on the field. From this date until March 13th the command remained in the trenches at San Pedro Macati. Col. Wholley, having the field command of the line, established his headquarters just in the rear of the trenches. During all this time the position was exposed to desultory firing on the part of the insurgents, and at times this firing was heavy and more or less effective, but as orders were simply to hold the position without an advance, nothing was attempted in the way of dislodging the enemy. Our troops, notwithstanding, bore up under the trying ordeal without complaint, although at different times they saw their comrades fall by their side from the effects of wounds caused by the enemy's fire, and the hardship and exposure in consequence of constant duty in the trenches was trying in the extreme. While holding this position in this manner, there were, on March 3d, three men wounded, on March 4th, one man wounded, on March 6th two men wounded, on March 7th, one killed and two wounded, all enlisted men.

On March 13th, a provisional brigade, under Gen. Wheaton, moved against the insurgents from the south. The object of this movement was to determine the force of the insurgents in that direction, and to thrash them where found. In the movement it was the object to so swing the brigade, which was composed of the 1st Washington, 2d Oregon, 20th U. S. Inf. and the 22d U. S. Inf., as to entrap the insurgents at Guadalupe and, if possible, to capture them. It was certain that one of two things would happen. Either they would all go into the stronghold at Guadalupe Church, or flee farther to the south. The latter occurred. In the movement, as the brigade swung to the left, the insurgents were fleeing from Guadalupe Church, and were met by a part of the 4th Cav., which was also a part of the brigade, and there about the only resistance was met. The movement and capture of Guadalupe district, which was in part due to the Washington Regiment, met with very little resistance, there being a slight fire at the beginning. There were no losses. Upon the re-forming of the brigade in this swinging movement, the 1st Washington was given the charge of the pack-train, which they guarded the remainder of the day, and the next morning moved forward some distance beyond the firing line. This occurred from the fact that we were ordered to take position on the left of the firing line, but being unable to find it, proceeded until we came in contact with the insurgents, who at once made themselves felt. A part of the guard in front of the train was put into skirmish line and delivered a heavy fire. Across the river, in the town of Pateros, the Filipino sharpshooters were firing, killing one of our men, Van Vuskirk of Company E. Losing this man made us feel that the enemy on the other side must be driven out; consequently, two companies, L and G, were sent over the river in canoes, ten at a time. These men crossed the river under the direct fire of the insurgents, but, fortunately, received no injury in landing. As each squad landed on the other side they immediately attacked the insurgents, who were in entrenchments, until,

finally, both companies were there and drove back the insurgents, killing at least thirteen. Their movement across the river was covered by the fire of Companies C and E.

After the capture of Pateros, Companies C and E were sent there, the regimental commander placing Maj. Weisenburger in command of those across the river. Col. Wholley superintended this entire movement, but could not leave his command, which was supposed to guard the pack-train. Next morning, however, the Oregon Regiment relieved the Washingtons as guard of the train, and the remainder of the two battalions were sent across to Pateros, moving forward through the town under command of Col. Wholley. No resistance was met in the town, and when the open fields, at the other end of the town were met, the town of Taguig with its stone church could be seen, with the enemy making preparations for defense. A skirmish line was immediately formed, with Maj. Weisenburger's Battalion on the right and Maj. Canton on the left. The line was perfect, the men erect, expecting at any time to receive the fire from the insurgents. We made Taguig Church our central object, protecting, of course, our flanks, withdrawing the left slightly and making the right touch the stream which separated Pateros Island from the mainland. The line advanced beautifully across the open fields, and were met by woman and men with white flags, who came to protect the town and to cover the retreat of the insurgents. The line still advanced. Upon reaching the town of Taguig we found it almost empty. Across the little stream however which we now reached, and which separated the town of Taguig from the little island forming a portion of what is known as Pateros Island, could be seen a large number of insurgents with rifles in their hands. Our men waded the stream close around the bamboo thickets and captured the insurgents in them, who yielded without firing a shot. The total number captured was nearly five hundred. It was evidently the intention of the insurgents to offer resistance, for

their numbers must have been two to our one. However, the action of our men, who showed themselves so daring, caused them to change their intention.

Having passed through the bamboo thicket, the beautiful lake of Laguna de Bay could be seen. It was a beautiful, novel sight, besides being the object of the movement to the south, and the strategic point of the campaign. There, could be seen the native women, dressed in costumes of many colors, trying to escape with their children and household effects in little



Photo by J. Wilson.
INTERIOR OF PACO CHURCH

bancos which lined the shore. After clearing out the bamboo thicket thoroughly, the insurgents were lined up. They counted several hundred. The families who had been thus overtaken in there retreat remained to return to their homes, while the insurgents were sent to the city. Two battalions remained there.

This achievement on the part of the Washington Regiment has passed into history as one of the exploits of the war. It is especially notable in this, that the striking success was due to the method and manner of attack. Undoubtedly a

serious resistance was contemplated on the part of the insurgents, as it had been amply provided for, but the daring movement of a command so few in numbers, and moving, apparently, to their death, undoubtedly thwarted the insurgents' designs.

The following day orders were received for the Washington Regiment to proceed the next day to the town of Pasig, to relieve a battalion of the 20th Inf., which had captured the town the day before, leaving behind one company, G.

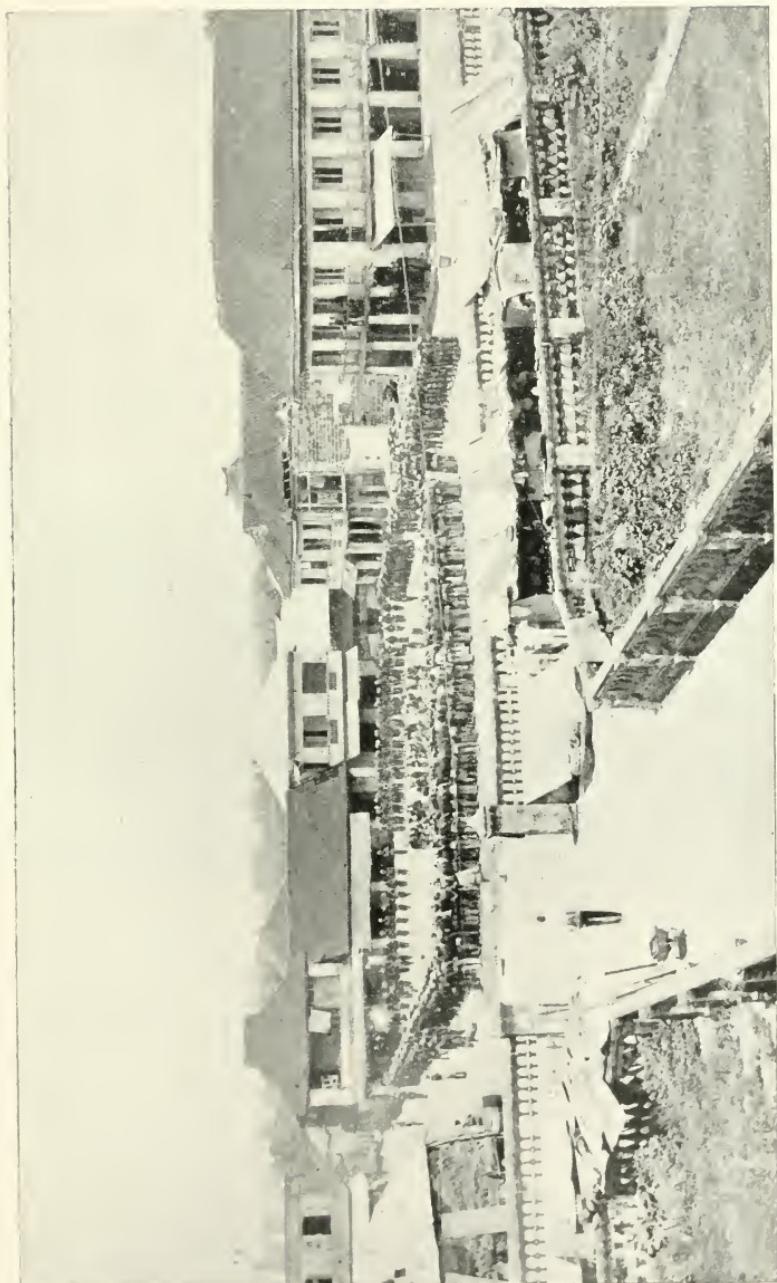
Our orders, upon occupying Pasig, were to keep the Pasig River open to the lake, a most important object. On the afternoon of March 18th, the insurgents, on what was known as the south line, made an attack in large numbers upon our small company at Taguig. Then a platoon of Company G, about thirty in number, was sent out against the insurgent forces, which numbered twenty to our one. Company H was ordered to the position at Taguig, leaving Guadalupe, which position it took on the morning of our advance. From that place, also, a platoon of Company B went over to Taguig to support. In the meantime, this number of thirty men had driven back the insurgents, who were thrown on a battalion of the 22d Inf. It was evident that the movement on the preceding days had not properly quieted the insurgents on that island, so that night Gen. Wheaton sent orders for a battalion of the Washington Regiment, to be commanded by Col. Wholley, to form a part of the brigade to the south, and to report at a position on the main line, opposite Pateros. A battalion, Companies C, D, K and M, under command of Col. Wholley, with Maj. Weisenburger in direct command of the battalion, crossed the river about midnight, reported to Gen. Wheaton and bivouacked. Breakfast was served at 4 o'clock A. M. for the command, and when the remainder of the brigade was about to move, Col. Wholley had been given orders to act as a sweeping force on the left flank of the wheeling movement, to use his own discretion, and to be independent of any other orders, only to sweep along the road which skirted the lake, Laguna de Bay, in such a manner as to flank the insurgents' line and, if possible, drive them in front of the remaining brigade. A skirmish line was immediately formed, and the entire Washington command moved out in single file, meeting Company H on its way to the road on the southwest shore of the lake. Company H joined the command, and the whole moved forward, very much in the shape of the letter "L," the smaller portion being left on the line, in order to connect the moving column with the line of brigade. Company K, in the first part of this movement, was sent in advance, and about three miles from our starting point discovered the enemy several hundred yards in their front. The enemy retreated and Company K took its place with the rest of the command to continue to move forward. At about four miles, a strongly entrenched hill alongside of the road was met and surprised. Of our command only that small portion that was on the line was at first met, but upon hearing the shots and judging that a force was in front, a portion of the regiment in column, immediately moved to the right flank and up a hill, driving at and to the front of the remainder of the brigade, a large body of insurgents. About four of our men were seriously wounded, though none fatally. The command then continued moving along, exchanging shots here and there, fighting our way, but not meeting any strong force of the insurgents, until a point about fifteen miles from our starting point was reached. Then we

halted, took a little coffee, and marched back to Pasig, arriving there in the evening. The distance covered was about thirty miles in an intense heat, every man on foot, including the Colonel. The result of this movement was to cover temporarily our front from the infesting force for a distance of fifteen to twenty miles, leaving us undisturbed for a period of several days. A large number of dead Filipinos were found in front of our line; a conservative estimate would give their number as sixty. The succeeding days were occupied in policing the town of Pasig, which was filthy, the houses containing a year's accumulation of rubbish. Outpost duties were kept up, although no immediate attack was expected. A number of houses were burned in the town, both by Chinamen and Filipino sympathizers. Two houses flying the French flag were saved.

The conditions under which we were occupying Pasig require some explanation. Col. Treumann of the North Dakotas was ordered to assist us at any time that we might call for him, and we were supposed to inform him in time of any attack; the gunboat *Laguna de Bay*, also, was anchored in the Pasig River at a point midway between the town of Pasig and the lake, with instructions to act in conjunction with our movements. It now became necessary to prevent the insurgents from throwing up breastworks and establishing themselves in our vicinity. We were a small garrison, probably four hundred strong, while they were as many thousand, a few miles to the northeast, with numerous avenues for approach. All these avenues were under cover of bamboo and palm, and even in daylight a number could conceal themselves in our vicinity without detection. Our little force was not half large enough, even if put on one day's duty, to form a continuous line around the town at a distance sufficient to prevent a surprise, so that the duty of guarding the town must be left to small detachments who were strange to the territory which they guarded, and proved their inability to properly protect us.

The importance of holding this position must be understood. There was a wedge-shaped portion of land, which consisted of Pateros Island and what was originally Pasig Island with the River Pasig flowing between. The troops stationed in the town would form a wedge between the insurgent forces known as the north and south lines. To prevent the uniting of the two insurgent forces these positions must be held.

At about 2.30 in the morning on Saturday, March 26th, it was reported to Col. Wholley, at headquarters, by Capt. Booker, officer of the day, that insurgents had been seen near his outside guard, and were throwing up entrenchments. Col. Wholley immediately dressed and proceeded with Capt. Booker towards the scene of the movement of the insurgents. Though the number of insurgents was reported to be small, two companies were ordered out immediately. The remaining companies were ordered to fall in and await instructions. These instructions were given by the commanding officer himself. To prevent having our movements known to the insurgents and so that we might properly surprise them and drive them away and prevent their getting a fast hold in our vicinity, instructions were given to Company A to proceed through the basement of its headquarters and take its position. While Company B was marching towards the bridge, the commanding officer halted it, giving instructions to wheel into line and gave instruc-



GEN. KING BIDDING FAREWELL TO THE WASHINGTON BOYS AT PASIG.

tions that it was necessary to act quietly, cautiously, not to smoke cigarettes or talk if it could be helped. Other instructions were given to Capt. Fortson to drive away the insurgents on the right road and prevent them from building entrenchments there. Similar instructions were given to Company A.

Capt. Fortson advanced beyond the bridge and there halted. Upon his halting, the commanding officer went to where he was standing at the head of his company and about five yards beyond the bridges. He then gave the Captain instructions, personally, to send out the necessary advance guard before proceeding, which detail was there made, and were personally instructed by the commanding officer to be cautious, even to the extent of advising Sergt. McKay to take off his white chevrons. The instructions seemed to be satisfactory when, having turned away, a volley was received from the insurgents, who had, unknown to us, eluded the permanent guard stationed several hundred yards in advance of this position. It must be stated in this connection that a camp fire had just been started immediately in our rear, blazing up and making the companies stand in outline, thus causing them to be very good targets for the insurgents. The commanding officer immediately saw the necessity of having this fire put out, and started in that direction, not having his orderly with him, and gave instructions to the cook personally, and also gave instructions to Companies M, C and I. After having started in the direction of the camp fire, several volleys were fired, with the result that he learned for the first time, while passing near the hospital in the Plaza, of the wounding of some men whom he learned, later, were Capt. Forston and Sergt. Courtney. It then became necessary to follow out the instructions of notifying the gunboats, and North Dakotas, that they might co-operate. For this purpose, the commanding officer proceeded to the telegraph office and there gave instructions to Lieut. Moss to signal the gunboat, and a telegram was sent to Col. Treumann. Further instructions were given to Col. Fife and Maj. Canton regarding their duties as battalion commanders and to Lieut. Gormley as to the position to be taken by Company B. At daylight the battalion was ordered to proceed in rear of the insurgents and to cross the stream near the San Mateo River, there to sweep the insurgents back to their position near Cainta. Just previous to this order it was evident that fire was coming from two buildings flying a French flag in the stream opposite our position. Private Harlan, under instructions from the commanding officer, crossed the stream and entered the building, and reported that a number of insurgents were surrounding the house, and requested volunteers, to which seven men answered, five from Company B and two from Company A. Among these volunteers was Sergt. Courtney, who had been previously wounded. While passing through this building and jumping over the stone inclosure, these eight men, the seven volunteers and Private Harlan, jumped into a body of between thirty and forty insurgents, and immediately opened fire upon them and drove them from their position. In this encounter Sergt. Courtney was again wounded, from the effects of which he died. The insurgents came pouring out from around the building, but in order to protect the few men that we had in the building no firing was done on our side of the stream. Maj. Canton's command, assisted by Company K, drove the insurgents back to a safe distance and returned, reporting the result. A telegram

was immediately sent to brigade headquarters, with the information of the attack and the persons wounded. An aide to Gen. Lawton then sent a telegram to his commander that the situation was well in hand.

Very close scrutiny has been given this affair by military authorities, owing to the deplorable death of Capt. Fortson, and it is the consensus of opinion that the American occupation was not only well planned but the position judiciously and bravely defended. Capt. Fortson's death was most lamentable, but in war and battle the brave are apt to fall. Capt. Fortson was absolutely without fear, and all his acts carried with them evidence of knowledge of his responsibilities. He was, in other words, not brave through emotion, but through a noble purpose which counted its cost before he proceeded to act. This was his character in civil as well as military life. He never faltered in his assaults upon wrong, let his effort cost him what it might. Being above the influence of selfishness he seemed to merge his personality into his conception of duty. These traits of character he carried into his military life. The welfare of his comrades, his company, his

*Photo by Jackson.*

VIEW OF BURNED DISTRICT IN PASAI AND BRIDGE WHERE CAPT. FORTSON WAS MORTALLY WOUNDED.

associates, was, with him, a constant care, and all loved him for his noble qualities. His fine physique, clear mind and his fearless conduct made him at once a towering figure among men. He was at once recognized for his genuine worth; Gen. King never tired of sounding his praises, and the recollection of his virtues will abide with all who knew him through all the dim vista of the coming years. He died the next day after receiving the mortal wound, and his body still lies buried at Manila. Peace to his ashes. There was another death which preceded this which should be noticed—Chaplain Thompson died on February 20th. He was feeble from the start, and indeed there is scarcely another circumstanced as he was, who would have made the attempt to discharge the duties of Chaplain in the trying campaign in the Philippines, but Chaplain Thompson seemed to know no restraint and always felt that he was doing his Master's will. In this he was always diligent and persevering. His life was a continual daily sacrifice for the good of those about him and thus he continued till in the good service the body failed, and he passed from among us.

Early in the month of April, 1899, the authorities determined to send an expedition into the heart of the enemy's country, both for the purpose of demonstrating to the Filipinos the folly of further resistance, and to assure them of the good intentions of the United States authorities toward the Filipinos. With this in view, a provisional brigade was organized, which, together with the fleet of tin-clad army gunboats, constituted the expeditionary force. Of the 1st Washington Regiment, U. S. V., a selected company of the best shots in the regiment was organized, to form a part of a sharpshooter battalion, of which Maj. Weisenburger of the 1st Washington was to take command.

SANTA CRUZ EXPEDITION UNDER COMMAND OF MAJ. WEISENBURGER.

On the 7th day of April, Maj. Weisenburger was temporarily relieved of his command at Taguig and ordered to take the command of a battalion of sharpshooters for a special expedition on the *Laguna de Bay*. This battalion of sharpshooters was composed of four companies, made up from men selected from the companies of the 1st Washington, the 14th U. S. Inf., the 4th U. S. Cav., the 1st North Dakota and the 1st Idaho Volunteers. The Washington company of sharpshooters was the only one that was organized as a complete company. There were two officers accompanying that provisional company. First Lieut. E. E. Southern of Company H was placed in command of the Washington company, with Lieut. R. T. Hazzard, second. This company was rationed and equipped as a company. Each of the other three sharpshooter companies were only such for the purpose of their field operations, and the men composing them were sent back to their individual commands for the purpose of rations and equipments during the expedition. The expedition, in addition to the battalion of sharpshooters, was composed of two battalions of the 14th U. S. Inf., one battalion of the North Dakota Volunteer Inf., one battalion of the Idaho Inf., and one squadron of the 4th U. S. Cav. and a mountain battery of artillery, together with the fleet of tin-clad gunboats, consisting of the *Laguna de Bay*, *Oeste* and *Napidan*. The land forces were in the immediate command of Brigadier-General Charles King, and the gunboats in command of Maj. Grant of the Utah Battery, and the whole expedition was under the command of Major-General Lawton.

The expedition assembled at San Pedro Macati, and embarked on cascoes and were towed up the Pasig River to the lake, on the 8th day of April, 1899. It took all night to get the troops eight miles up that river. The tugboats that were to tow the cascoes were manned by Filipino crews, and they appeared to experience a great deal of difficulty in keeping to the channel of the river, and every one of the tugboats and cascoes were aground from one to half a dozen times in going that eight miles, and very often the men would have to get off into the water and lift the cascoes and tugs bodily off the sand bars. The consequence was that we did not reach the lake until daylight, on April 9th. After getting into the lake the expedition steamed across to a distance of a little over twenty-five miles, directly towards Santa Cruz as the objective point. The town of Santa Cruz is located on the east shore of Laguna de Bay, and contains about 13,000 inhabitants, being the most important town on the lake, and one of the most important interior towns in the Philippine Islands.

The troops were landed on the southwestern side of the city, between three and a half and four miles therefrom. The first troops to land were the sharpshooter battalion. The cascoes were towed as close in shore as the tugs could safely go without grounding, when they were manned by men with poles and pushed toward the shore until shallow water was reached. When they were within about one hundred and twenty-five yards of the shore the men disembarked from the cascoes into the water, it being a little more than waist deep, and waded ashore. There was no resistance made to the landing. The sharpshooters were at once thrown out in skirmish line and covered the landing of the other troops. While the landing was being effected, Maj. Weisenburger was relieved from the command of the sharpshooters in order to take command of the brigade, as Gen. King was taken seriously ill, and could not proceed further with the expedition. All the sharpshooters, with the exception of the companies of the 1st Washington, were then ordered back to their respective commands, with orders to hold themselves in readiness to report for sharpshooter duty at any moment, day or night, when their services might be called upon for that purpose. The Washington sharpshooters were then placed in the center of the line. Gen. Lawton sent his aide and ordered Maj. Weisenburger to have the line formed and to commence the attack upon the town immediately. That order came a little after 5 o'clock in the evening of April 9th. The line was formed with the 1st Washington company of sharpshooters in the center, one battalion of the 14th Inf. immediately to the right of this, the Idaho to the right of this battalion of the 14th, making the Idahos the extreme right of the line, one battalion of the 14th Inf. to the left of the Washington sharpshooters, and the North Dakota Battalion to the left of these two battalions of the 14th; the squadron of the U. S. Cav. was sent to effect a landing and take the town almost directly in front of the city, so the attack was really being made from two sides, from the bay and from the southern side of the city, the main attack being in the nature of a left-turn movement. The idea was to have the left of the line rest upon the lake, the right sweeping around and enveloping the city, with the 4th Cav. coming on the eastern side, closing the enemy in from the two sides and cutting off his retreat. The turning movement had been about three-fourths completed, when the Idaho Battalion met with a sharp fire from the insurgents, who were concealed in a thick clump of bamboo and a temporary trench which they had hastily thrown up. They had a very sharp skirmish there but drove the enemy from this position in from fifteen to twenty minutes, when the whole line again advanced and, after going about three hundred yards further, so that the line was at right angles with the lake shore, met with a fire along almost the entire front, the insurgents being posted in small parties. There did not appear to be any heavy force to resist, but still there was a fire directly along the entire line. The heaviest fire was in front of the Washington sharpshooters and the battalions of the 14th Inf. to their right. They had to advance against a pretty hot fire and, after a short struggle, carried the line of entrenchments which the insurgents had erected in a grove of cocoanut palms. The insurgents, being concealed not only in the trenches but behind the large palm trees, were firing on us from the front and from the trees. They were soon driven out and the line continuing until night, bivouacked on a road that

ran perpendicularly to the lake shore. The command drew out pickets and also flanking parties to prevent a surprise at night. There was a considerable exchange of shots between our pickets and those of the enemy during the entire night.

The advance was resumed under Gen. Lawton's orders at daylight on the morning of April 10th, and the line advanced with but slight resistance until it reached Santa Cruz River, which is a swift stream with banks about twenty feet high above the river bed. The right battalion of the 14th Inf., the Idaho Battalion, and a portion of the Washington sharpshooters forded the stream in the face of quite a heavy fire which the insurgents delivered from the opposite bank of the river. The remainder of the command crossed the river on a bridge across which the insurgents had built strong breastworks from behind. They were delivering a heavy fire, but were driven from their position. A few of the men of the Washington sharpshooters and the 14th Inf. struck across the bridge and over the breastworks in the face of the fire and drove the insurgents from the breastworks and advanced on the town.*

The whole force swept through the town, driving the insurgents out of it and across an open country on the north side of the town, where they were exposed to a fire from the Gatling and rapid-fire guns on the gunboats. In going across this open field the gunboats and the fire from the rear killed nearly one hundred men of the insurgent army. The right of the firing line swung around to the north side of the town, passing about a mile beyond, driving the insurgents, following them as long as they were in sight, and then resting for the day. The town was carried about 8:30 o'clock in the morning. It is not known exactly how many of the insurgents were buried, but those who were buried had been killed on the streets of the town and in the immediate vicinity, within a quarter of a mile of the town. There were many dead that were not buried, in other portions of the field.

The expedition rested in the town of Santa Cruz the remainder of that day and that night. Our loss was very light, only one man killed in this advance and three or four slightly wounded and one or two seriously. At daylight the following morning, April 11th, the expedition started on the road to attack the town of Pagsanjan. At this place the insurgents had a number of steam launches which were used in the service of the insurgent army, and which it was one of the objects of the expedition to capture. The insurgents had run them into the Pagsanjan River when they heard of the expedition, and had them concealed, as they supposed. As we advanced on the road towards Pagsanjan the Washington sharpshooters uncovered a body of the insurgents on the opposite side of a small lake, behind trenches and in bamboo thickets, who opened quite a rapid fire upon the sharpshooters as they advanced in skirmish line. The remainder of the command was immediately deployed in line in practically the same formation as in the advance upon Santa Cruz. Shortly after the insurgents opened fire, Lieut. Southern

*While the main line advanced from the southwest, four troops of the 4th U. S. Cav., under Capt. Gale, advanced against the city from the lake side. They were met with a sharp fire, but notwithstanding this, continued to press forward, driving the enemy before them, and they were the first American troops to enter the town.



CAPT. GEORGE FORTSON, MORTALLY WOUNDED AT PASIG, MARCH 26th.

of the sharpshooters was wounded and compelled to go to the rear. He was sent to the hospital that night and took no further part in the expedition. As soon as the line was formed the order for a general advance was given and the whole line went forward practically as one man and carried the insurgent position. The insurgents broke and ran and we had no further resistance that day. We entered the town of Pagsanjan and found the six steam launches, took possession of them and found nearly all of them in good condition, with the exception of one or two which had parts of the machinery removed, with the idea of disabling them so that we could not take them away. This machinery however, was afterwards found concealed in one of the buildings, and the launches were sent to Manila under their own steam.

The Pagsanjan River had some obstructions placed in its mouth, with the idea of preventing either the ingress into the river of our gunboats or the egress of the insurgent launches. Maj. Weisenburger was directed by Gen. Lawton to take a battalion of the 14th Inf. and the company of Washington sharpshooters down to the mouth of the Pagsanjan River to assist the gunboats in removing these obstructions. These troops moved on down the river until they reached the town of Lumbang. Here the insurgents were posted in a heavy stone church. They opened fire upon our men, and it was necessary to dislodge them before it would be safe to proceed further. It was impossible to tell how strong a force of the enemy was in this church, as they were apparently posted throughout the entire church building, and also behind the stone walls surrounding the church. We replied to the fire, directing the men to keep the windows of the church well covered, and also to fire along the upper edge of the walls, so that every time a man's head showed up he would be greeted by one of Uncle Sam's missiles. The insurgents were dislodged from this church after a fight of about two hours. No one was injured on the American side, while several of the insurgents were known to be killed. The troops then proceeded down to the mouth of the river, and, in conjunction with the gunboats, went to work to remove the obstructions. These obstructions were very ingeniously built. They consisted of bamboo wicker-work stretched across the mouth of the river, built in eight different sections. Each section consisted of two rows of bamboo sticks or poles driven into the mud in the bottom of the river, extending clear across the mouth of the river. These rows of poles or sticks were about eighteen inches apart, and the poles were between three and four feet apart across the river, and were interwoven with strips of bamboo, made into a kind of mat, tied to the poles, and between these mats there were stones, sand and wood, making it an almost impregnable mat. There were eight rows of such obstructions across the mouth of the river, making it quite a difficult piece of work to remove them. It took two or three days to get the obstructions out of the river, so that the launches could pass out into the lake.

The battalion of the 14th U. S. Inf. was left to remove these obstructions and Maj. Weisenburger was ordered to go back with the sharpshooters and take command of the expedition and to continue the advance further up the lake. The second night the command was encamped on the river bank between Pagsanjan and Lumbang. At daylight the next day we started the advance on the town of

Longos. This was on the opposite side of the river from where we were, and the insurgents had destroyed the ferry, and had taken all of the canoes out of the country, so that it was necessary to build a ferry to get the troops across the river, being about 150 yards in width, and between twenty and twenty-five feet deep in places, but, on account of the sluggish current, having a good many shoals which made it difficult of navigation. We succeeded in getting a ferry improvised of sufficient strength to carry the artillery, and the bull-carts which we used for transportation purposes. After working about three hours, we had ferried the entire command across the river, and advanced on the town of Longos which was taken without any resistance, the insurgents yielding without firing a shot, and keeping out of our way so that we had no occasion to fire a shot in the capture of that town. After taking this town, the battalion of North Dakotas, under Maj. Fraine, was ordered to make a reconnaissance in the direction of the towns of Longos and Paete. He met no resistance at Longos but was told by a notice that between that and the next town the insurgents were posted in strong positions and he would have resistance. He took the necessary precautions to prevent an ambush and advanced on the road towards Paete. The road skirts just along the bank of the lake a distance of about seventy-five yards from the water. On the left of the road, as he advanced, there were rice fields and cocoanut palm groves very heavily timbered, but a level country between the road and the lake. On the right-hand side of the road was a steep mountain, very heavily timbered with tropical trees of all descriptions. There were cocoanut palms, mango trees, mahogany trees, and a heavy undergrowth of vines and plants, and everywhere stone walls and big heaps of stone, making it exceedingly difficult to send scouts any distance from this road upon the mountain side, which made the advance necessarily very slow. After leaving the town of Longos, they advanced about a mile, and the insurgents opened fire upon the column from the right-hand side of the road, from the mountain side. The party of flankers, composed of five men which was upon the mountain side, had four of the men hit at the first volley, three of these being killed and one seriously wounded, who died a few days later. The remaining man of this squad of five stood by the bodies of his dead comrades, and killed six or seven Filipinos, who were rushing up to secure the arms and ammunition of the dead men, and probably to mutilate the bodies of the soldiers, according to the Filipino custom, when our wounded fell into their hands. That man stood there and defended the bodies of these men against we don't know how many, but there were five or six of them, and he stood there until assistance was sent to him, saving all the arms and ammunition, and saving his wounded companions who were not dead and the body of his comrade. We have not been able to learn the name of that man, but consider it one of the



THE FILIPINO MASCOT.

most heroic things seen in the Philippine Islands. The insurgent position was an exceedingly strong one. They had very heavy breastworks and troops across the road, and upon the mountain side flanking the road upon both sides, which were entirely concealed from view by a heavy undergrowth. There was nothing to indicate their presence until we were right on them. Immediately after fire was opened, Maj. Weisenburger ordered the company of Washington sharpshooters and a battalion of the 14th Inf. and the battery to go at once to the support of the North Dakota Battalion, as the fire was so heavy that it indicated that they were meeting with strong resistance. The battery was ordered to proceed up the road, supported by one company of the 14th Inf., and it opened fire with shrapnel upon the insurgent position as soon as the position was ascertained and they were in a position to make their fire effective. The balance of the 14th Inf. was ordered to remain within supporting distance of the sharpshooters, who were ordered to go to the left of the road, advance through the underbrush and flank the insurgent trench from the left. Two companies of the North Dakota Inf. were ordered to go directly up the mountain side and envelop the insurgent trench on the right and the remainder deployed across the road extending beyond both sides. When all the troops were in a position, the advance was made with the usual energy and in a very few minutes the insurgent bugle sounded the retreat. The position was carried, their trenches were taken from them and our line advanced, notwithstanding the difficulties of the country, and swept into and through the town, where we stayed in the church that night. Our loss in this advance was five killed and three wounded, all in the North Dakota with the exception of one man, the 1st Sergeant of the Washington company of sharpshooters, who was wounded slightly, the ball passing through the calf of the leg. He was disabled for a few days only. We held our position at Paete for two or three days under orders from headquarters, and then were returned to San Pedro Macati, where the expedition was dispersed and the troops ordered back to their various commands.

The original purpose of this expedition was to sweep the lake shore over as far as Paete, then return to Santa Cruz and sweep around the south end of the lake and get into the rear of the southern Filipino army, and then to crush it between our two forces on the south side of Manila, but some emergency arose and the commanding General deemed it necessary that, in order to insure the safety of Manila, this expedition should be recalled, and it was recalled before carrying out all the details of the expedition as originally intended. The 4th Cav. was left at Santa Cruz as Provost Guard until the expedition was recalled and did not participate in the advance beyond Santa Cruz. The expedition reached San Pedro Macati on the 18th of April and the troops were sent back to their various positions.

The expedition captured Santa Cruz, Pagsanjan, Lumbang, Longos and Paete; inflicted heavy losses on the insurgents, killing and wounding many hundreds of them, capturing and destroying many arms and much ammunition, capturing six steam launches of the value of about \$200,000.

TAGUIG.

To the southwest of Taguig there was a large force of insurgents, who kept a permanent guard at a point which we called, for convenience sake, "Umbrella Tree." This force varied at times all the way from a few hundred to as many thousand. It seemed to keep up connection with the town of Paranaque. From the reports of escaped Spanish prisoners, and Filipinos who were acquainted with the country, and who were, apparently, friendly to us, they were a fine body of well-drilled men, being about 2000, perfectly armed.

The town of Taguig is on Pateros Island, which has a circumference of about seven miles. Near Taguig were other towns, of which Pateros was one, and even larger than the town of Taguig itself. The town of La Paz was also near at hand, and other towns in which were many insurgent soldiers. The gunboat in the Pasig River kept the insurgents free from its side, and also the lake side of the island, consequently, the base of operations of the troops on the south, to connect with those on the north, would be along the best land connection. In the town of Taguig

there was a large, well-built stone church, with a residence for the priest as a part. Other than this church, there was no form of protection sufficient to resist rifle shots. The other buildings were nipa huts. The population of the town of Taguig was probably about 3000. Pateros was about 20,000, and La Paz about 10,000. Pateros was a large town, having a number of fine buildings, with its usual stone church. Its principal industry was the raising of ducks. Pateros means duck-town.

To understand the facility with which a force could attack Taguig, it must be borne in mind that a narrow stream separated the island of Pateros from the mainland on the south, and skirting the other side of the river, some distance along the river itself and up the lake, were bamboo thickets, on the other side of which was a little country between the position occupied by a battalion of the Washington Regiment, on what is known as Guadalupe Ridge, and the position of the insurgents. On the ridge, where was found the umbrella tree before mentioned, the insurgents could come down through the paths under cover of the bamboo, and take position where they could fire into Taguig. To prevent them from accomplishing this, whenever a force was seen to leave the position to the southwest, a small force of our own was sent across on a little bamboo foot-bridge to the other side, so as to get beyond the



THE BATTLE-FIELD IN THE JUNGLE.

bamboo, if possible, in order to meet the insurgents as they should come along the open space. It seemed to be the intense desire of the insurgents to capture this town. Constant attempts were made, and each time a stronger and better-drilled force was sent than before. Frequently, they would come down in small bodies, varying from thirty to one hundred, so as to dig entrenchments within 4000 or 5000 yards. Each time a small force, very often being about two squads, fifteen men, would be sent against them, invariably driving them away and wounding many. The force at Pasig, however, we finally subdued by a system of worry and tactics, capturing their outpost and continually making attacks on them, until they seemed satisfied to be left alone.

It must be borne in mind that not all the skirmishes with the insurgents produced casualties on our side, though invariably considerable harm was done to the insurgents. The skirmishes producing the most casualties were on the following dates: April 9th, 16th, 20th, 27th, May 19th, June 5th and June 12th.

The principal attack, and the one in which the most casualties occurred on our side was that of April 27th, and occurred as follows:

April 18th, Col. Wholley, under instructions from Gen. Lawton, took command of King's Brigade. The brigade at that time consisted of the Washington Regiment, a battalion of the 12th U. S. Inf., and a battalion of the California Regiment. It was evident that the line was too thin to offer much resistance, and it was much to the surprise of all that an attack was not successfully made on some point on the line. However, another battalion of the 12th was sent to Guadalupe bridge, relieving the Washington Regiment there, which took its place at different positions, strengthening both Taguig and Pasig. Later, a battalion of the 19th U. S. Inf. was stationed at Pateros, thus making the line double its former strength. All of this had been done at the request of the brigade commander. While Col. Wholley was in command of the brigade, the regiment devolved upon Lieutenant-Colonel Fife.

Under the direction of the brigade commander, Maj. Weisenburger held Taguig, with instructions to co-operate with Col. Baldwin, commanding a battalion of the 9th U. S. Inf. at Pateros, and also with instructions to so indicate the different movements of the enemy that the brigade commander might bring a force to entrap, if possible, any insurgents that might come against him. The distance, however, separating the different commands, was so great that concerted movements could never be successfully carried out. Although the enemy was always driven back they were never surrounded as we hoped.

On the 20th day of April, the insurgents made an advance on Taguig, evidently for the purpose of ascertaining the strength of the garrison. There were but two companies at this point on that particular day, Companies D and H. About 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon a heavy body of insurgents was seen to be advancing from the south. The remaining insurgent line was between two and a half and three miles in front of Taguig, and there had been skirmishes between our scouts and the insurgents every day for a week. A part of the command was over at Pasig drawing clothing, so that it was considerably depleted at this particular time. The insurgents came down in skirmish formation from the hillside, advancing under the cover of bamboo until they struck our outpost line, which

was the first intimation we had of their advance. The men of the two companies which were left were immediately ordered out to meet the insurgent attack. The enemy continued the advance until they were within about five hundred yards of our line, when they opened fire. They never advanced in better order than they did upon this occasion. Their skirmish line was perfect. They would advance a short distance, kneel and fire and then advance again in as good order as the best-trained troops could have done under any circumstances. They also fired lower than is the usual custom of insurgent soldiers. The two companies met the insurgents very determinedly and, after a fight of about an hour, drove them back. We counted fifteen insurgents killed, which we left on the field, captured a number of others, and one or two of their wounded fell into our hands. We had three men wounded, all of Company D.

This seems to have been simply a reconnoitering expedition on the part of the insurgents. They had been trying, evidently, for some days to form a junction between the north and south wings of their army, which was stationed at Taytay. It remained comparatively quiet at Taguig after this fight for three or four days, with the exception of the exchange of shots every day between our outposts and the insurgent outposts, but it was noticed that the insurgents were increasing in strength every day in our front. They were gathering in heavy force, so that there must have been from 1500 to 2000 in our front by the 27th day of April. Early on the morning of the 27th of April, a sentry in the church tower reported that there was a considerable movement going on in the insurgent force on our front, and apparently they were preparing to advance on our position.



CHARGING IN A BAMBOO THICKET.

The post had been reinforced in the meantime by Companies F, G and L. The whole force was ordered out to take position to meet the advance of the insurgents. The plan of the insurgents evidently was to strike the portion of the command at Pateros and effect a crossing there while they were attracting our attention by an attack in our front. The disposition which they made of their troops showed that to be the case. They were advancing in three lines, one immediately in front of Taguig, one between Taguig and Pateros, and one directly on Pateros, and they were so disposed that it evidently was the intention to break across the line at Pateros. About 9 o'clock in the morning they opened fire. Company F was on the extreme left on the lake shore; Company H was in the center; Company D was on the right of the first line, and Companies G and L were sent over to the extreme right, which checked the advance of the column that was going toward Pateros. The insurgents opened one of the heaviest fires that had been encountered in any of the fights or skirmishes engaged in by any part of the regiment. They were posted behind stone walls in the ruins of a church, and behind heavy breastworks, in which they were almost absolutely protected from our fire, and

they poured volley after volley on our line. The only thing that we could do was to flank them and, as they (the insurgents) had such a force that their line overlapped us, this was a very dangerous thing to undertake, but still it was our only hope. We had asked for artillery, but it was deemed that other portions of the line needed it more than we.

Maj. Weisenburger ordered a charge upon the insurgents' position, and the line advanced with a hurrah and a rush, and carried the position, after a very sharp conflict, the insurgents, however, resisting every inch of the way. After breaking their line, we continued the advance and crowded them back for about three miles, the fight lasting until a little after 1 o'clock in the afternoon. This undoubtedly was one of the most hotly contested skirmishes that has taken place in the Philippines. There were five killed on our side in this fight and eighteen wounded. The two companies on the right, Companies G and L, had a hard fight, but the left of the insurgent line broke away to relieve the tension in front of Companies L and G, who were being very hard pressed, but still held their ground without yielding an inch, and were, in fact, driving the insurgents when the line on the left gave way, and the entire insurgent expedition was abandoned, all retreating, and making no further attempt to advance on our position. There was not a day, however, from about the 5th of April until the 10th day of June that the troops there were not under fire. Every day there was more or less skirmishing.

On the 19th of May a party of scouts, under Lieut. Lamping of Company D and Sergt. Hill of Company H, were sent out on a scouting expedition, as the insurgents were showing considerable activity, and it was necessary to ascertain what they were doing. The scouts were hardly outside the lines when they were fired upon by parties of insurgents. It appears that a strong body of the insurgents had come down to within 600 or 700 yards of our outposts, and had built a trench during the night behind which they were posted. Lieut. Lamping and Sergt. Hill so successfully handled the few men they had under them, only seventeen or eighteen, that they flanked the insurgent position before they knew just where we were, and opened fire on them and killed fifteen, driving the insurgents back, although there was more than five to one against us, without the loss of a man.

MORONG.

After Gen. Lawton had made his first strong movement to the north, capturing San Isidro and other places, he turned his attention to the Morong Peninsula, laying plans to have Gen. Hall command one brigade and Col. Wholley the other. The plan was for Col. Wholley to move against Cainta and Taytay, capture them, leave a force there, withdraw the Washington Regiment, returning with it through Pasig, ship on cascoes, and proceed around the lake to the town of Morong, capture the town of Morong, and there stop. Gen. Hall would proceed through the town of San Mateo, up through the ridge which was behind the peninsula of Morong, there to intercept any force that might flee over the peninsula. This having been accomplished, the whole command was to move down the peninsula and bottle them up.

Morong Peninsula is a point of land projecting into the Laguna de Bay, causing the lake to have a crescent shape. Cainta and Taytay were on the west junction of the peninsula to the main land, and Morong on the eastward junction, with Antipolo and Teresa on the road connecting these main points. Cainta is two and a half miles from Pasig.

At the hour set, 1 o'clock p. m., June 4th, the brigade under Col. Wholley, moved out from Pasig, along the Mariquina Road, and turned off on the Cainta Road and about one and a half miles from Cainta formed a skirmish line. The line ran north until it touched the base of the foothills, which formed the background of the towns of Cainta and Taytay. The brigade swept along into and through the town of Cainta to Taytay, having only had a slight skirmish on the left of the line. A strong force was at Taytay, but the instructions were to capture Cainta only. The 12th Inf., North Dakotas and Scott's Battery were left at this place in command of Col. Treumann, while Col. Wholley took the Washington Regiment back through Pasig, placed them on cascoes during the night, and at early morning, June 5th, proceeded up the lake for the purpose of capturing Morong. The water was very shallow in the vicinity of Morong, so the cascoes stopped some distance out in the water, where the command disembarked into the water and waded to the shore. At first very little life was seen in the town, but finally, white figures could be seen darting here and there, taking their positions in the trenches. While considering the plan of attack, a volley of fire came over our heads. The whole command seemed to take in the situation. One Captain formed his company into a skirmish line and the others followed under the direction of the brigade commander until the whole command was changed into a straight line of skirmish, which moved across the plain between the shore and the town of Morong, exposed to the fire of the insurgents in the town, the hills beyond and the hills on the left flank. The fire was persistent and it was evident that we were moving against as strong a force as our own. The command moved speedily over the plain a distance of 1500 yards. Nearing the town it was necessary to attack the left flank and to drive a large force down from the mountain and entrenchments, which was done by a strong effort on the part of Capt. Smith and his men. The

enemy in the church tower at Morong stayed there until the last minute, when the bell commenced ringing from the effects of the shots of our men upon it.

The town was finally occupied and found empty, the insurgents moving principally along the road toward Antipolo, where they left a number of outposts. The next day, in order to clear the road in the direction of Antipolo from insurgents



A RECONNOITERING PARTY.

it became necessary to send out a scouting party. They soon found the enemy, for one of our men, a member of Company D, was shot in the head while ascending the road in the rear of the town. Then a strong force of thirty men, under Lieut. Moss, was sent out, but met with no resistance. Having received instructions to remain on the cross roads, at the point where the road from the peninsula met the Antipolo Road, they remained there until Gen. Hall came up with his column, about noon, June 6th, in obedience to previous instructions.

After leaving San Mateo, Gen. Hall met obstacles he did not expect, consequently he was twenty-four hours longer than planned in reaching Morong. The insurgents had, in the meantime, scattered and escaped through the lines to cover, so that on arriving at Morong, the necessity for the detention of the Washingtons existed no longer. They left that same day, June 6th, and returned to Pasig.

The rainy season now commenced, and further military operations in the Philippines were practically suspended, and, with the exception of the expedition to Calamba, the Washington Regiment remained doing garrison duty until their embarkation for home.

THE CALAMBA EXPEDITION.

This expedition started from San Pedro Macati, Pasig, Pateros, Taguig and Morong on July 26th, under command of Maj. Weisenburger, and was composed of the following organizations:

A provisional battalion of the Washington Regiment, composed of the available men in the regiment, organized into four companies, under Captains Otis, Steinman, Sturges and Gromley; a battalion of the 21st Inf., and three troops of the 4th Cav., under Capt. McGrath. They were loaded on cascoes and towed across the lake by four steam launches, convoyed by two of the tin-clad river gunboats, the *Napidan* and the *Oeste*. The destination of the expedition was kept secret, and but few of the officers, even, knew where it was intended to disembark, the general impression being that it was to move to retake Santa Cruz, which was taken and abandoned in April. Gen. Hall was in immediate command of the expedition, though Gen. Lawton accompanied it as far as Calamba in his launch. When the fleet was collected and well out in the Laguna de Bay, orders were given to steam to Calamba. There the troops were disembarked on two sides of the city simultaneously, and waded ashore in mud and water from knee to shoulder deep, while the gunboats shelled the town from in front.

As the cascoes approached the shore the insurgent garrison in the town opened fire, which was replied to by a few selected men on the cascoes. During the advance on the town the fire continued, being particularly severe on that part of the line covered by the 21st Inf. and the 4th Cav., killing five and wounding nine men. One man was wounded in the Washington Battalion, Private Fred M. Ballew, Company H, who was shot through the shoulder and hand.

Notwithstanding the resistance, the advancing troops pushed into the town across the rice swamps, as the insurgent garrison made an undignified and confused retreat into the hills beyond, with almost the entire population of the town preceding them. When the advancing line entered the town it found there some eighty Chinamen, who thought it safer to remain, a few natives, and about thirty Spanish prisoners, including seven officers.

In their hasty retreat the insurgents had attempted to drive the Spanish prisoners before them, but in the confusion of the hasty withdrawal, this number escaped them, though forty or more were taken away. Those who remained were delighted with their new-found freedom, and cheered the advance of the Americans with cries of "Viva los Americanos."

From these prisoners it was learned that the insurgent garrison at that place had been a small one, consisting of but a single company of 150 men; that the attack was a complete surprise, there being no knowledge of it until the Americans had begun to land, when it was too late to form for any organized resistance. There had been a rumor about town that the place was to be attacked on the following Sunday, and steps had been taken to reinforce the garrison, but the attack came four days too early for their expectations. This instance proves how difficult it has been to keep secret the plans of the military authorities here. Although so little was known in our own forces that even after embarkation, our own line officers did not know where they were bound, the insurgent forces at the place to be attacked knew that the movement was being planned and were ignorant only of the date.

For some time there was no embargo placed on carrying supplies of provisions through the American lines, and a great deal of traffic in rice, tobacco, etc., was carried on up the Pasig River past our outposts. For several weeks before this expedition, a launch owned by Filipinos had been plying regularly between Manila and Calamba carrying food, and when the expedition was sighted at Calamba, it was thought to be only another cargo of rice and boats put off from shore to meet it and bring in the cargo. One boat even ran quite a way out into the lake before it discovered the mistake and raised the white flag.

After occupying the town, a line of outposts was put out and the streets patrolled until the next day, when Capt. Steinman was appointed Provost Marshal, with a detail of seventy men to do the interior police work of the town.

The outposts were not disturbed during the first night, and on the morning of July 27th Capt. Sturges was sent out with his company to make a reconnaissance of the country and develop the position of the enemy. About a mile southwest of the town he developed the enemy in some force under cover of the heavy brush, and drove them out, after a smart skirmish, during which Capt. Otis' company and Maj. Weisenburger went out to reinforce him, and the two other Washington companies, under Capt. Steinman, were sent to the south of the town to continue the reconnaissance in that direction. These companies returned about noon, but had no sooner eaten their dinner than the insurgents, who had followed them back to town, opened up on the outposts. The command was turned out again and



BEHIND THE TRENCHES.

the enemy driven back in a hot engagement by the Washington Battalion and the cavalry squadron, in which our troops, by a skilful flank maneuver, beat back the insurgents from their cover with a severe loss in killed and wounded. About two hundred insurgents were engaged in these skirmishes. Our loss was two men wounded in the 4th Cav.

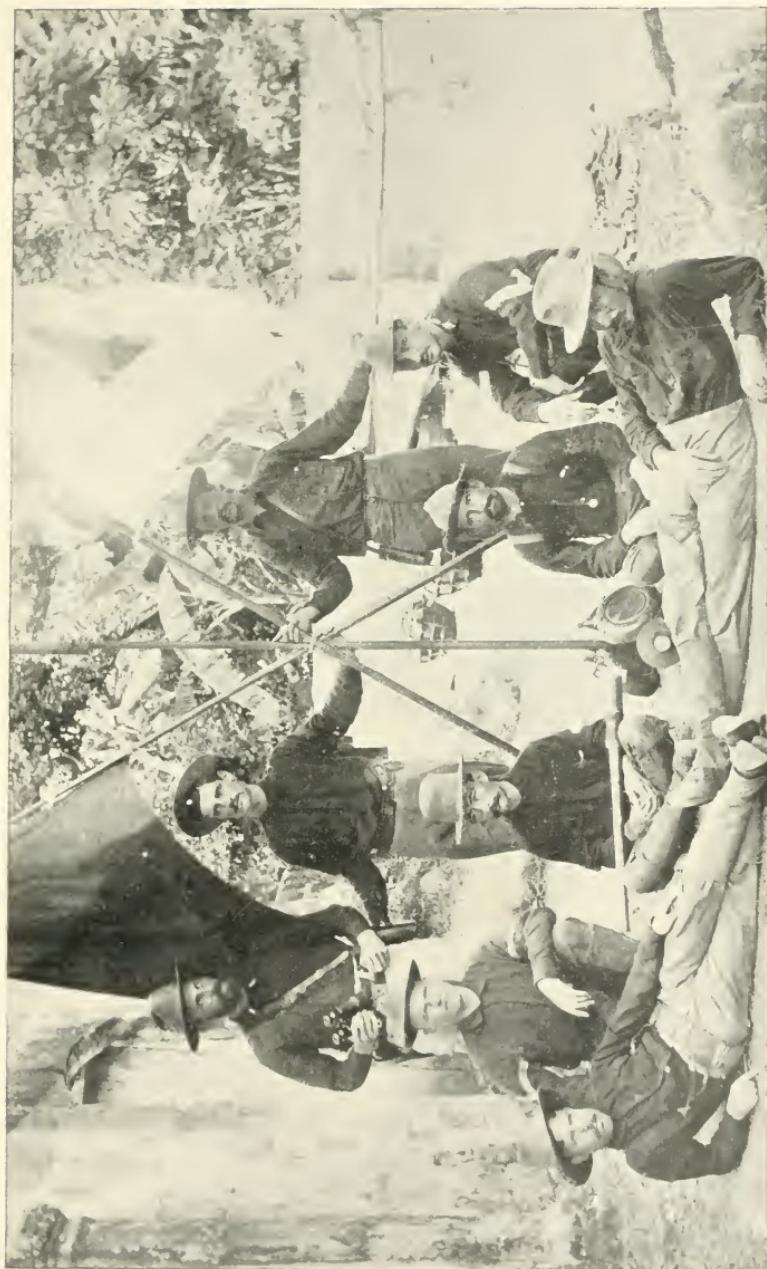
While the troops were out of town on the afternoon skirmish, some insurgent sympathizers in the town, who had been left undisturbed on the supposition that they were disposed to be friendly to the American occupation, set fire to some bamboo huts, and about a dozen buildings were destroyed before the fire was quenched by a heavy rain, which began falling about 3 o'clock.

After these skirmishes the outposts were exposed to an intermittent fire from ambushed sharpshooters until July 29th, when an attack was made, about noon, by some 400 insurgents from two sides of the town simultaneously. The entire force was turned out and another brisk engagement occurred, in which fully twenty Filipinos were killed, three captured and a great many wounded. Three men of the 21st Inf. were killed and several wounded. One Washington man was wounded, Corp. Spawn of Company C, who was shot through the neck, not severely.

After this skirmish there was no general engagement while the Washington Battalion remained at Calamba, a period of twenty-one days. But the men of the command were on outpost duty every alternate night, and hardly an hour passed without more or less firing on the part of the insurgents. During nearly all this firing the men of the Washington Battalion, confident from their long, hard experience with the wily enemy, and hardened by their four weeks' similar experience in the trenches at San Pedro Macati during February and March, maintained a vigilant silence, which inspired the enemy with a strange fear of the consequences of venturing against them, and caused them to desert that part of the line almost entirely. On the other hand, the newer and less experienced troops of the 21st Inf. replied to this occasional firing by volley, aimed almost at random in the darkness, exposing their own position to the enemy and causing the Filipinos to prefer that part of the line for their operations, rather than the silent left end held by the Washingtons.

During the twenty-five days the men were in Calamba, with the exception of the first three days, during which the men lived in the streets, in obedience to strict orders, the command lived in the native huts of the town on field rations of hardtack and corned beef, their first experience of any length with field rations. On the 19th of August they were relieved by the 2d Battalion of the 21st Inf., and embarked on cascoes and returned to their former station, in obedience to an order to prepare to embark on transport to return home.

On August 26th telegraphic orders were received by Col. Wholley to prepare his regiment to embark on the transport *City of Para* for San Francisco. Owing to the high water of the Pasig River, it was very difficult to obtain transportation for the troops. Then, after a delay of several days, part of the regiment was moved into Manila, taking quarters in the barracks which had been occupied by the 37th U. S. Inf., which had proceeded to Pasig to relieve the regiment. Owing to the difficulties of bringing the regiment into Manila, the order was changed,



SIGNAL CORPS.
Taken at Pasig especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES by Harry Coombs.

assigning us to the *City of Para*, and we were ordered to board the *Pennsylvania*. Some of the companies came direct from the firing line to the transport. We left Manila September 5th and arrived in sight of Japan on the 12th. Here the men were given shore leave, and enjoyed themselves in visiting the different places of interest. On July 14th we again sailed, arriving at Yokohama on the 16th, in which place we remained for three days, leaving for San Francisco on the 19th, arriving October 9th, after a very rough and tedious voyage.

The regiment was met by the Governor and a delegation of the citizens of the State of Washington, and was given breakfast in the ferry building, afterwards marching to the Presidio, where they were lunched and entertained by the 1st Montana Regiment.

From this time till the muster-out, our experience in San Francisco was much like the weather—decidedly varied. There were charming days, but interspersed with these was dark and rainy weather. The hospitality of San Francisco is proverbial. No soldier can well feel himself a stranger within her gates, but the volunteer soldier on his return from the Philippines has his thoughts far beyond the little joys about him. That boyhood yearning comes to him, somehow, with a strangely doubled force, and his mind is continually away to the old homestead and its occupants. The Washingtons, however, made the most of their weary stay, and now and then a jocund round would relieve the tedium, but, aside from those engaged in the preparation of the muster-out rolls, time hung heavily.

One of the pleasant episodes of this stay in camp at the Presidio was the sword presentation to Col. Wholley by the enlisted men of the regiment. This occurred on the 18th of October. The rank and file and non-commissioned officers of the regiment, through a deputation, at the tent of Col. Wholley in the Presidio, presented him with a magnificent sword, bearing the inscription:

"Presented to Col. John H. Wholley, as a token of esteem, by the enlisted men of the 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V., October 18, 1899."

The sword presentation committee also presented to the Colonel a well-framed set of resolutions, adopted by the committee, representing the enlisted men of the regiment, in which was expressed the gratitude and esteem of the enlisted men of the regiment, and their confidence and respect for him as a brave, honorable and efficient commander.

It was a touching tribute, but hardly less so than the scene which soon followed. Mrs. Wholley had arrived in camp that morning, and soon after her arrival became known, there was again a buzz among the rank and file. Suddenly, they commenced to form in front of the Colonel's tent, and their wish was made known to see Mrs. Wholley. A reception followed, in which the gracious mien of Mrs. Wholley was most significant. The hearty greeting, the kind words on her part, and the many graceful, chivalrous acts upon the part of the men, showed that all were on common ground. It was more like a family re-union and heart-to-heart talk than one may see in many a day.

October 31, 1899, the long-looked-for muster-out day, at last came, and with it the full restoration of the citizen-soldiers, from Washington, to citizenship. No one can so fully appreciate this precious boon of citizenship as the volunteer who

has spent his service in the Philippines. He feels more keenly than before the full value of his personal freedom and his rights of manhood, and these returned volunteers, possessed of this new fervor, will not only protect the law and order of the land, but they will help build for the future generations a better and grander State.

HOSPITAL CORPS.

The regiment was mustered in with Lewis R. Dawson as Major and Surgeon; William M. Van Patten, Captain and Assistant Surgeon, and E. M. Brown, 1st Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon. On the organization of the volunteer regiment, there was no provision for a Hospital Corps, and no regular army Hospital Corps men were furnished until the regiment was ordered aboard the transport for Manila.

As each battalion left the camp of muster in San Francisco, a special detail of men for duty with the Hospital Corps was made from the companies of the regiment. The 1st Battalion was accompanied by Dr. Brown, the 2d by Dr. Van Patten, while Dr. Dawson remained with the 3d Battalion and went with them to Vancouver Barracks. While quartered at the Fontana warehouse, the men of the 1st and 2d Battalions suffered considerably from severe throat and lung troubles, the result of exposure, and there was a slight epidemic of German measles. On one occasion almost every man of Company G suffered from a severe attack of ptomaine poisoning from eating deviled ham, but all recovered. The 3d Battalion, at Vancouver Barracks, had several cases of German measles and two cases of spinal meningitis, one of which, Private Easterday of Company C, was discharged for disability. The 2d Battalion, with Capt. Van Patten, was stationed at Angel Island for four months previous to embarking for the Philippines. Except for a slight epidemic of measles, the entire battalion enjoyed excellent health while at this post.

From July until they embarked for the Philippines, October 28th, the 1st and 3d Battalions were in garrison at the Presidio, San Francisco. During this period there was a large number of cases of German measles, and a few of true measles, and a number of cases of typhoid fever; of these, three died at the Post Hospital, and one man, who was left at the German Hospital when the regiment embarked, died subsequently from typhoid fever. Private Lynch of Company K died while at the Presidio, as the result of injuries received by falling down the barracks stairs.

Shortly before the regiment embarked for the Philippines, an epidemic of what subsequently proved to be typhoid fever, developed in Company D, and within three days seventeen men of this company came down with typhoid fever, of which all but three or four cases proved light, and all embarked on the transport

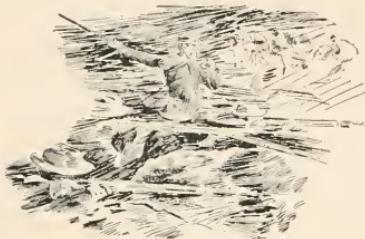


BUILDING TRENCHES.

with the balance of their company. Within a few days after leaving San Francisco, and before reaching Honolulu, seven more cases of typhoid fever developed on the transport.

Upon arrival at Honolulu, there being a number of cases of typhoid fever in the U. S. Hospital at Honolulu, the regimental surgeons considered it safer to take these cases along with them than to leave them at the hospital. During the

rest of the trip to the Philippines eight more cases of typhoid fever developed, making fifteen in all. All of these cases did well, and eventually recovered, one having a relapse just before reaching Manila, and being sent to the General Hospital on arrival there. The day before arriving at Manila, Private DeGolier of Company K developed an acute attack of appendicitis, and the following day, upon arrival, was im-



THE BATTLE IN THE RAIN.

mediately removed to the First Reserve Hospital and operated upon by Major-Surgeon Fitzgerald. After quite a long illness, DeGolier completely recovered and afterwards took his discharge, and remained in Manila in civil employment. Immediately after arriving in Manila a regimental hospital was organized in a residence at No. 66 Calle Nozaleda, and in a short time all the beds, twelve in number, were occupied by patients from the regiment. Some of these cases had dysentery, the rest mostly malarial fever and diarrhea, with several cases of typhoid fever. There was considerable difficulty in obtaining ice for the use of the patients, but it was finally supplied by the Government ice plant at Cavite.

Commencing in January, the Regimental Surgeon took advantage of a fund of 15 cents a day for each man of the regiment on sick report, which was provided by order of Gen. Otis, from the "public civil fund." This was used for the purchase of fresh eggs, milk and bananas for the patients in the hospital. About the middle of January, by orders from the Division Commander, the regimental hospitals were forbidden to treat cases of typhoid fever and other serious illness, and regimental surgeons were obliged to send all such cases to the general hospitals.

Up to the date of the opening of hostilities on the 5th of February, the sick-list of the regiment averaged from 5 to 8 per cent of the total strength. On the evening of the 4th, when the regiment was ordered to the entrenchments in the expectation of an attack, the entire Hospital Corps of the regiment, with the exception of one nurse, on duty at the regimental hospital, was ordered out with its field equipment to accompany the different battalions to the point of the expected engagement, along the outskirts of the Paco district, and immediately fronting the last of the enemy's entrenchments toward Santa Ana. Capt. Van Patten had been taken ill with dysentery early in January, and was in the Second Reserve Hospital on this day. Doctors Brown and Dawson took station immediately in the rear of block-house No. 11 with a detachment from the Hospital Corps, and, in the absence of the third surgeon, Hospital Steward McBride, with Privates DeWitt, Englehardt and Mitchell, were assigned to the battalion, under the

immediate command of Capt. Fortson, and remained on duty with him during the engagement, while Stewards Allis and Hunt, with Privates Bordeaux, Breuchle, Snone, Triplett, Brown and Clarke, were with Surgeons Brown and Dawson at the dressing-station in the rear of the block-house, and attended the wounded of the 1st Washington, California and Idaho Regiments in their immediate vicinity, rendering first-aid dressing to over sixty wounded, besides many wounded Filipinos. As rapidly as the dressing was made, the wounded were sent back on litters to the nearest ambulance station, about a quarter of a mile in the rear, and taken to the First Reserve Hospital in the city, a distance of about a mile and a quarter. The day after the battle of the 5th, the regimental hospital was moved to a building in the captured town of Santa Ana. This building was large and commodious, the former residence of a wealthy Spaniard, and was well adapted for use as a hospital, the rooms being large and airy, with fine mahogany floors, a large cistern of good water, and ample facilities for cooking, washing, etc. This was maintained as the regimental hospital until the headquarters of the regiment were removed to Pasig, about March 26th, from which time on the regiment maintained a hospital in the Pasig Church.

While at Santa Ana, men taken sick in the trenches at San Pedro Macati, three miles in advance, were cared for, unless their cases were so serious as to require treatment in the general hospital. During this time Corp. Stroud of Company L died in the regimental hospital of acute dysentery, the only death occurring in the regimental hospital during the entire history of the regiment. While the regimental hospital was maintained at Santa Ana, Stewards Allis and McBride were both taken sick of malarial fever and sent to the First Reserve and Corregidor Hospitals. Steward Allis rejoined the regiment at Pasig about April 13th and Steward McBride some time later.

During the time that the regimental headquarters were stationed at Pasig, namely, from March 17th to September 1st, detachments of the regiment occupied adjoining towns at Pateros, Taguig and Guadalupe ridge, about two miles distant across the Pasig River. With the exception of this last place, the other stations named, being situated in the low lands on the Pasig River and Laguna de Bay, were very malarious, and the command suffered severely from malarial fever, diarrhea and dysentery, with a few cases of typhoid fever. During the months of May, June and July from 20 to 33 per cent of the entire strength of the regiment were on sick report more or less constantly, and the surgeons and Hospital Corps were kept constantly busy caring for this large number of sick. The more serious cases were all sent to the different general hospitals in Manila, namely, the First and Second Reserve and the convalescent hospital at Corregidor Island, at one time there being over one hundred sick and wounded in these different hospitals, besides from thirty to ninety-six in the Regimental Hospital. In Gen. Lawton's expedition against Santa Cruz in April, only a corps of



BRINGING IN THE WOUNDED.

sharpshooters of the Washington Regiment, consisting of sixty men, participated, but the Hospital Corps was called upon to furnish a surgeon and four men for duty with the different organizations taking part in the expedition. Maj. Dawson was assigned to duty with the Idaho Battalion, under Maj. Figgins, and Stewards Hunt and Privates Breuchle, Englehardt, Brown and Clarke also accompanied the expedition. In the attack on Morong, Surgeons Dawson and Brown, with Privates Clarke, Scott, Fleming, Snoke and Ahlbaum accompanied the two battalions, participating.

As stated above, the regiment had to depend for hospital work upon men detailed from the regiment until the date of sailing for Manila. Of these, the following served almost constantly from the beginning of their enlistment, and continued on duty with the corps until mustered out: James G. Triplett, Company E; John M. Snoke and Charles W. Brown, Company B.

The following members of the regiment were transferred to the Hospital Corps, U. S. A.: George W. Styles, Company A; Max E. Englehardt and Don DeWitt, Company E; J. C. Barker, Thomas M. Geoghegan and Albert J. Burrows, Company I; Frank Lawrence and George W. Foster, Company G; Robert L. Clarke, Company A; George Bordeaux, Company C; Wilfred D. Rogers, Company M; Martin Forrest, Company H. All these were assigned to duty with the regiment, and remained with it during its period of service, except Styles, who remained on duty at the Presidio, Geoghegan, who was sent to Alaska, and Rogers, who remained at Vancouver Barracks. Barker, Lawrence and Burrows went to the Philippines with the regiment, and were there assigned to duty with other commands until they were ordered to rejoin the regiment, upon its return for muster-out.

The following men of the Hospital Corps, U. S. A., were assigned to duty with the regiment, and remained with it for a longer or shorter period of time during its service in the Philippines: Privates Charles Breuchle, William J. Hoggard, Mark A. Nediver, Forest G. Waterman, Dwight M. Blaisdell, Harry C. Scott, Kenneth Fleming, — Higgins and Frank H. Pike.

The following men of the regiment served with the Hospital Corps for a short time at different periods: W. G. Herman, Company D; John T. Dawson, Company K; Curtis S. Greene, Company E; Charles A. Allen, Company E, as ambulance driver; Ransom Hammond, Company D; George M. Styles, Company A.

The hospital work of the regiment is under very great obligations to the Red Cross organizations of California and Washington for the medical supplies and comforts furnished to the regiment.

The successful treatment of the cases of typhoid fever on the transports going to Manila was undoubtedly due, largely, to the supply of malted milk furnished by the San Francisco Red Cross, and to the medicines purchased with the fund furnished by the Washington Red Cross Society, and in Manila from the fund provided for diet for the sick, through the commissary department, from the "public civil fund," enabling the purchase of milk, fruit and other foods for the sick in hospital and quarters, which aided largely in mitigating the sufferings of the sick.



Taken at Pasig especially for CAMPAGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES by Harry Coombs.
WASHINGTON SCOUTS.

Shortly before returning to the United States, Hospital Steward McBride was sent home invalided, and Steward Hunt took his discharge, to remain in Manila. On August 2d, Dr. Van Patten, who had returned to the United States invalided, was discharged, and Dr. Brown promoted to Captain and Assistant Surgeon. August 26th, Hospital Steward Allis was appointed by the Governor 1st Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon, vice Dr. Brown, promoted. Private Bordeaux was transferred back to the regiment from the U. S. A. Hospital Corps, and appointed hospital steward September 4th. September 5th, Corp. John T. Dawson of Company K was appointed steward in place of Steward Allis, promoted, and on September 6th, Sergt. William G. Herman, Company D, was appointed hospital steward, to fill the vacancy caused by McBride's discharge.

The surgeons, during the entire service in the regiment, have always had cordial co-operation on the part of the Colonel and other regimental officers in furnishing men on special detail for duty with the Hospital Corps, and this enabled the corps to furnish men for duty in every engagement in which the regiment, as a whole or in part, participated. In every advance engagement there were surgeons or corpsmen present for duty with the detachment.

From its initial engagement, February 4, 1899, to the last skirmish in which the regiment was engaged, the stewards and enlisted men of the Hospital Corps manifested the same coolness and courage and self-sacrificing devotion to duty that has characterized the other members of the regiment. In action the corpsmen on duty kept on the firing line, and there dressed the wounded under fire, or, if possible, removed them immediately to places of safety, and almost every man performed individual acts of heroism which would justly entitle him to mention for distinguished bravery. It is almost an injustice to others to make individual mention, but the services of Steward McBride on the 5th of February, when he performed the duties of a surgeon for Fortson's Battalion, and, with Englehardt, DeWitt and Mitchell, took part in the charge on the knoll, should be especially mentioned.

THE REGIMENTAL BAND.

The Washington regimental band was organized at Camp Rogers early in May, 1898. Although not mustered in as a band, having been made up from musicians in the ranks, nevertheless it has kept together as an independent organization ever since.

The band came from Camp Rogers to Vancouver Barracks with the headquarters and 3d Battalion in June, and did garrison duty until July 23d, when orders came to move to San Francisco and join the remainder of the regiment. Here the Washington Regiment was assigned to barracks for garrison duty, not having been included in the Philippine expeditionary forces. The idea of remaining in barracks was disappointing to men who had enlisted for active service, but then "they also serve who only stand in wait." After three months of pleasant garrison duty, the long-looked-for orders came for Manila; the regiment was at last destined to that military mecca.

The story of the trip to Manila is told elsewhere in this book. The band was, upon landing in Manila, assigned to quarters with the 1st Battalion in the

Compañia General Cigar Factory, one of the largest of its kind in the world. Soon after, the band and headquarters were moved to the Bishop's Palace in Paco, where it remained until February 7th.

During the two months of December and January the different regimental bands gave concerts on the Luneta, where, night after night, vast crowds would assemble to hear the music. The Washington Band made a hit with their very first concert, for in addition to a well chosen and well-rendered program, they were assisted by the regimental glee club. If the opinion of the people is the gauge of an organization's worth, surely the Washington band occupied an enviable position among the crack bands in Manila. The band gave in all four concerts, each of which received a full share of encores and applause.

Finally, when the Filipino insurrection commenced, the band was, during the night of February 4th, detailed for guarding Government property in Paco. Some few got to the firing line, but all saw their share of fighting, for while doing guard duty at the Palace during the Battle of Santa Ana, another engagement occurred at Paco Church in which the band men took a prominent part. Several sharpshooters of the enemy were discovered firing from an impregnable position in the church and to dislodge them it was necessary to burn the church. One of the band carried oil to start the conflagration, and had to run a gauntlet of Mauser volleys to do it, but suffice to say, *it was done and done well!*

Among the various episodes in the career of the band was one of no small importance which occurred on Washington's birthday. The band was stationed at Santa Ana, while the line was being held at San Pedro Macati. This particular day they went out to the firing line with their instruments to cheer up the weary men in the trenches. It was a scene not soon to be forgotten when the strains of "America," "Marching Thro' Georgia" and "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean" were cheered loudly by the men in the trenches and rifle-pits.

The band rejoined the regiment when the latter moved into Pasig City, after its capture, on March 16th, where it remained doing guard duty until the orders came relieving the regiment from the line and assigning it to a transport for the happy journey home.

The record of the band is a good one; each man can say he has done his duty, and that is a soldier's proudest boast.



GOING ABOARD THE "PENNSYLVANIA" AT MANILA.

RECAPITULATION.

1ST WASHINGTON INFANTRY, U. S. V.

Number officers and enlisted men mustered in May, 1898:

Officers	46
Men	967
Total.....	1013

Number recruits received:

Men	319
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Number mustered in:

Officers	46
Men	1286
Total.....	1332

Total discharged in San Francisco:

Officers	2
Men	141
Total.....	143

Total deaths in San Francisco:

Men	5
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Total number that left San Francisco:

Officers	40
Men	1086
Total.....	1126

Total number discharged in the Philippines:

Officers	15
Men	224
Total.....	239

Number deaths, disease and accidental, in the Philippines:

Officers	1
Men	13
Total	14

Number killed or died of wounds received in action in the Philippines:

Officers	1
Men	24
Total	25

Casualties, killed and wounded:

Officers	6
Men	122
Total	128

Total casualties in the Philippines, killed, wounded, disease and accidental:

Officers	7
Men	135
Total	142

Total casualties since mustered in:

Officers	7
Men	140
Total	147

Present strength:

Officers	46
Men	822
Total	868



FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS, 1st WASHINGTON INFANTRY.

Photo by Partridge.

Field and Staff.

The names of officers are numbered to correspond with cut on opposite page.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Col. John H. Wholley (1).	Soldier	Vancouver, Wash.
Lient. Col. Wm. J. Fife (2)....	Lawyer	Tacoma, Wash.
Maj. John J. Weisenburger (3)	Lawyer	New Whatcom, Wash.
Maj. Wm. J. Caution (4).....	State Adj. Gen.	Seattle, Wash.
1st Lieut. and Adjt. Fred T. Briggs (10)	Railroadman	North Yakima, Wash.
Maj. and Surg. Louis R. Dawson (5)	Physician	Seattle, Wash.
Capt. and Asst. Surg. Elmer M. Brown (11)	Physician	Tacoma, Wash.
1st Lieut. and Asst. Surg. Leonard G. Allis (12)	Physician	Seattle, Wash.
Capt. and Chaplain Albert L. Knutson (6)	Student	Walla Walla, Wash.
1st Lieut. and Q. M. Wm. L. Lemon (9)	Merchant	North Yakima, Wash.
1st Lient. and Bat. Adjt. Thos. D. S. Hart (8)	Journalist	Walla Walla, Wash.
1st Lieut. and Bat. Adjt. George M. Dreher (7)	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.
1st Lieut. and Bat. Adjt. George B. Lamping (13)	Bank Clerk	Seattle, Wash.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Maj. John Carr, ...	Mechanic	Dayton, Wash	Resigned, Oct. 29, '98.
Capt. and Asst. Surg. Wm. Mc. Van Patten	Physician	Walla Walla, Wash.	" Aug 2, '99.
1st Lieut. and Adjt., Wm. L. Luhn	Clerk	Manila, P. I	" July 12, '99.
1st Lient. and Q. M. Albert W. Bryan.	Elec. Engineer	Seattle, Wash	" Sept 2, '99.

DEAD

Capt. and Chaplain John H. Thompson.

Died of dysentery at Manila, P. I., Feb. 19, 1899.

FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

JOHN A. WHOLLEY, Colonel, 1st Washington Regiment, U. S. V., was born at Salem, Mass., January 13, 1868. He entered the U. S. Military Academy, and graduated therefrom in 1890. He joined the 4th Inf. at Fort Spokane, Wash. His services with the regiment were in the States of Washington and Idaho, during which time he participated in all the movements of the regiment, including field service at the time of the strikes in the Cœur d'Alene mines and the railroad strike of 1894.

In September, 1894, Col. Wholley was detailed as U. S. Recruiting Officer, stationed at Seattle. In 1896 he was appointed, by the Secretary of War, professor of military science and tactics at the University, State of Washington, and was later instructor of civil engineering and mathematics at the same university. He was appointed, by Gov. John R. Rogers, Colonel of the 1st Washington Volunteers, his commission dating from April 23, 1898. The regiment was sent, after muster, to the Department of California, and remained there until October, 1898, when it was sent to the Philippine Islands, arriving there in the month of November. He remained in command of the regiment until April, 1899, when he was placed temporarily in command of the 1st Brigade, 1st Division, 8th Army Corps, and again assumed command of the regiment in June, 1899, participating in all the engagements in which the regiment was engaged. As brigade commander he commanded the attack on Cainta, Taytay and Morong, June 4th and 5, 1899.

For faithful and meritorious services he was recommended for promotion to a Brigadier-Generalship, as appears from the following from his brigade and division commanders:

SAN FERNANDO, P. I., July 28, 1899.

To the Adjutant-General, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

SIR:—Col. John H. Wholley, 1st Washington Volunteer Inf., was with his regiment in my command from March 1st to March 20, 1899.

He commanded his regiment with skill and gallantry in numerous operations against the enemy, and I have a high opinion of his merits as a commanding officer, and believe he will be found equal to any command which may be devolved upon him.

Very respectfully,

LLOYD WHEATON,
Brigadier-General, U. S. A.

Favorably endorsed, ELWELL S. OTIS.

Major-General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS, |

Manila, P. I., July 28, 1899. |

To the Adjutant-General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., U. S. A.

SIR:—It is with great pleasure that I recommend for appointment for Brigadier-General U. S. V., Col. John H. Wholley, 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V.

Col. Wholley has been in my command since March 17th, last. He has, with his regiment, occupied the most advanced positions along my line, and for a time commanded the 1st

Brigade of my division. His services have been faithful, efficient and meritorious, and I ask for him the favorable consideration of the Department, feeling confident that if he attains the promotion he desires, that he will be a credit to himself and the service.

Very respectfully,

H. W. LAWTON,
Major-General U. S. V.,
Commanding.

Col. Wholley's residence is Vancouver Barracks, State of Washington.

W. J. FIFE, Lieutenant-Colonel, was born in Meaford, Canada, October 25, 1857. At the close of the Civil War, when a child, he moved with his parents to Vassar, Michigan. They then moved to Cherokee, Iowa, and in 1874 he went to the then Territory and present State of Washington. In 1875, he helped to organize the first militia company in the Territory of Washington, which was known and designated as the "Tacoma Rifles" of which he was 1st Lieutenant. In 1876 he entered the California Military Academy of Oakland, Cal. He graduated in 1878 at the head of his class. He then accepted a position in that institution as post-adjutant and military instructor on the academic staff. Later on, he took up the study of law at the Columbia Law University, Washington, D. C., and thereafter completed his studies in the office of Hooker & Ashton at Tacoma, in the Territory of Washington, and was admitted as a member of the bar of that territory in 1884. He was a member of the Tacoma Guard as private and afterwards became Captain of said guard, now known as Company C, 1st Washington Volunteer Regiment. The 1st Regiment of Washington National Guard was then under the command of Col. J. C. Haines. Col. Fife was in command of Company C for three weeks after the great Seattle fire, and did much towards preserving the peace and protecting property. He was also in command of the troops during the mining disturbances in Western Washington some years thereafter.

He was afterwards appointed chief of ordnance with rank of Colonel on Gov. McGrath's staff. He continued with the rank of Colonel on Gov. Roger's staff and was detailed as chief instructor of rifle practice on account of his long experience in the National Guard. He went to the Spanish-American War as Lieutenant-Colonel of the 1st Washington Regiment, U. S. V. He was in Alaska on leave of absence when the war broke out, and was sent for by the Governor to return immediately and take command of the 1st Washington Volunteer Regiment. The War Department was rushing orders for troops and Col. Fife not being upon the ground, another officer was found to commence organization, necessitating Col. Fife accepting the Lieutenant-Colonelcy of the regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel Fife was with his regiment from the date of muster-in at Camp Rogers until mustered out at San Francisco, never losing a day. He was the oldest member of the National Guard that came out with the regiment.

Gen. Chas. King says of Lieutenant-Colonel Fife:

One of the best men in the Washington Regiment is Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. Fife. He is one of the best soldiers and one of the most gifted men that we have in the Philippines. I look upon Lieutenant-Colonel Fife as one of the finest officers that I have ever known in volunteer service.

Col. Fife has been prominent in social organizations as well as in military life, being a member of the Elks, Knights of Pythias and Red Men.

JOHN J. WEISENBURGER, Major, was born in Hollowayville, Bureau County, Ill., February 4, 1855. He came from Illinois to Downieville, Cal., and from there to Nevada City, Cal., April, 1863. He is a lawyer by profession, and was Deputy District Attorney of Nevada County, Cal. He studied law in Nevada County, and was admitted to the bar by the Supreme Court at Sacramento, and practiced the profession in Nevada County, Truckee and Nevada City for three years. For two and a half years he edited and published the *Truckee Republican*. He moved to the State of Washington and had been practicing law up to the time he entered the United States service. His residence was in New Whatcom, Wash. He was City Attorney of Whatcom for seven consecutive years and Mayor of the city for one term. He was a member of the National Guard of California at the age of 18 and held every position in Company C, 2d Regiment, from private to Lieutenant, serving for nine years. When the National Guard of Washington was organized, he organized a company in New Whatcom, of which he was made Captain. He held the rank of Captain for five years and was then promoted to Major of the 1st Washington Regiment and held that position at the time the regiment was mustered into the volunteer service.

Maj. Weisenburger served with his regiment during the entire period of service and was probably in more engagements than any other officer in the regiment. In Gen. King's report of the first battle of Santa Ana he received special mention and the General presented him with a badge. He was also mentioned in Gen. Wheaton's report and by Gen. Lawton in his report of the Santa Cruz expedition, where he was in command of the brigade during the entire expedition. He was in command at Taguig upon the extreme front at Laguna de Bay, twelve miles out from the city of Manila, considered one of the most important posts on the line. He was under fire night and day from about the 20th of March and was never off the firing line to exceed three or four hours from the time of the fight on the night of the 4th of February until relieved to take the transport for home.

N. J. CANTON, Major, was born in Toronto, Canada, February 6, 1861; went to Washington in 1890. He was a member of the National Guard in the State of Washington from 1892 to 1895, commanding a company, and was also Adjutant-General of the State from May 5, 1898, to December 5, 1898. He served four years and four months in the 15th U. S. Inf.; left San Francisco for the Philippines January 26, 1899, and arrived there March 2, 1899, joining the regiment on the firing line at San Pedro Macati as Major. He never lost a day from the time he arrived in the Philippines until he took the transport for home. Maj. Canton's address is Seattle, Wash.

FRED T. BRIGGS, 1st Lieutenant and Regimental Adjutant, was born September 5, 1857, at Stockton, N. Y. His occupation in civil life is connected with the railway service. He removed to Washington in 1879, where he joined the 1st U. S. Cav., in which he served five years. He had two years' service in Troop A, Cav., Washington National Guard, just previous to entering the volunteer service. He was mustered into the service of the United States May 9, 1898, as 1st Lieutenant, Company E, and appointed Regimental Adjutant July 16, 1899. His residence is Yakima, Wash.

W. L. LEMON, 1st Lieutenant and Quartermaster, was born in Munroe, Wis., May 19, 1873. His occupation in civil life is that of a machinist. He went to Walla Walla, Wash., in 1881, and from there to North Yakima in 1890. In 1892 he enlisted in the National Guard of Washington, and was appointed 2d Lieutenant of Troop A, North Yakima, 1897. In May, 1897, he was mustered in as 2d Lieutenant, Company E, 1st Washington Regiment, and appointed Acting Quartermaster, 1st Battalion. Upon his arrival in San Francisco he was made Quartermaster of the 1st and 2d Battalions, and as such went to the Philippines with his regiment on the transport *Ohio*. In April, 1899, Lieut. Lemon was formally appointed Regimental Quartermaster, although he had served continuously in that capacity since the arrival of the regiment in Manila, and 1st Lieutenant and Quartermaster in July, 1899. He was with his regiment in all engagements until April 1, 1899.

LEWIS R. DAWSON, Major and Surgeon, was born in Warren, Iowa, in 1856; occupation in civil life, physician and surgeon. He attended Western Reserve College at Hudson, Ohio, and studied medicine at the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. In 1882 he went to Quincy copper mines, Mich., and spent a year there as surgeon. In 1884 he moved to Seattle and practiced medicine there continuously until the outbreak of the war. He enlisted in the National Guard of Seattle, Wash., in 1884, as a private in Company B. He became 2d Lieutenant in 1885 and 1st Lieutenant in 1886, and continued as 1st Lieutenant of Company B until July, 1890, when he became Regimental Surgeon, and continued in that capacity until 1893, when he became Brigade Surgeon. He ranked as Lieutenant-Colonel and Brigade Surgeon, and held that position until the outbreak of the Spanish-American War. When the call for volunteers came he volunteered as Surgeon of the 1st Washington Inf., serving as such throughout the campaign. While in Santa Cruz, P. I., he was attached to the Idaho Regiment, acting as Surgeon, and was in all expeditions, otherwise, in which the Washington Regiment participated. He was Acting Brigade Surgeon in Gen. Wheaton's Flying Brigade in March, but, at the same time, stayed with his regiment. Maj. Dawson intends to continue the practice of his profession at Seattle, Wash.

ELMER M. BROWN, Captain and Assistant Surgeon, was born July 6, 1857, at Forest Grove, Or. His occupation in civil life is that of a Surgeon. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War he was appointed Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon of the 1st Washington Volunteers, and joined the regiment April 25, 1898. He was promoted to Captain in the medical department in August, 1899, and served continuously on the firing line during the Philippine campaign. Capt. Brown was appointed from Tacoma, State of Washington.

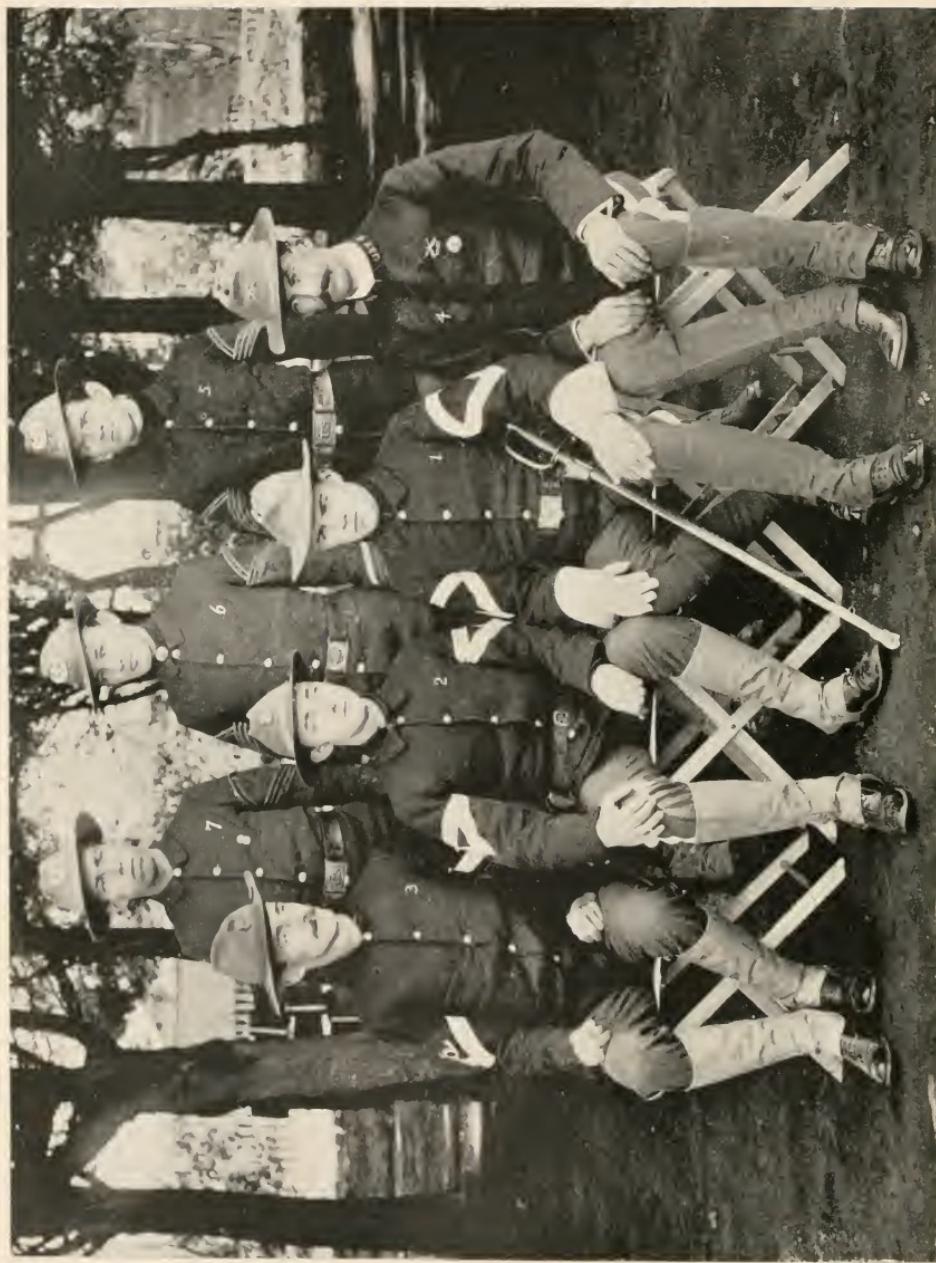
LEONARD G. ALLIS, 1st Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon, was born in Coventry, N. Y., November 12, 1864. His occupation in civil life is that of a druggist. He went to Washington in 1890 and enlisted as a private in Company B, National Guard, and in 1891 was made Hospital Steward of the regiment, and

held that position until the regiment was mustered into service for the Spanish-American War. He was then reappointed to the same position, which he held until September 3, 1899, when he was promoted to 1st Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon. He was in all engagements with the regiment.

A. L. KNUTSON, Chaplain, was born in Minnesota, January 21, 1874. He came west while a child, and settled in Idaho. He entered the Whitman College, at Walla Walla, Wash., where he was in continuous attendance until the call for volunteers came. He enlisted in Company I as a private, and served as private until the death of Chaplain Thompson. Before the death of the Chaplain he did the Christian Endeavor work in the regiment, and also assisted the Chaplain. At the death of the Chaplain the officers of the regiment recommended him to Gov. Rogers of Washington, and by him was appointed Chaplain of the regiment. He was at the front with his regiment in all engagements. Previous to joining the regiment he frequently joined in the services of the Congregational Churches of Walla Walla, Wash.



GOV. ROGERS OF WASHINGTON GREETING COL. WHOLLEY AND OFFICERS ON BOARD
THE T-AN-PORT (LENN-YLVANIA).



NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF OFFICERS, 1st WASHINGTON INFANTRY.

Photo by Partridge.

Non-Commissioned Staff.

The names of officers are numbered to correspond with cut on opposite page.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Sergt. Maj. Ralph L. Ross (1)	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Q. M. Sergt. Fred A. Udell (2)	Journalist	Tacoma, Wash.
Hospital Steward Geo. Bordeaux (5)	Baker	" "
Hospital Steward John T. Dawson (6)	Physician	Toledo, Ohio.
Hospital Steward Wm. G. Hermann (7)	Druggist	Seattle, Wash.
Chief Musician John L. Dittmore (4)	Musician	Dayton, Wash.
Principal Musician Albert J. Harbridge (3)	Musician	Cosmopolis, Wash.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Chief Musician Loren L. Day	Accountant	Manila, P. I.	By order, August 26, 1899.
Principal Musician Wm. L. Lindsley	Mail Clerk	Seattle, Wash.	By order, October 17, 1898.

PROMOTED.

Sergt. Maj. Joe Smith	Reporter	Spokane, Wash.	2d Lt. Co. H, Dec. 9, 1898.
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TRANSFERRED.

Q. M. Sergt. Emmett T. Robb	Printer	Seattle, Wash.	To Co. D, January 1, 1899.
Q. M. Sergt. Rufus B. Clark	Lumberman	" "	To Co. C, June 1, 1899.

WOUNDED.

Q. M. Sergt. Rufus B. Clark	..	Wounded at Santa Ana, P. I., Feb. 5, '99.
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HOSPITAL CORPS, 1ST WASHINGTON INFANTRY
Taken in front of the church at Pasig, especially for campaigning in the Philippines, by Harry Coombs.

Hospital Corps.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Hosp. Steward Geo. Bordeaux	Baker	Tacoma, Wash.
Hosp. Steward John T. Dawson	Physician	Toledo, O.
Hosp. Steward Wm. G. Hermann	Druggist	Seattle, Wash.
Jas. C. Barker	Clerk	Walla Walla, Wash.
Albert J. Burrows	Engineer	" "
Robert E. Clark	Baker	Pana, Ill.
Geo. W. Foster	Clerk	Vancouver, Wash.
Wm. G. Hoggard	Soldier	Butrie, N. C.
Frank Lawrence	Machinist	San Francisco, Cal.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Hosp. Steward Leonard G. Allis	Druggist	Seattle, Wash	By order, Sept. 3, 1899
Hosp. Steward Truman K. Hunt	Student	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 3, 1899.
Hosp. Steward Howard R. McBride	Medical Student	Spokane, Wash	By order, Aug. 11, 1899.
Don DeWitt	Cowboy	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 4, 1899.
Max Engelhardt	Clerk	"	By order, Sept. 4, 1899.
Martin Forrest	Millman	"	By order, Sept. 4, 1899.



1st WASHINGTON INFANTRY BAND.

Photo by Rabney.

Instrumentation of First Washington Infantry Band.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.	REMARKS.
Ray D. Clark.....	Salesman	Scattle, Wash.	Drum Major
John L. Dittemore, Chief Musician	Musician	Dayton, Wash.	Solo Bb Clarinet
Albert J. Harbridge, Principal Musician	Jeweler	Tacoma, Wash.	Trombone
Chas. A. Hasson, Band Sergt.	Musician	Vancouver, Wash.	Alto
Albert C. Anderson	Musician	Seattle, Wash....	Contra Bb Bass
Melvin Arant	Jeweler.....	Spokane, Wash.	Solo Alto
Fred C. Ballew	Musician	Aberdeen, Wash.	Trombone
Daniel A. Bannise	Musician	Shelton, Wash.	Clarinet
Geo. U. Brand	Clerk	Waitsburg, Wash.	Clarinet
Clinton F. Buffum	Warehouse-man	Walla Walla, Wash.	Cornet
Hugh Cusick	Musician	Spokane, Wash.	Trombone
Wm. C. Fowler	Dentist.....	Tacoma, Wash.	Bass Drum
Nelson P. Johnson	Musician	Seattle, Wash.	Eb Clarinet
F. Sprague King	Musician	Milford, Mass.	Cornet
Godfrey E. Lundberg	Metal Engraver	Spokane, Wash.	Solo Bb Cornet
Chas. E. Rogers	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.	Drums and Traps
Carl Schutz	Clerk.....	Seattle, Wash.	Piccolo
Edw. Smith	Musician	"	Eb Tuba
Jos. A. Smith	Clerk	Marietta, Ohio	Alto
Chas. Wold	Postoffice Clerk	Seattle, Wash.	Baritone
Frank E. Wyse	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.	Clarinet
Thos. H. Zieber..	Electrician	Monmouth, Or.	Clarinet
Thos. A. Kohl..	Cook	Walla Walla, Wash.	Eb Tuba
William MacKay.	Bookkeeper	Aberdeen, Scotland	Cornet
John T. Wright	Railroad-man.	Walla Walla, Wash.	Cymbals

TRANSFERRED.

Wm. B. Libbey	Musician	Ballard, Wash.	To Co. K, June 11, 1899.
Wm. T. Nickerson	Musician	Spokane, Wash.	To Co. A, October 15, 1899.

DISCHARGED

Chief Musician Loren L. Day	Accountant	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 26, 1899.
Principal Musician Wm. L. Lindsley	Mail Clerk	Scattle, Wash.	By order, Oct. 17, 1898.



REGIMENTAL OFFICERS, 1st WASHINGTON INFANTRY.

Photo by Partridge.

LIBRARY OF SAN C. TROY, N.Y.

Officers First Battalion.

William J. Fife	Lieutenant-Colonel
Albert H. Otis	Captain, Company A
William I. Hinckley	1st Lieutenant, Company A
Walter L. McCallum	2d Lieutenant, Company A
William B. Buffum	Captain, Company I
Thos. D. S. Hart	1st Lieutenant, Company I
Charles S. Buffum	2d Lieutenant, Company I
Charles T. Smith	Captain, Company K
Jesse H. Arnold	1st Lieutenant, Company K
John B. Caldwell	2d Lieutenant, Company K
Mathew H. Gromley	Captain, Company B
Harvey J. Moss	1st Lieutenant, Company B
Charles E. Head	2d Lieutenant, Company B

Officers Second Battalion.

John J. Weisenburger	Major
Marshall S. Snedder	Captain, Company E
Edward J. Young	1st Lieutenant, Company E
John F. Alderson	2d Lieutenant, Company E
Max F. Ellrich	Captain, Company G
Henry A. Riegle	1st Lieutenant, Company G
Oliver J. Clancy	2d Lieutenant, Company G
John E. Boyer	Captain, Company M
George M. Dreher	1st Lieutenant, Company M
Ben H. Rhodes	2d Lieutenant, Company M
John B. McCoy	Captain, Company C
Louis S. Stejer	1st Lieutenant, Company C
Martin Johnson	2d Lieutenant, Company C

Officers Third Battalion.

William J. Canton	Major
Joseph M. Moore	Captain, Company I
John E. Ballaine	1st Lieutenant, Company I
Charles E. Mosler	2d Lieutenant, Company I
Alfred C. Steinman	Captain, Company II
Edward E. Southern	1st Lieutenant, Company II
John J. Charlton	2d Lieutenant, Company II
Charles A. Booker	Captain, Company F
George B. Dorr	1st Lieutenant, Company F
Jesse G. Miller	2d Lieutenant, Company F
Frank E. Adams	Captain, Company D
Henry L. Egell	1st Lieutenant, Company D
George B. Lamping	2d Lieutenant, Company D



COMPANY A.
Taken in the trenches at Taguig, especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY A.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

ALBERT G. OTIS, Company A, was born in Brunswick, Me., July 21, 1860. He was a sailor for ten years. He went to Washington in 1889 and was engaged in mining until 1894, when he took charge of a railroad plant as receiver and was still in that business at the outbreak of the war. In July, 1893, he joined the National Guard of Washington as a private in Troop B, 1st Cav., and was discharged as Corporal in June, 1895. He organized Light Battery A and was appointed Captain, October, 1895. He held that rank in the National Guard and was mustered into the United States service as Captain of Company A. From June 10th to July 10, 1899, he was in command of the 3d Battalion at Pasig, during which time Company A was in command of Lieut. Hinckley in the expedition against Taytay and Morong. Capt. Otis returned to his company June 10, 1899. He was slightly wounded in the engagement at Santa Ana, February 4, 1899.

WM. L. HINCKLEY, 1st Lieutenant, Company A, 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V., was born October 24, 1857, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. His occupation in civil life is that of a newspaper man. He removed to Spokane, Wash., in 1890 and joined the Washington National Guard in 1893, as private in Troop D. He was promoted to 2d Lieutenant, Battery A, Light Artillery, 1894, and was mustered into the service of the United States as 2d Lieutenant, Company A, 1st Washington Inf., May 1, 1898.

During the campaign in the Philippines, he took part in the Battles of Pasig, Taytay, Morong and Calamba. He was commander of Company A at the capture of Morong, and on his return to Taguig was promoted to 1st Lieutenant June 8, 1899. He was detached on service from October 27th until March 12, 1899, having been ordered aboard the transport *Tacoma*, which took the first load of horses and mules to Manila, arriving there March 6, 1899. He was complimented by Admiral Dewey on the success of the trip. His residence is Spokane, Wash.

WALTER L. McCALLUM, 2d Lieutenant, Company A, was born in Chicago, Ill., August 26, 1866. He was a member of Company A, 1st Minnesota, for five years. He came to Washington in 1888 and joined the National Guard of Spokane, as Sergeant. He was mustered into the service of the United States as Sergeant of Company A, was promoted October 25, 1898, to Quartermaster Sergeant, and reduced to Sergeant to accept a commission as canteen steward of the regiment December 8, 1898, and was promoted to 1st Sergeant of canteen June 10, 1899. August 25th, 1899, he was promoted to 2d Lieutenant. He was in all engagements with his company.

Co. A—1st Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Albert H. Otis, Capt.	Railroad Manager	Spokane, Wash.
Wm. L. Hinckley, 1st Lieut.	Merchant	" "
Walter L. McCallum, 2d Lieut.	Miner	" "
Fred L. Titsworth, 1st Sergt.	Bookkeeper	" "
James A. Timewell, Q. M. Sergt.	Clerk	" "
Herman P. Hasler, Sergt	Salesman	" "
Wm. T. Harrison, Sergt	Fireman	Sprague, Wash.
Walter A. Graves, Sergt	Druggist	Spokane, Wash.
Kindall Fellowes, Sergt	Student	" "
Daniel Raymond, Corp	Potter	" "
Ernest C. Hollingsworth, Corp.	Stenographer	Des Moines, Iowa.
Geo. F. de Graff, Corp	Printer	Ellendale, N. D.
Wm. C. Ackerman, Corp.	Pressman	Grand Forks, N. D.
Chas. F. De Lano, Corp.	Bicycle-repairer	Spokane, Wash.
John F. Mitchell, Corp.	Miner	" "
Robt. M. Betts, Corp	Collector	" "
Fred'k W. Schander, Corp.	Prospector	" "
Ed. Fox, Corp.	Horseshoer	Minneapolis, Minn.
Thos. B. Richhart, Corp.	Baker	Spokane, Wash.
Walter A. Nicholls, Corp.	Clerk	" "
Ancil C. Rayburn, Corp.	Miner	" "
Ernest Wizeman, Cook	Laborer	" "
Arno L. March, Musician	Brakeman	" "
Chas. E. Black, Artificer	Steam-fitter	" "
Walter W. Hicks, Wagoner	Stone-cutter	" "
PRIVATES.		
Albert Anderson	Teamster	Spokane, Wash.
Arthur E. Anderson	Farmer	" "
Loyal T. Bintliff	Agent	" "
Robert F. Britton	Student	Tyler, Texas.
Geo. E. Childs	Carpenter	San Francisco, Cal.
Fred Chapman	Plumber	" "
John F. Crowley	Laborer	Alameda, Cal.
John A. Coughlin	Salesman	Oakland, Cal.
Leo M. Dornberg	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.
Stephen A. Dunn	Salesman	" "
Oliver P. Eslick	Laborer	" "
Wm. C. Everett	Clerk	" "
Wm. R. Fait	Wool-grader	Springdale, Wash.
Dennis C. Feeney	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.
Edward D. Freeman	Miner	Libby, Mont.
Edward D. Furman	Editor	Cheney, Wash.
Elmer E. Gordon	Druggist	Spokane, Wash.
Loren D. Grinstead	Stenographer	" "
Gust. Gustafson	Laborer	" "
John L. Harrington	Lawyer	" "
Robt. A. Harris	Student	Cheney, Wash.
Thos. Honey	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.
Otto H. Hoppe	Telegraph Operator	" "
Clemens C. Hubbard	Clerk	" "
Albert D. Hughes	Newspaperman	" "
Wm. A. Long	Harness-maker	" "
Wm. T. McNeill	Salesman	" "
Wm. E. Nickerson	Musician	" "
John M. Pike	Miner	" "
Geo. E. Primley	Painter	" "
Clyde Sechrist	Painter	" "
Oscar Sowards	Lumber-man	" "
Harry Stenson	Jeweler	" "
Minion E. Thompson, Jr.	Miner	" "
Geo. Zupke	Shingle-worker	" "

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Edw. K. Erwin, 1st Lieut	Bookkeeper	Spokane, Wash.	Resigned, May 25, 1899.
Milo C. Corey, 1st Sergt	Stenographer	" " "	By order, June 8, 1899.
Louis E. Brigham, Sergt	Fireman	Manila, P. I.	By order, August 30, 1899.
Robt. G. Fraser, Sergt	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.	By order, September 19, 1898
Walter L. McCallum, Sergt	Miner	" " "	By order, August 5, 1899.
Chas. B. Syphert, Sergt	Real Estate Agent	" " "	By order, October 15, 1898.
Fred R. Bingham, Corp.	Bookkeeper	" " "	By order, August 25, 1898.
Peter M. Gancrean, Corp	Postal Clerk	Minneapolis, Minn.	By order, October 24, 1898.
Harvey J. Martin, Corp	Fireman	Spokane, Wash.	By order, August 8, 1898.
Fred H. Marsh, Corp.	Fireman	" " "	By order, October 20, 1898.
Jas. H. Pierce, Corp.	Engineer	" " "	By order, November 16, 1898.
Geo. M. Tuttle, Corp	Salesman	" " "	By order, November 16, 1898.
Wm. H. Young, Corp	Stenographer	" " "	By order, November 16, 1898.
Swen G. Beckman	Laborer	" " "	Disability, February 25, 1899.
Peter Christensen	Salesman	" " "	By order, August 8, 1898.
Harry Clark	Baker	New Castle, Ind.	By order, August 30, 1899.
Geo. Crerar	Druggist	Spokane, Wash.	Disability, October, 1899.
John A. Delaney	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.	By order, August 30, 1899.
Jos. E. Dougherty	Engineer	Rochester, N. Y.	By order, August 16, 1899.
Jas. F. Greek	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.	By order, September 29, 1899.
Chas. J. Green	Farmer	Goldendale, Wash.	By order, August 30, 1899.
Geo. Green	Carpenter	Spokane, Wash.	Disability, August 28, 1898.
Gilbert Haigh	Barber	Buddenfield, Eng.	By order, August 30, 1899.
Geo. W. Harlan	Carpenter	Spokane, Wash.	By order, August 30, 1899.
David Hyatt	Clerk	" " "	By order, September 29, 1898.
John C. Klein	Farmer	Aurora, Canada.	By order, September 29, 1899.
Thos. A. Lemon	Printer	Sacramento, Cal.	By order, Dec. 9, 1898. (36th U. S. V.)
Alex. J. MacDonald	Prospector	Spokane, Wash.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. A. May	Clerk	Hibbing, Minn.	By order, November 16, 1898.
John W. McArthur	Lumber-man	Newark, N. J.	By order, April 1, 1899.
Jas. McCauley	Laborer	Clair, Mich.	By order, July 3, 1899. (36th U. S. A.)
Wm. H. Melville	Cook	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. A. Myers	Printer	Archibald, Penn.	By order, August 30, 1899.
Jos. O'Hara	Miner	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899.
Elbert W. Owen	Miner	" "	By order, Sept. 2, 1899. (36th U.S.V.)
Frank Rivers	Switchman	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 15, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. W. Rolfe	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.	By order, November 16, 1898.
Wm. C. Russell	Teamster	Washington, D. C.	By order, June 7, 1899.
Geo. Scott	Miner	Spokane Wash.	By order, July 3, 1899.
Ray Spear	Clerk	Seward, Neb.	By order, August 26, 1899.
John W. Stephens	Farmer	Spokane, Wash.	By order, July 26, 1899.
Henry Yake	Hardware-man	Spokane, Wash.	By order, October 11, 1898.

TRANSFERRED.

Robert L. Clarke	Baker	Pana, Ill.	To Hospital Corps, Dec. 27, 1898.
Jeremiah L. Dore	Laborer	Farmington, S. D.	To Company F, March 29, 1899.
Chas. H. Merriam	Lawyer	Spokane, Wash.	To Company L, January 19, 1899.
Morton G. Smith	Printer	" " "	To Company L, June 6, 1898.
Geo. M. Stiles	Druggist	" " "	To Hospital Corps, August 29, 1898.

DESERTED.

Wm. P. Andrews			At San Francisco, Cal.
Ernest C. Cook			At San Francisco, Cal.
Fred. C. McNutt			At San Francisco, Cal.
Hartley T. Norman			At San Francisco, Cal.

WOUNDED.

Albert H. Otis, Capt	Wounded in right cheek, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Edw. K. Erwin, 1st Lieut	Wounded in left shoulder, near blockhouse No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Jas. A. Timewell, Q. M. Sergt	Wounded in left forearm, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., Feb. 5, 1899.
Kindall Fellowes, Sergt	Wounded in left hip, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Chas. F. Delano, Corp	Wounded in left hand, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
John F. Mitchell, Corp	Wounded in left leg, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Fred'k W. Schander, Corp	Wounded in right cheek and right shoulder, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Jos. E. Dougherty	Wounded in left hip and left leg, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Wm. C. Everett	Wounded in right shoulder, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Win. R. Fait	Wounded in left forearm, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Jas. F. Greek	Wounded in left shoulder, near block house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Otto H. Hoppe	Wounded in head, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
John C. Klein	Wounded in lower jaw, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Wm. A. Myers	Wounded in left forearm, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Elbert W. Owen	Wounded in neck, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Frank Rivers	Wounded in right elbow, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Oscar Sowards	Wounded in right elbow, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Geo. Zuppe	Wounded in right knee, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.

DEAD.

Geo. W. McGowan, Corp	Killed in action, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Rich'd H. McLean, Died of wounds received in action, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 27, 1899.	
Ralph W. Simonds	Killed in action, near block-house No. 11, Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.



COMPANY I
Taken in front of church at Taguig, especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY I.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

WILLIAM B. BUFFUM, Captain, Company I, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., in 1858. He attended the public schools of Pennsylvania, the University of Pennsylvania and Iron City College, Pennsylvania. He belonged to the National Guard of Pennsylvania for nine years, and was three years in the Duquesne Grays, Pittsburg, and was six years in the 18th Regiment. He went to Washington in 1883 and joined Company E, 2d Regiment, Washington. He belonged to Company E for one year, and was Adjutant of the same regiment for two years. He was promoted to Captain, and has held that rank in the 2d Regiment since 1892. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered in as Captain of Company I. He was in all engagements with his company.

THOMAS D. HART, 1st Lieutenant, Company I, was born in Louisville, Ky., July 6, 1865. He was occupied in civil life in the newspaper business. He came to the coast from Kentucky in 1871, and lived in Albany, Or., in 1879, and went to Washington the same year. He joined the National Guard at Walla Walla, Wash., in 1884, and was promoted from Sergeant of Company A to 2d Lieutenant of the same company in 1889. He was promoted to 1st Lieutenant in 1890, and left the National Guard in 1891. In 1894 he went into what was then known as Company C, 2d Regiment, National Guard, as 2d Lieutenant, and remained with the company until mustered into the United States service as 2d Lieutenant of Company I. He was promoted to 1st Lieutenant, August 25, 1899. He was with his company in all engagements.

CHARLES S. BUFFUM, 2d Lieutenant, Company I, was born on May 26, 1865, in Pittsburg, Pa. His occupation in civil life is Deputy County Clerk of Walla Walla County. He removed to Washington in 1884, and was one of the organizers of Company I, Washington National Guard, of which he has been a member for six years. He was company Quartermaster Sergeant in Company I, 2d Regiment, and was promoted to 1st Sergeant May 22, 1899, and to 2d Lieutenant August 25, 1899. He took part with the company in every engagement during the campaign in the Philippines. He was conspicuous for gallantry at the Battle of Santa Ana, where he took part with his company in the charge at Fortson's Mound. His residence is Walla Walla, Wash.

Co. I—1st Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
W. F. Buffum Capt.	Miller	Walla Walla, Wash.
Thos. D. S. Hart, 1st Lieut.	Journalist	" "
Chas. S. Buffum, 2d Lieut.	Clerk	" "
David R. Roche, 1st Sergt.	Plumber	" "
Claude M. Berry, Q. M. Sergt.	Student	Pendleton, Or.
Edwin R. Collins, Sergt.	Journalist	Walla Walla, Wash.
Lemuel C. Goodwin, Sergt.	Merchant	" "
Wm. F. Crowe, Sergt.	Lawyer	" "
Neil McDougall, Sergt.	Machinist	" "
Chas. W. McKean, Corp.	Clerk	" "
Chas. S. Painter, Corp.	Farmer	" "
Geo. W. O'Neil, Corp.	Plumber	" "
Virgil A. Walker, Corp.	Laborer	" "
Fred C. Howard, Corp.	Clerk	" "
Wm. B. Miller, Corp.	Laborer	" "
Harry W. Howard, Corp.	Miner	" "
Wm. J. Ward, Corp.	Butcher	" "
Sylvester C. McCready, Corp.	Laborer	Macedonia, Ia.
Rolla R. Proudfoot, Corp.	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Milford H. Broughton, Corp.	Student	" "
Myra Cusker, Corp.	Farmer	" "
Nat B. Hart, Musician	Messenger	" "
Wm. Henningsen, Musician	Laborer	" "
Chas. G. Schumway, Artificer	Carpenter	" "
James B. Cockrill, Cook	Farmer	" "
PRIVATES.		
Donald L. Abbott	Horseman	Portland, Or.
Andrew T. Amos	Student	Colfax, Wash.
Herbert Angell	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Peter Baumgartner	Cattleman	" "
Bert Berland	Farmer	Willow, Or.
Jos. W. Buttz	Farmer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Albert Dawson	Laborer	" "
James M. Derrey	Laborer	Golden Dale, Wash.
Bert S. Embree	Clerk	North Yakima, Wash.
Albert Foster	Painter	Walla Walla, Wash.
Wm. C. Gates	Laborer	" "
John A. Graham	Painter	" "
Alex T. Glenn	Farmer	" "
Jos. W. Goodwin	Clerk	" "
Wm. H. Hardy	Miner	" "
Edw. F. Hare	Telegraph Operator	" "
Chas. W. Harman	Laborer	" "
Floyd W. Holmes	Printer	" "
Morton M. Ingram	Student	" "
Wm. K. Johnson	Laborer	" "
Daniel J. Jones	Printer	" "
Conrad Kohl	Teamster	" "
Thos. A. Kohl	Cook	" "
John H. Leroux	Blacksmith	" "
Kenneth McDonald	Student	Medical Lake, Wash.
Eugene A. McDonald	Miner	Walla Walla, Wash.
John H. McDonald	Farmer	" "
Fred O. Myers	Baker	" "
John L. Naught	Farmer	" "
Chas. A. Palmer	Laborer	" "
Roy R. Painter	Student	" "
Guy M. Parmelee	Clerk	" "
Frank N. Parker	Printer	" "
Chas. S. Preston	Farmer	" "
Victor J. Ricardo	Laborer	" "
Ernest H. Rice	Laborer	" "
Lewis Rice	Laborer	" "

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	ADDRESS
Chas. Sander	Farmer		Walla Walla, Wash
Robt. C. Shackelton	Clerk		
Godfrey Stapf	Farmer		
Edmund Titsworth	Miner		
Guy A. Turner	Clerk		
John T. Wright	Railroad-man		
NAME	OCCUPATION	DISCHARGED.	REMARKS
Morrow C. Gustin, 1st Lieut	Hardware-man	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 21, 1899. Re-enlisted 1st Lieut. 11th Cav.
Edwin S. Buffum, 1st Sergt	Accountant	Walla Walla, Wash	By order, October 21, 1898.
Win. Ruddock, 1st Sergt	Painter	" "	By order, May 22, 1899.
John W. Brewer, Corp.	Teacher	" "	By order, October 17, 1898.
Allen Smith, Jr., Corp	Clerk	Manila, P. I.	By order, April 27, '99. Re-enlisted 2d Lieut. 9th Inf.
Harry Debus, Corp	Clerk	Walla Walla, Wash	By order, October 17, 1898.
Ben. F. Goldman, Corp	Clerk	" "	By order, August 31, 1899.
Ira R. Crouwell, Corp	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 1, 1899.
Edgar H. Anderson	Harness-maker	Walla Walla, Wash	Disability, Oct. 26, '98. [36th U.S.V.
Ernest L. Barber	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted
Don Cramer	Logger	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.
Frank J. Ellison	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 5, 1899. Re-enlisted 11th Cav.
Bluford M. Faris	Painter	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted
Ernest H. A. Fischer	Laborer	Cashel, S. D.	Disability, Sept. 18, '99. [36th U.S.V.
Chas. J. Irwin	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.
Fred Johnson	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 27, 1899. Re-enlisted
Henry Lane	Farmer	Walla Walla, Wash	Disability, Nov. 1, '98. [11th Cav.
Newton J. Nicholson	Clerk	" "	By order, October 27, 1898.
Edw. Orsell	Gardener	" "	By order, July 3, 1899.
Christ A. Parks	Student	" "	Disability, Oct. 1, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Fred Ray	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Geo. G. Robertson	Teacher	Greenup, Ill.	By order, Aug. 5, '99. [36th U. S. V.
John W. Rose	Miner	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 8, 1899. Re-enlisted
Benj. F. Shuck	Steward	" "	By order, July 23, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.
Eilert T. Skaar	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 27, 1899. Re-enlisted 11th Cav.
Wm. F. Sullivan	Cook	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 23, 1899. Re-enlisted
Fred A. Ward	Railroad-man	Walla Walla, Wash	By order, Oct. 27, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Geo. W. Ward	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 1, 1899.
NAME	OCCUPATION	TRANSFERRED.	
Jas. C. Barker	Clerk	Walla Walla, Wash	To Hospital Corps, August 1, 1898
Clinton F. Buffum	Warehouse-man	" "	To Regimental Band Jan. 22, 1899.
Albert J. Burrows	Engineer	" "	To Hospital Corps August 20, 1898.
Albert Knudson	Student	" "	To Chaplain April 7, 1899.
Jas. F. Medley	Lineman	" "	To Signal Corps, March 10, 1899.
Fred Sanford	Telegraph Opr	Manila, P. I.	To Signal Corps, March 10, 1899.
Frank W. Smith	Telegraph Opr	Walla Walla, Wash	To Signal Corps, March 10, 1899.
NAME	OCCUPATION	WOUNDED.	
Niel McDougall, Sergt		Wounded in body at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.	
Ben. F. Goldman, Corp		Wounded in left hand at Taytay, P. I., June 2, 1899.	
Rolla R. Prudfoot, Corp		Wounded in neck at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.	
Myra Cusker, Corp		Wounded in neck at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.	
Ernest H. A. Fischer		Wounded in body at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.	
NAME	OCCUPATION	DEAD.	
Miles E. Kyger, Corp		Died of typhoid fever at Manila, P. I., February 3, 1899.	
Allen E. Carlyle		Died of typhoid fever at Manila, P. I., January 16, 1899.	
Sherman C. Harding		Killed in action at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.	
Earl A. Jeans		Died of typhoid fever at Manila, P. I., January 25, 1899.	
Daniel T. Kyger		Died of typhoid fever at Manila, P. I., February 8, 1899.	
Edw. H. Perry		Killed in action at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.	

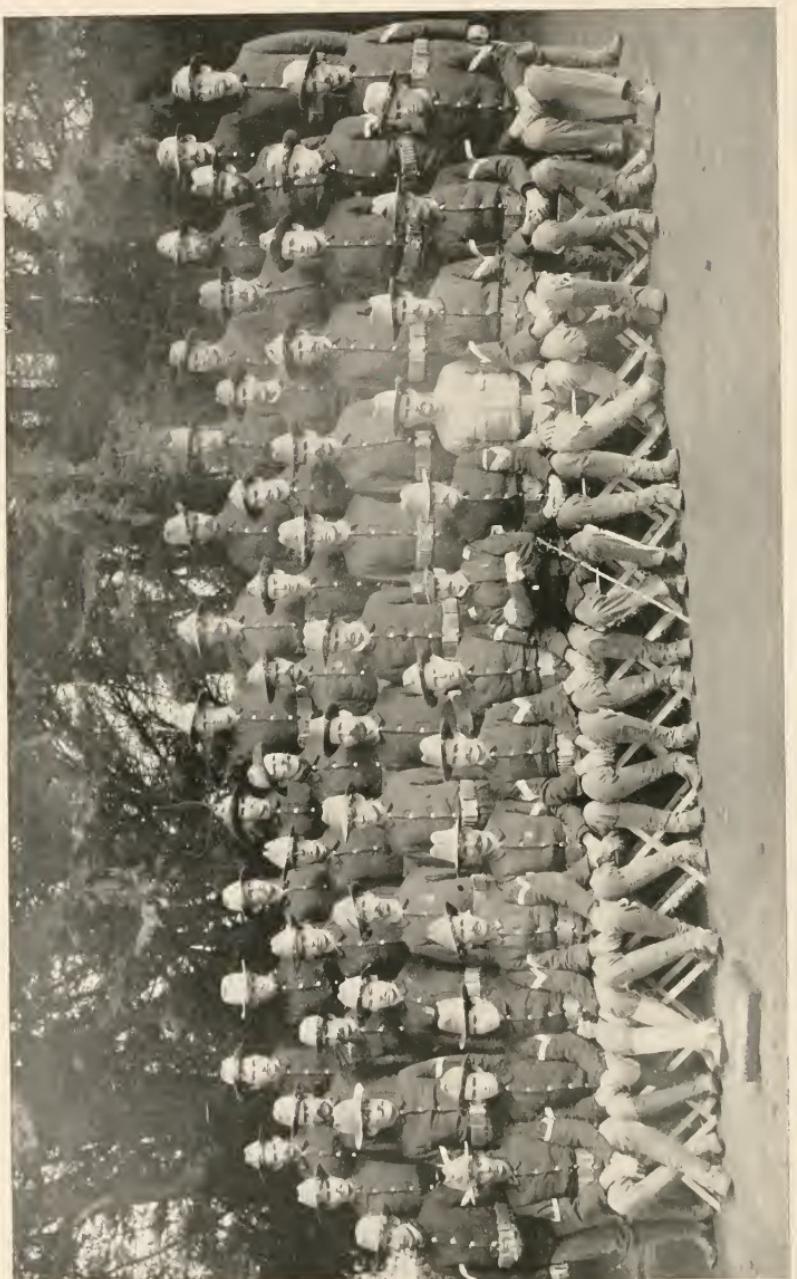


Photo by Ralbreyer.

COMPANY K.
Taken at Presidio after return from Manilla.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY K.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

CHARLES T. SMITH, Captain, Company K, was born in Dubuque, Iowa, August 16, 1861. At the age of 2 years he came to San Francisco with his parents, and lived on Mission street for two years, and then went with his family to Willamette County, Or., and was raised on a farm there up to the age of 18, when he went to Walla Walla, Wash. He learned blacksmithing and machinery business. He went into business with Brand & Smith, a firm at Waitsburg, Wash. He conducted a large machine-shop and foundry up to the time war broke out and was doing a large business. He was married in 1884 and has four children. He joined the National Guard of Washington, December 1, 1886, and was the organizer of Company D, 2d Regiment, Wash. He was promoted to Corporal, then to Sergeant, which rank he held continuously until May 1, 1892, when he was promoted to 1st Lieutenant. On December 1, 1897, on the retirement of Capt. H. G. Shuman, he was promoted to Captain. At the outbreak of war he went into service as Captain of Company K. He was in all engagements with his company, and never lost a day while in the Philippines. He was Chief of the fire department of Waitsburg, Wash., and also a member of the City Council, Board of Trade, and was a member of the Waitsburg Band.

JESSIE H. ARNOLD, 1st Lieutenant, Company K, was born in McLean County, Illinois, April 19, 1873. He removed to Washington in 1880. His occupation in civil life is that of a miller. He enlisted as a private in the National Guard, State of Washington, September 15, 1892, and was promoted to Corporal, and later, to Sergeant of Company D, 3d Battalion. On November 27, 1897, he was appointed 1st Lieutenant. He was mustered into the United States volunteer service May 12, 1898, and commissioned 1st Lieutenant of Company K. His residence is Waitsburg, Wash.

JOHN B. CALDWELL, 2d Lieutenant, Company K, was born March 18, 1856, at Deer Creek, Calaveras County, Cal. His occupation in civil life is jeweler and watchmaker. He removed to Washington in 1880, and was a member of the National Guard of the State of Washington twelve years; was promoted to Sergeant and then to 2d Lieutenant. He was mustered into the service of the United States as 2d Lieutenant in Company K, at Camp Rogers, May 12, 1898. He took part with his company in the Battle of Santa Ana, February 4th and 5th in the forenoon, and in the afternoon was sent with his company to Cingalon to support the 14th Inf. He took part in every engagement of his company, except two—Cainta and Morong. His residence is at Waitsburg, Wash.

Co. K - 1st Battalion.

NAM.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.
Chas. T. Smith, Capt	Blacksmith	Waitsburg, Wash.
Jesse H. Arnold, 1st Lieut	Miller	" "
John B. Caldwell, 2d Lieut	Jeweler	" "
Thompson M. McKinney, 1st Sergt	Lawyer	" "
Arthur Roberts, Q. M. Sergt	Electrician	" "
Otto B. Smith, Sergt	Grocer	" "
Frank W. Cobb, Sergt	Student	" "
Oscar M. Haynes, Sergt	Farmer	" "
John H. Jones, Sergt.	Student	Wilbur, Wash.
Edw. J. Ground, Cook	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Chas. R. James, Corp	Barber	" "
John F. Smith, Corp	Mason	" "
Herbert L. Collier, Corp	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Otto O. Haughton, Corp	Laborer	Peru, Ind.
Robt. E. Bucklin, Corp	Student	Port Blakely, Wash.
Alfred B. Christensen, Corp	Laborer	Farmington, Wash.
Otis L. Denny, Corp	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Joshua Barnes, Corp	Farmer	" "
John Buermann, Corp	Laborer	Pullman, Wash.
Edw. C. Hanford, Corp.	Student	Seattle, Wash.
Alex. G. Henry, Corp	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
David H. Robertson, Corp	Machinist	Buffalo, N. Y.
Andrew M. Peasner, Musician	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Geo. E. Covert, Artificer	Engineer	Spokane, Wash.
Chas. Mitchem, Wagoner	Farmer	Waitsburg, Wash.
PRIVATE'S.		
Guy W. Barnett	Laborer	Pullman, Wash.
Oliver O. Breeze	Clerk	Waitsburg, Wash.
John B. Buckley	Molder	Tacoma, Wash.
Joel C. Caldwell	Student	Waitsburg, Wash.
Wm. H. Canovin	Clerk	Chicago, Ill.
Jesse Crick	Laborer	Olympia, Wash.
John E. Foss	Laborer	Prescott, Wash.
Robt. E. Garnett	Clerk	Springfield, Mo.
Alfred O. Gerking	Farmer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Isaac H. Hammill	Logger	Saltum, Wash.
Robt. J. Harris	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Ralph R. Hazelton	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Wm. Hinchliffe	Laborer	" "
Chas. S. Johnson	Laborer	" "
Wm. J. Keyes	Carpenter	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. B. Libbey	Musician	Ballard, Wash.
Eli L. Ludwig	Student	Waitsburg, Wash.
Harry K. MacKay	Engineer	Pullman, Wash.
Wm. S. McHugh	Farmer	Blue Springs, Neb.
Wm. McMullen	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
John E. Mendonce	Railroad-man	Waitsburg, Wash.
Henry O. Meyer	Tailor	Arcata, Cal.
Lewis C. Mikkelsen	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Thos. L. Munroe	Clerk	Pullman, Wash.
Frank M. Parton	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Howard S. Perkins	Laborer	" "
Samuel N. Roberts	Stone-cutter	South Tacoma, Wash.
Frank L. Rose	Fireman	West Granville, Mass.
Richard Schaefer	Laborer	Milwaukee, Wis.
Chas. F. Scholtz	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
Ferdinand Scott	Railroad-man	South Tacoma, Wash.
Antone J. Sweazy	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Emmanuel J. Sweazy	Stenographer	" "
Chas. J. Thurnquist	Laborer	South Tacoma, Wash.
August Toellner	Student	Van Asselt, Wash.
Wm. L. Tucker	Miller	Wilbur, Wash.
Luther M. Wakefield	Student	Coldwater, Mo.
Oliver Walker	Farmer	Waitsburg, Wash.
Fred Wilkenssen	Farmer	" "

DISCHARGED.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.	REMARKS.
Jas. Williams, 1st Sergt	Carpenter	Waitsburg, Wash	By order, April 13, 1899.
Jas. B. Chenowth, Sergt.	Laborer	" "	By order, August 31, 1899.
Wm. Chenowth, Sergt.	Grocer	" "	By order, October 9, 1898.
Edw. Kimmel, Sergt.	Teacher	Manila, P. I	[2d Lieut. U. S. A.
John P. Egan, Corp	Soldier	" "	By order, Aug. 12, '98. Re-enlisted
Moses E. Arnold	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash	By order, July 22, '99. Re-enlisted
Harry Brashier	Nurse	Manila, P. I	Disability, Aug. 28, '98. [37th U. S. V.
John G. Broyles	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash	By order, September 3, 1899.
Carroll C. Calkins	Brakeman	Tacoma, Wash...	Disability, Aug. 19, 1898.
Simon Castles	(Not given)	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 16, '99. [36th U.S.V.
Wm. H. Dongherty	Cook	Tacoma, Wash	By order, July 7, 1899. Re-enlisted
Frank Gilderman	Collar-maker	" "	By order, Aug. 31, 1899.
Alonzo N. Hanson	Student	Palouse, Wash	By order, Oct. 28, 1898.
Peter C. Hanson	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Mch. 31, 1899. [11th Cav.
Wm. Heilig	Soldier	" "	By order, Aug. 26, '99. Re-enlisted
Edw. J. Hutchings	Waiter	" "	By order, Aug. 28, '99. Re-enlisted
Thos. J. L. Kennedy	Student	Puyallup, Wash	By order, Aug. 26, '99. [11th Cav.
Olaf Larson	Cook	Manila, P. I	Disability, Nov. 9, '98. [36th U.S.V.
Jas. J. McKenzie	Laborer	" "	By order, July 7, 1899. Re-enlisted
John D. Moore	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash	By order, September 3, 1899.
Courtney Morris	Waiter	Manila, P. I	Disability, Aug. 24, '98. [36th U.S.V.
Martin J. Niles	Shingle-worker	" "	By order, July 7, 1899. Re-enlisted
Louis P. Newman	Sailor	Franklin, Wash	By order, Apr. 13, '99. [37th U.S.V.
John O'Donnell	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 26, '99. Re-enlisted
Ora F. Palmer	Laborer	Waitsburg, Wash	By order, July 7, 1899. Re-enlisted
Frank J. Pratt, Jr	Lawyer	Seattle, Wash	Disability, Jan. 25, '99. [36th U.S.V.
Fred M. Scholtz	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, August 11, 1898.
John M. Scholtz	Laborer	" "	By order, September 1, 1899.
Harry F. Schaffer	Student	" "	By order, September 1, 1899.
Andrew Shaw	Lawyer	" "	By order, Sept. 3, 1899. [11th Cav.
Frank H. Skieles	Student	Pullman, Wash	By order, Aug. 26, '99. Re-enlisted
Alonzo Snipes	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, June 10, 1898. [11th Cav.
Clement B. Witt	Printer	Waitsburg, Wash.	By order, Aug. 22, '99. Re-enlisted
			Disability, August 30, 1899.

DESERTED.

Frank Baker	Railroad-man	Tacoma, Wash	At Vancouver, Wash., July 1, 1898.
Martin J. Doyle	Engineer	" "	At Santa Ana, P. I., April 5, 1899.

TRANSFERRED.

John T. Dawson, Corp	Physician	Toledo, Ohio	To Hosp. Corps, September 7, 1899.
Geo. U. Brand	Musician	Waitsburg, Wash	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Miles A. DeGolier	Jeweler	Seattle, Wash	To Signal Corps, March 25, 1899.
Geo. W. Harlan	Carpenter	Manila, P. I	To Co. A, May 17, 1899.
Nelson P. Johnson	Musician	Seattle, Wash	To Regimental Band, July 1, 1898.
Edgar H. Leonard	Musician	Dayton, Wash	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Chas. Wald	Musician	Seattle, Wash	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Frank D. Wickersham	Laborer	" "	To 1st Idaho, June 25, 1898.

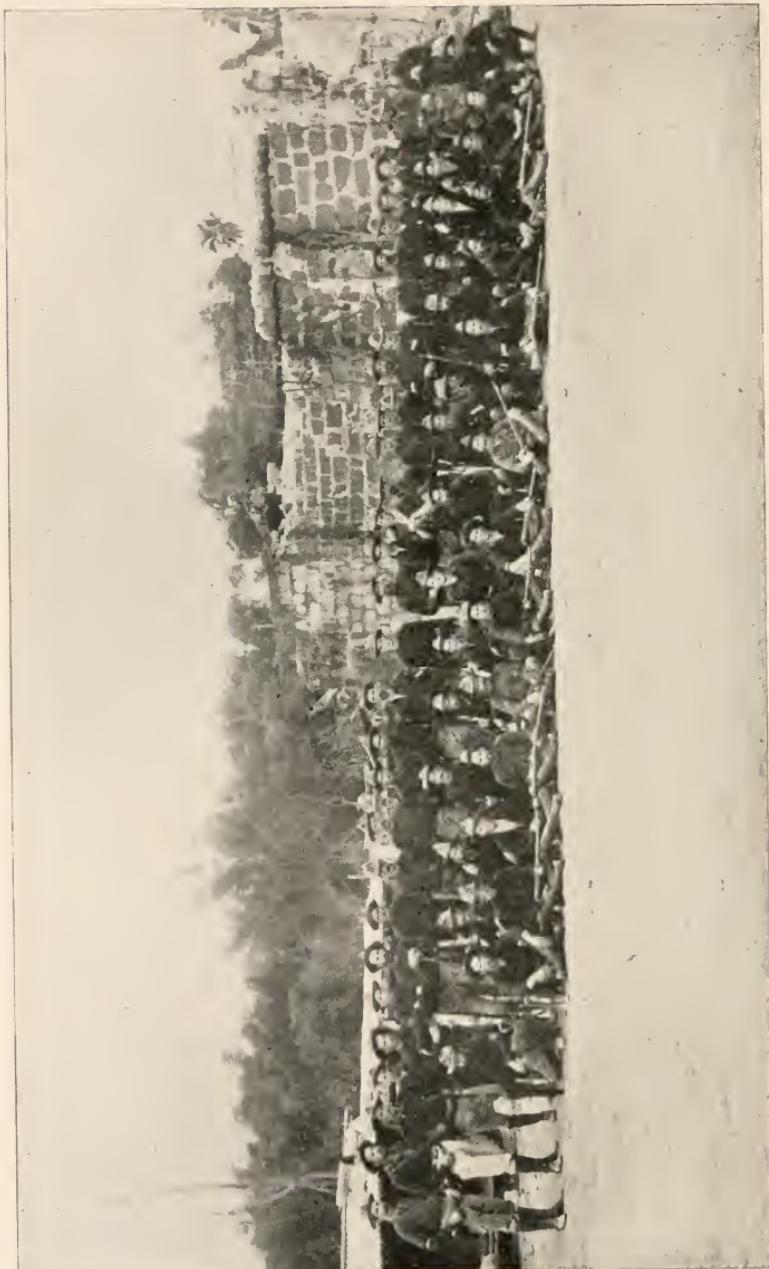
WOUNDED.

Andrew M. Peasner, Musician		Wounded in left knee at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Frank L. Rose		Wounded in abdomen at San Pedro Macati, P. I., March 6, 1899.
Robt. E. Bucklin, Corp		Wounded in left thigh near Laguna de Bay, P. I., March 19, 1899.
Thos. L. Munroe		Wounded in scalp at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Wm. Hincliffe		Wounded in left hand at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Otis L. Denny, Corp		Wounded in left knee and right breast near San Pedro Macati, August 18, 1899.

DEAD.

Fred C. Buhmann		Died of disease at Manila, P. I., September 1, 1899.
Leslie A. Hill		Died of typhoid fever at San Francisco, Cal., November 7, 1898.
Christ J. Lynch		Died of disease at San Francisco, Cal., August 25, 1898.
Alton A. Rinchart		Killed in action at Guadalupe, P. I., February 20, 1899.
John Smith		Died of dysentery at Manila, P. I., August 15, 1899.
Chas. Zuger		Died of typhoid fever at San Francisco, Cal., September 8, 1898.

Wash 6



COMPANY B.
Taken in front of the trenches at Pasig, especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY B.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MATTHEW H. GROMLEY, Captain, Company B, was born in Delevan, Wis., March 18, 1867. His occupation in civil life is that of a building contractor. He went to Washington in 1878, and graduated from the University of Washington in 1886. He joined Company B of the National Guard of Seattle, Wash., in 1886, and was promoted to 2d Lieutenant in 1893, and 1st Lieutenant two years later. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered into the 1st Washington Volunteer Inf., as 1st Lieutenant of Company B. On April 10, 1899, he was promoted to Captain, to take the place of Capt. Fortson, who was killed at Pasig, March 26, 1899. He was in all engagements with his company.

H. G. MOSS, 1st Lieutenant, Company B, was born near Buffalo, N. Y., August 5, 1871. He removed with his parents to the Pacific Coast in 1877, and to Seattle in 1886, where he attended the public schools and university until 1890. He enlisted in Company B, National Guard of Washington, in May, 1890, as a private, and was with the company during the mining trouble at the Franklin Mine, in 1891. He was promoted to Corporal in 1891, to Sergeant in 1892, to 1st Sergeant in 1894, and to 2d Lieutenant in February, 1895, and in this capacity accompanied his regiment during the fishing trouble on the Columbia River in 1896. He was enrolled on April 25, 1898, and mustered into the United States service May 7, 1898, as 2d Lieutenant of Company B. In December, 1898, he was appointed regimental signal officer, and served in that capacity during his stay in the Philippines. He was on court-martial work for two and a half months. He was promoted April 10, 1899, to 1st Lieutenant of Company B, on account of the death of the Captain, who was killed in action. His residence is at Green Lake, Wash.

CHARLES E. HEAD, 2d Lieutenant, Company B, was born January 17, 1875, near Rochester, Ind. His occupation in civil life is a printer. He removed to Washington in July, 1887, and joined the National Guard in 1893. He was mustered into the United States service as 1st Duty Sergeant of Company B, May 7, 1898. He took part in the Battle of Santa Ana, February 4th and 5th, and was in the trenches, at San Pedro Macati, until the 13th of March, 1899. He was in the Battle of Pasig City, March 26, 1899, at the capture of Cainta and Taytay, June 3, 1899, and the capture of Morong, June 4, 1899. He was promoted to 1st Sergeant, October 18, 1898, and to 2d Lieutenant, April 10, 1899. His residence is at Seattle, Wash.

Co. B—1st Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Mathew H. Gromley, Capt.	Carpenter	Seattle, Wash.
Harvey J. Moss, 1st Lieut.	Clerk	" "
Chas. E. Head, 2d Lieut.	Printer	Fremont, Wash.
Walter E. Budlong, 1st Sergt.	Stenographer	Seattle, Wash.
Eugene Huckins, Sergt.	Teamster	" "
Ray D. Clarke, Sergt.	Salesman	" "
Fred' G. S. Herbert, Sergt.	Clerk	" "
Clare E. Clarke, Corp.	Printer	Noblesville, Ind.
Chas. L. Beamer, Corp.	Candy-maker	Hastings, Mich.
Sherwood F. Gorham, Corp	Lawyer	Washington, D. C.
Wm. A. Young, Corp.	Waiter	Eagle Bend, Minn.
Victor A. Sloan, Corp.	Clerk	Chicago, Ill.
Jack Vidler, Corp.	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.
Heber J. Kemper, Corp.	Student	" "
Geo. H. Gaches, Corp.	Student	La Connor, Wash.
Daniel S. Williamson, Corp.	Longshore-man	Abington, Ill.
Archie J. Smith, Corp.	Brakeman	Seattle, Wash.
Albert F. Pray, Cook	Painter	Crookston, Minn.
Jos. B. Gehring, Musician	Painter	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. F. Mackay, Musician	Bookkeeper	Aberdeen, Scotland.
Jas. A. Fitzhenry, Artificer	Millwright	Seattle, Wash.
Jas. E. Noland, Wagoner	Teamster	" "
PRIVATES.		
Chas. W. Brown	Cook	Minneapolis, Minn.
Edw. R. Brown	Electrician	Canal Dover, Ohio.
Henry C. Brunjes	Clerk	New York City.
Chas. H. Carder	Fireman	Seattle, Wash.
Chas. M. Claussen	Laundryman	Copenhagen, Denmark.
Wm. A. Clay	Accountant	Freeport, Ill.
Thos. Collon	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.
Chas. H. Corliss	Butcher	Everett, Mass.
Melvin J. Doherty	Draughtsman	St. Paul, Minn.
Wm. D. Downey	Carpenter	Seattle, Wash.
Eugene A. Fenton	Student	" "
Ernest F. Fisher	Bookkeeper	" "
Geo. W. Fitzhenry	Butcher	" "
Fred Gundlach	Clerk	White Bear Lake, Minn.
Adelbert Hammon	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Adouram Harrington	Molder	" "
Geo. C. Heppner	Tailor	" "
John J. Hunner	Miner	River Falls, Wis.
Daniel W. Kelley	Teamster	Seattle, Wash.
Carl Landsberg	Clerk	St. Peter, Minn.
Laurin L. Lawson	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Chas. J. Lynch	Student	" "
Fred T. Macomber	Logger	Leland, Wash.
A. E. W. Maguire	Railroadman	Seattle, Wash.
John G. McGlinn	Student	La Connor, Wash.
Hugh C. McLean	Clerk	Buckley, Wash.
Wm. J. Moran	Printer	Duluth, Minn.
Eric Nelson	Hunter	Mosters, Sweden.
John M. Page	Clerk	Brookland D. C.
John R. Painter	Druggist	Blacksburg, Va.
Frank Pinney	Barber	Madison, Neb.
Wm. Pyncheon	Carpenter	Seattle, Wash.
Channeey B. Rathbun	Student	Olympia, Wash.
Harry T. Redick	Printer	Seattle, Wash.
Robt. Robertson, Jr.	Clerk	" "
Grant Rodgers	Lumber-man	McLeansboro, Ill.
Edw. D. Smith	Miner	Shenandoah, Iowa.
Frank W. Smith	Student	Fairhaven, Wash.
John W. Snoke	Pharmacist	Puyallup, Wash.
Chas. Stein	Soldier	Seattle, Wash.
Ansel C. Taylor	Teamster	Kamloops, B. C.
Julius Von Gerste	Saddler	Hanover, Germany.
Fred. D. Wood	Lawyer	St. Joseph, Mo.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
John W. Stringer, 1st Sergt	Marshal	Seattle, Wash.	By order, October 11, 1898.
Wm. D. Covington, Q.M. Sergt.	Stenographer	" "	Disability, Sept. 5, '99. [36th U. S. V.]
Oscar A. McGee, Sergt.	Teamster	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 23, 1899. Re-enlisted
Ralph Ross, Sergt.	Clerk	Seattle, Wash	By order, October 9, 1899.
Merten E. Brewer, Corp	Student	Walla Walla, Wash.	By order, Oct. 13, 1898. [36th U.S.V.]
Thos. B. Crockett, Corp.	Law Student	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Smith K. Fitzhugh, Corp	Civil Engineer	" "	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Chester E. Hunter, Corp.	Millman	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Irving A. Jensen, Corp.	Electrician	Hudson, Wis.	By order, September 2, 1899.
Norval C. Mitchell, Corp.	Pressman	Seattle, Wash	By order, Sept. 2, '99. [36th U. S. V.]
Arthur C. Turner, Corp.	Engraver	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Roy L. Eldridge, Musician	Electrician	" "	By order, July 7, 1899. Re-enlisted
Jas. W. Badger,	Miner	Manila, P. I.	By order, August 23, 1899.
Adolph L. Bobet,	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.	Disability, Aug. 16, '99. [36th U. S. V.]
Fred. A. Brockway,	Surveyor	Manila P. I.	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Marion F. Crye,	Laborer	" "	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. F. Duncan	Steel Polisher	Seattle, Wash	Disability, December 28, 1898.
Samuel C. Fitzgerald	Physician	" "	By order, Aug. 9, 1898. [36th U. S. V.]
John Harrigan,	Plumber	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Adelbert L. Harris	Aeronaut	" "	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Chas. W. Kuse,	Stenographer	New York City, N. Y.	Disability, September 9, 1898.
Wm. H. Miller	Cook	Seattle, Wash	By order Sept. 2, 1899. [36th U. S. V.]
Alton M. Mills	Longshore-man	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Hiram H. Nelson	Barber	Seattle, Wash	By order, Sept. 9, 1899. [36th U. S. V.]
Howard M. Niclous	Blacksmith	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted [37th U. S. V.]
Reginald S. Paterson	Clerk	" "	By order, July 21, 1899. Re-enlisted
Emory W. Ross	Fireman	Seattle, Wash	Disability, August 31, 1899.
Theodore B. W. Schmidt	Cooper	" "	By order, September 2 1899.
Geo. L. Sly	Carpenter	New Orleans, La.	By order, Sept. 2, 1899. [36th U. S. V.]
Peter Smith	Mechanic	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted
Albert F. Waddell.	Laborer	Rainier, Wash	Disability, August 13, 1898.
Jas. A. Wallace	Printer	Seattle, Wash	By order, September 2, 1899.
Oliver D. Ward	Clerk	" "	By order, September 2, 1899.
Chas. E. Williams	Clerk	" "	By order, Oct. 24, '98. [36th U.S.V.]
Wm. R. Wood.	Clerk	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 30, 1899. Re-enlisted

TRANSFERRED.

Fred W. Reed, Corp.	Soldier	Cincinnati, Ohio	To Company C, January 17, 1899.
Chas. Connor	Barber	Seattle, Wash	To Company C February 1, 1899.
Geo. Haslop	Sailor	" "	To Company C, January 19, 1899.
Edgar T. Williams	Clerk	" "	To Company D, August 5, 1898.

WOUNDED.

Wm. D. Covington, Q. M. Sergt.	... Wounded in left arm at San Pedro Macati, P. I., March 13, 1899, and left thigh at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Albert F. Pray, Cook.	Wounded in the left arm at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Melvin J. Doherty	Wounded in the left leg at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Laurin L. Lawson	Wounded in the left thigh at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Reginald S. Paterson	Wounded in the left thigh at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Frank Pinney	Wounded in the left hand and stomach at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Oliver D. Ward	Wounded in the left hand at Pasig P. I., March 26, 1899.

DEAD.

Geo. H. Fortson, Capt	Killed in action at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Edw. L. Burnham	Died of typhoid fever at San Francisco, Cal., October 26, 1898.
Wm. C. Courtney	Killed in action at Pasig, P. I., March 26, 1899.
Royal E. Fletcher	Died of typhoid fever at Manila, P. I., January 28, 1899.



COMPANY E.
Eating their Christmas dinner at Paco. Taken especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY E.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MARSHALL S. SCUDDER, Captain, Company E, was born in Needham, Mass., May 9, 1870. He went to Washington in 1888. He was 1st Lieutenant in Troop C, National Guard of Washington, in 1893, and in 1894, was promoted to Captain. In 1895, the guard was reorganized and Troop C became Troop A. At the outbreak of the war the cavalry troop was turned into infantry in order to join the regiment. He was mustered out of the service as Captain of Company E. He was in all engagements with his company.

EDWARD J. YOUNG, 1st Lieutenant, Company E, was born in Oakland County, Mich., August 16, 1868. His occupation in civil life is that of rancher. He went to Washington in 1888, and joined the National Guard at North Yakima, Wash., in 1889. He was mustered into the National Guard as a private, and discharged as a Sergeant. He served four and a half years in Company E, of the 2d Regiment. He was enrolled in the United States service, at the outbreak of the war, as Sergeant of Company E, and was promoted to 1st Sergeant, August 18, 1898, at San Francisco, Cal. He was promoted to 2d Lieutenant, August 25, 1899, and to 1st Lieutenant, September 3, 1899. He was in all engagements with his company.

JOHN T. ALDERSON, 2d Lieutenant, Company E, was born at Fallbrook, Pa., January 7, 1868. He went to Washington in 1887, and joined the National Guard in 1891, and had continuous service in the National Guard, Troop A and Company E, serving in the different offices until he entered the United States service as Sergeant of Company E. He served both in the infantry and cavalry. He was promoted to 1st Sergeant, August 25, 1899, and to 2d Lieutenant, September 3, 1899. He was in all engagements with his company.

Co. E—2d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Marshall S. Scudder, Capt.	Rancher	North Yakima, Wash.
Edward J. Young, 1st Lieut.	Farmer	" " "
Jno. T. Alderson, 2d Lieut.	Farmer	" " "
Henry W. Leach, 1st Sergt	Laundry-man	" " "
Alfred T. Schano, Q. M. Sergt	Engineer	" " "
Jno. H. Wright, Sergt	Farmer	" " "
James N. Scott, Sergt	Painter	" " "
Jno. L. Druse, Sergt	Farmer	" " "
Chas. K. Brown, Sergt	Farmer	Olden, Mo.
Albert M. Ross, Corp.	Fireman	Flat Ridge, Va.
Jno. M. McCleary, Corp	Merchant	Gettysburg, Pa.
William Washburn, Corp	Soldier	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Elmer E. Grover, Corp.	Painter	Wapwallopen, Pa.
Frank H. Millican, Corp.	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Ulysses G. Bunce, Corp.	Machinist	North Yakima, Wash.
Herman L. Leeper, Corp.	Clerk	" " "
Harry F. Coombs, Corp	Photographer	" " "
Frank Rodes, Corp	Farmer	Colby, Wash.
Geo. S. Sexton, Corp	Brakeman	San Francisco Cal.
Dean D. Stair, Corp.	Clerk	North Yakima, Wash.
Paul W. Mathieson, Cook	Laborer	Milwaukee, Wis.
Frank E. Dillon, Musician	Laborer	Faribault, Minn.
Allen Converse, Artificer	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.
Horatio R. Jennings, Wagoner	Fireman	Crooston, Minn.
PRIVATES.		
Frank H. Aylworth	Painter	Dixon, Cal.
Paul K. Boyer	Miller	North Yakima, Wash.
Henry R. Brasselle	Tailor	Cleveland, Ohio.
Walter J. Brick	Clerk	Alameda, Cal.
John Cameron	Laborer	Kleinburg, Ont., Canada.
Chas. C. Coombs	Harness-maker	North Yakima, Wash.
Wm. T. Corder	Clerk	Prosser, Wash.
Edwin O. Dane	Student	Milwaukee, Wis.
Jerry L. Dore	Laborer	Farmington, Wis.
Chas. L. Dowell	Barber	Green Camp, Ohio.
Walter P. Fox	Clerk	Zillah, Wash.
Oral F. Gibson	Carpenter	Silverton, Ohio.
Charles Gosling	Butcher	North Yakima, Wash.
Curtis S. Greene	Clerk	" "
Henry H. Hagedorn	Farmer	Wenats, Wash.
Harry O. Hawley	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.
Howard D. Hazard	Farmer	Prescott, Wash.
Christian O. Horn	Carpenter	Alba, Mich.
Wm. A. Kelsay	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.
Geo. T. Lahar	Farmer	Stillwater, Okla.
Gerrit Leenwirk	Farmer	Rockvalley, Iowa.
Francis B. Lippincott	Clerk	Mt. Vernon, Wash.
Leo McDonald	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.
Jos. J. Mitchell	Laborer	Irwin Miss.
Chas. A. Niles	Teamster	Loupe City, Neb.
Geo. W. Nunnally	Laborer	Hartfort, Iowa.
Raymond W. Oakey	Stone-mason	Ashley, Wis.
Geo. S. Palmer	Laborer	Genesse, Idaho.
Jno. J. Sandmeyer	Printer	North Yakima, Wash.
Wm. G. Schaefer	Farmer	Tacoma, Wash.
Wm. Schoenhals	Farmer	Poetha, Ontario, Canada.
Tom. H. Scott	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.
Fred T. Sherwood	Farmer	" " "
Cecil M. Smith	Laborer	Brockley, London.
Edw. C. Spaulding	Teamster	North Yakima, Wash.
Wm. C. Stephens	Farmer	" " "
Herbert F. Stowe	Farmer	Zillah, Wash.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Spencer D. Swain	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.
Jno. E. Tomberlin	Carpenter	Tacoma, Wash.
James G. Triplett	Laborer	"
Mart Troy	Laborer	North Yakima, Wash.
Amos W. Waddington	Laborer	" "
David B. Wall	Printer	Osceola, Iowa.
Peter P. Walker	Farmer	Nile, Wash.
C. T. Gray Wilgus	Mechanic	North Yakima, Wash.
Oliver A. Westfall	Laborer	Caldwell, Idaho.
Harry A. Williams	Laborer	North Yakima, Wash.
Frank W. Woolsey	Farmer	" "

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
James W. Spahr, Corp.	Teacher	Forest, Ohio.	Disability, August 31, 1899.
Harry E. Roberts, Musician	Musician	Montesano, Wash.	By order, August 2, 1899.
James S. Adams	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.	By order, July 7, 1899.
Chas. M. Allen	Laborer	Oceard, Mich.	By order, September 2, 1899.
Wm. H. Bruce	Barber	Toledo, Wash.	Disability, August 11, 1898.
Con. Crimmins	Laborer	Boston, Mass.	By order, July 7, 1899.
Arthur W. Douglass	Farmer	Zillah, Wash.	By order, August 22, 1899.
Raymond Drake	Soldier	Tacoma, Wash.	By order, November 16, 1898.
Stephen P. Drake	Lineman	Tacoma, Wash.	By order, March 3, 1899.
John J. Wimer	Farmer	Canton, S. D.	Disability, August 1, 1898.
Chas. H. Wimer	Farmer	Canton, S. D.	Disability, August 11, 1898.
Jesse E. Friend	Laborer	North Yakima, Wash.	Disability, August 11, 1898.
Martin B. Selman	Laborer	North Yakima, Wash.	Disability, September 26, 1898.
Clarence M. Howland	Basket-maker	Waterville, Wash.	Disability, September 29, 1898.
Edmond Hanson	Blacksmith	Mt. Pleasant, Utah	Disability, October 26, 1898.
Claude W. Harkness	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.	By order, November 16, 1898.
Fred Vest	Laborer	Lakeport, Cal.	Disability, December 28, 1898.
Clyde W. Stewart	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.	Disability, April 27, 1899.
Chauncey Forward	Carpenter	Silverton, Oregon	By order, July 7, 1899.
William Patterson	Brickmaker	Kansas City, Kan.	By order, July 7, 1899.
John Kane	Laborer	Everett, Wash.	By order, July 10, 1899.
Harley J. Hill	Printer	Tampico, Wash.	By order, August 27, 1899.
Herbert L. Osburn	Farmer	North Yakima, Wash.	By order, August 31, 1899.
Walter A. Perkins	Printer	Ellensburg, Wash.	By order, July 25, 1899.

TRANSFERRED.

Don Dewitt	Ranchman	North Yakima, Wash.	To Hospital Corps, August 25, 1898.
Max E. Englehardt	Clerk	North Yakima, Wash.	To Hospital Corps, August 25, 1898.

DESERTED.

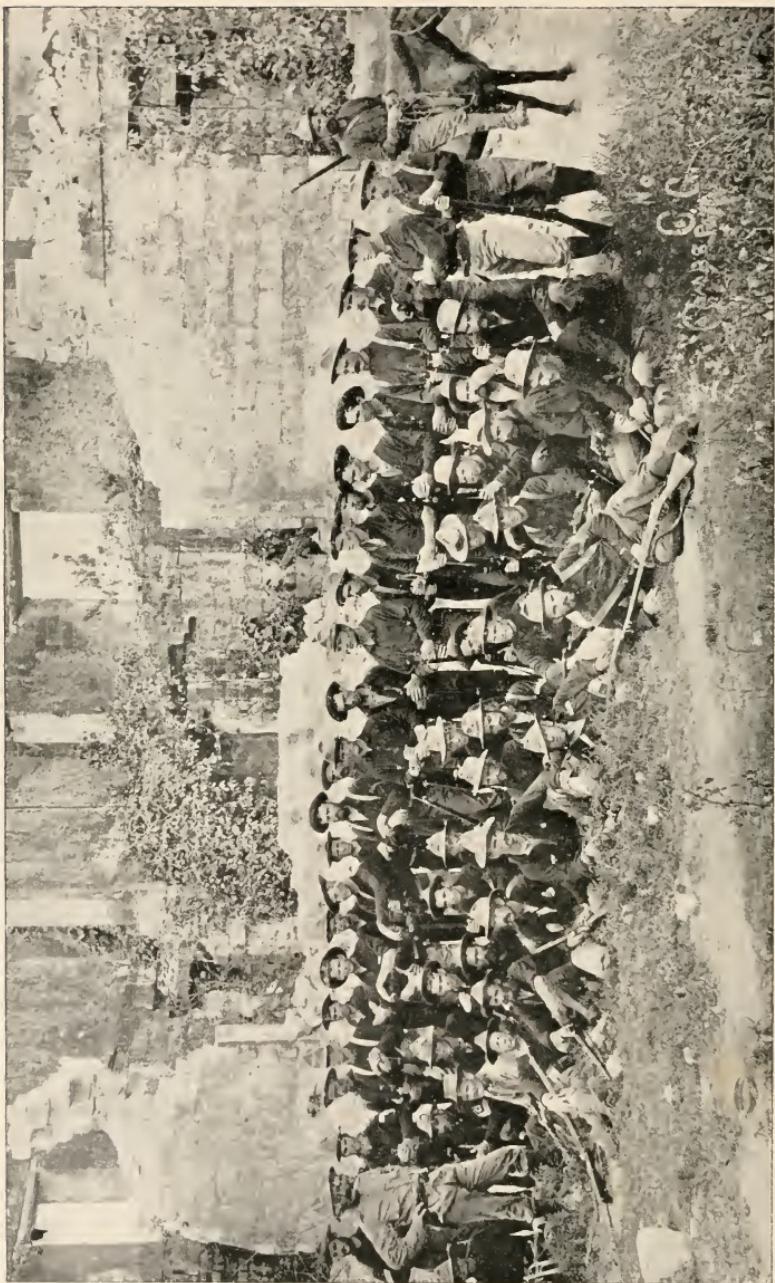
Wm Driscoll, Corp.		Deserted at Presidio, Cal., June 23, 1898.
Fred C. Schwartzburg, Artificer		Deserted at Presidio, Cal., June 21, 1898.
Wm. Sampson		Deserted at Presidio, Cal., June 21, 1898.
Peter J. Jost		Deserted at Presidio, Cal., September 13, 1898.
Frank E. Steele		Deserted at Presidio, Cal., October 27, 1898.
John R. Peel		Deserted at San Francisco, Cal., October 28, 1898.

WOUNDED.

Henry W. Leach, 1st Sergt		Wounded in left arm at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
Alfred T. Shanno, Sergt		Wounded in right hip at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
John H. Wright, Sergt		Wounded in right cheek at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
John Cameron		Wounded in right leg at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
Walter P. Fox		Wounded in right shoulder at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
Christian O. Horn		Wounded in left ear at Guadalupe Church, February 22, 1899.
Wm. C. Stephens		Wounded in left arm at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
Amos Waddington		Wounded in left cheek at Guadalupe Church, February 22, 1899.
Herbert L. Osburn		Wounded in head at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899, and in chest at Guadalupe Church, February 20, 1899.

DEAD.

Frank Smith		Killed in action at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Geo. B. Reichert		Killed in action at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Mathias H. Cherry		Killed in action at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Ralph E. Shearer	Died February 6th, of wounds received in action at Santa Ana, P. I.,	February 5, 1899.
R. E. Van Buskirk		Killed in action at Pateros, P. I., March 11, 1899.
Jno. C. Baggott		Died of typhoid fever at Presidio, Cal., October 20, 1898.



COMPANY G.

Taken in front of ruins at Pasig, especially for CAMPING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY G.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

M. F. ELLRICH, Captain, Company G, 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V., was born June 18, 1854, in Germany. He removed to the United States in July, 1878. He was in the military service as clerk at headquarters, Vancouver Barracks, nine years, three months and one day. He was admitted to the bar, State of Washington, in 1883. He was subsequently transportation agent, Quartermaster's Department, Vancouver Depot, until the time of muster into the volunteer service, April 26, 1898. He has been in the National Guard of Washington, Captain of Company H, of the 1st Regiment, for five years. He took part in all the engagements during the campaign in the Philippines, except those in front of Pasig, being then stationed at Taguig, where the company was in the trenches and on the firing line from February 5th to September 1, 1899. He was appointed from Vancouver, Wash., which is his residence.

WILLIAM E. WEIGH, 1st Lieutenant, Company G, was born in Gettysburg, Pa., and when enrolled into the volunteer service was 27 years of age. Lieut. Weigh joined the 1st Washington National Guard as a private in 1897, and was promoted to Corporal and then to Sergeant. He was mustered into the United States service as 2d Lieutenant, and assigned to Company G. He was promoted to 1st Lieutenant of the same company December 16, 1898, and served with his company in all engagements until May, 1899, when he was granted a furlough to enable him to return to the United States. He resigned from the service September 2, 1899.

GEORGE LAMPING, 1st Lieutenant, Company G, was born in Spencer County, Ind., March 20, 1875. He went to Washington in 1890, and was a member of the National Guard of the State for four years before going into the United States service. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered in as 2d Lieutenant of Company D, and was in all engagements with his company, except the one at Morong. Commissioned as 1st Lieutenant October 20, 1899, and assigned to Company G.

HENRY A. RIEGLE, 2d Lieutenant, Company G, was born in Clarence, Erie County, N. Y., December 12, 1859. He was raised on a farm, and followed the occupation of farmer for a number of years. He gave up farming in 1889 and came West, and has been a resident of Vancouver, Wash., since that time. He enlisted in Company H of the National Guard of Vancouver in 1890 as a private. He was advanced to the rank of Corporal, and in a short time was promoted to Sergeant. At the call for volunteers, he went to Camp Rogers with Company H, and there the company letter was changed to G. He was mustered in as Sergeant, Company G, and January 7, 1899, was promoted to 1st Sergeant of the same company. On August 24, 1899, he was discharged as 1st Sergeant, and accepted a commission as 2d Lieutenant in Company G, and was mustered in as such August 25, 1899. He was in all engagements with the company.

Co. G—2d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Max F. Ellrich, Capt	Clerk	Vancouver, Wash.
Geo. B. Lamping, 1st Lieut	Bank Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Henry A. Riegle, 2d Lieut.	Laborer	Vancouver, Wash.
Oliver J. Clancy, 1st Sergt	Lawyer	" " "
Arthur H. Fletcher, Q. M. Sergt.	Orchardist	" " "
James W. Sayre, Sergt.	Student	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. W. Rinehart, Sergt	Student	Olympia, Wash.
Walter E. Bourke, Sergt	Soldier	Youngstown, Ohio.
Glenn N. Ranck, Sergt	Surveyor	Vancouver, Wash.
Fred. W. Tempes, Corp.	Clerk	" " "
Guy M. Hill, Corp.	Carpenter	Seattle, Wash.
Edwin Fredlund, Corp.	Student	" " "
Samuel L. Lawrence Corp.	Laborer	Vancouver, Wash.
Roy B. Parcel, Corp.	Student	" " "
Nic J. Geoghegan, Corp.	Farmer	" " "
Wm. H. Brennan, Corp.	Teamster	Orient, Maine.
Robt. J. Johnson, Corp.	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.
Geo. B. Waite, Corp.	Laborer	Vancouver, Wash.
Robt. F. Morin, Corp.	Farmer . . . . .	... Lapwa, Idaho
Chas. E. Hall, Corp.	Student	Vancouver, Wash.
Jeremiah Fleming, Cook	Farmer	" " "
Nelson T. Hubert, Musician	Laborer	" " "
Nicholas T. Clancy, Artificer	Clerk	" " "
Jos. F. Trotter, Wagoner	Farmer	" " "

PRIVATES.

Geo. F. Bird	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.
John H. Booth	Cook	" " "
Harold A. Bush	Farmer	Vancouver, Wash.
Arthur C. Butt	Watchmaker	Tacoma, Wash.
John Cairns	Sailor	Seattle, Wash.
Ralph H. Clark	Clerk	" " "
Arthur T. Cochran	Laborer	Vancouver, Wash.
Harry J. Fleming	Laborer	" " "
Jos. H. Foster	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.
Jules Habrie	Teamster	San Francisco, Cal.
Hermann A. Hardtke	Farmer	Seattle, Wash.
Frank W. Hatt	Teamster	" " "
Edw. J. Healy	Salesman	" " "
Luther M. Kays	Farmer	Vancouver, Wash.
Wm. J. Kays	Farmer	" " "
Frank A. Lepper	Plumber	Emporia, Kan.
Julius F. Loebner	Shoemaker	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. C. Manly	Laborer	Vancouver Wash.
Romulus R. Mettler	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Harry P. Miller	Druggist	" " "
Arthur C. Mills	Farmer	Vancouver, Wash.
Geo. M. Mills	Farmer	" " "
H. A. Moore	Clerk	" " "
Chris. A. O'Donnell	Laborer	" " "
Ernest W. Plaice	Miner	" " "
Aloysius J. Rebholz	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
Emil Riegger	Laborer	Vancouver, Wash.
David G. Rinehart	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Jas. T. Sayle	Laborer	Ashland, Oregon.
Wm. L. Scribner	Laundryman	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. H. Sickel	Shoemaker	" " "
Leo. B. Smith	Electrician	Vancouver, Wash.
Geo. Spurgeon	Laborer	" " "
Fred. C. Spray	Sign Writer	Seattle, Wash.
Jos. Trisler	Hostler	Vancouver, Wash.
Hiram A. Walker	Laborer	" " "
Chas. A. Weston	Orchardist	" " "
Jas. W. Wolf	Farmer	" " "

DISCHARGED.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.	REMARKS.
Wm. V. Rinehart	1st Lieut Lawyer	Seattle, Wash	Resigned December 16, 1898.
Wm. E. Weigle	1st Lieut Merchant	Vancouver, Wash	Resigned, September 2, 1898.
Walter V. Cottchett	2d Lieut Student	Seattle, Wash	By order, August 19, 1899.
Jas. H. Reid	1st Sergt Soldier	Vancouver, Wash	By order, December 20, 1898.
Geo. A. Bundy	Sergeant Laborer	" "	By order, August 27, 1899.
Austin A. Comerford	Sergeant Soldier	" "	By order, Aug. 28, 1899. [36th U. S. V]
E. L. Benedict	Corp. Teamster	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Ferd Falkenberg	Corp. Clerk	Seattle, Wash.	By order Sept. 18, '99. [2d Lieut. 35th U. S. V.]
John P. Hasson	Corp. Student	Manila, P. I.	By order, August 17, '98. Re-enlisted
Toby L. Henrichsen	Corp. Orchardist	Vancouver, Wash	By order, November 18, 1898.
Frank L. Huston	Artificer Engineer	" "	By order, Aug. 13, '98. [37th U. S. V.]
Jas. F. Armstrong	Teamster	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 17, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. L. Austin	Laborer	Seattle, Wash	By order, Oct. 27, 1898. [11th Cav.]
John C. Barlow	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 27, 1899. Re-enlisted
Thos. Brady	Miner	" "	By order, July 14, 1899. Re-enlisted
Louis J. Brandt	Printer	Vancouver, Wash.	By order, Oct. 27, '98. [37th U. S. V.]
Jas. J. Brown	Gardener	" "	Disability, October 27, 1898.
Arthur S. Bugbee	Actor	San Francisco, Cal.	By order, Nov. 18, '98. [36th U. S. V.]
Wm. W. Buttner	Butcher	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 21, 1899. Re-enlisted
Howard A. Dayton	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.	Disability, Nov. 25, '98. [36th U. S. V.]
Jos. Dobman	Miner	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 24, 1899. Re-enlisted
Geo. M. Duncan	Mariner	Vancouver, Wash.	By order, September 18, 1899.
Martin Fowler	Moulder	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 4, 1899. [11th Cav.]
Jos. E. Goddard	Farmer	" "	By order, Sept. 5, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Corlis E. Hinds	Butcher	" "	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
John Lyons	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Albert H. Manning	Waiter	Seattle, Wash.	By order, Sept. 18, 1899. [36th U. S. V.] [36th U. S. V.]
Julius Marks	Trunkmaker	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Michael P. McCarty	Sailor	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 17, 1899. Re-enlisted
Michael McInerney	Carpenter	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. J. Miller	Bookkeeper	Durango, Colo	By order, Sept. 13, 1899. [36th U. S. V.] [36th U. S. V.]
Clarence E. Moody	Baker	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Wm. A. Northrop	Miller	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
John G. Pahl	Gilder	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 24, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Oscar Ray	Soldier	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Ora B. Shumate	Bookkeeper	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 10, 1898. Re-enlisted
Chas. Simons	Laundryman	Seattle, Wash	By order, Oct. 27, 1898. [36th U. S. V.]
Geo. W. Strohm	Painter	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Chas. D. Tooley	Boatman	Vancouver, Wash	By order, Nov. 18, 1898. [11th Cav.]
Ray Wilson	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 27, 1899. Re-enlisted
TRANSFERRED.			
Thos. M. Geoghegan	Corp. Dentist	Vancouver, Wash.	To Hospital Corps, August 19, 1898.
Geo. W. Foster	Clerk	" "	To Hospital Corps Dec. 8, 1898.
Frank L. Lawrence	Laborer	Seattle, Wash	To Hospital Corps, Sept. 12, 1898.
Clarence L. Russell	Lawyer	Durango, Col.	To 1st Colorado, July 7, 1899.
DESERTED.			
Harry Benham			Deserted at Angel Island, Cal., September 13, 1898.
F. Carpenter			Deserted at Angel Island, Cal., July 25, 1898.
WOUNDED.			
Oliver J. Clancy	1st Sergt		Wounded in neck at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Robt. E. Morin	Corp.		Wounded in right hand at Taguig, P. I., March 18, 1899.
Jos. Dobman			Wounded in right leg at Morong, P. I., June 6, 1899.
Geo. M. Duncan			Wounded in left arm at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Wm. J. Kays			Wounded in right arm at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
DIED			
Henry A. Leimbacher	Corp.		Drowned at Taguig, P. I., April 20, 1899.



Taken in the trenches, near Tasis, especially for CAMPAIGN IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY M.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

JOHN E. BOVER, Captain, Company M, was born December 29, 1866, at Walla Walla, Wash. His occupation in civil life is a lawyer. He enlisted in the National Guard of Washington in March, 1894, in Company E, 1st Regiment, National Guard of Washington at Seattle; was Corporal in the detachment of the National Guard that took the first train through from Tacoma to Spokane during the railroad strike in 1894. He was promoted successively to the rank of 1st Lieutenant, and, on changing residence from Seattle to Walla Walla in 1897, resigned command in the National Guard. He enlisted in Company I of Walla Walla, on the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, and on arrival with the company at Camp Rogers, the mustering-in place of the regiment, was appointed by Gov. John R. Rogers, Captain of the reorganized Centralia company, now Company M, 1st Washington Volunteer Inf. He was sick in the hospital at the time the regiment left for the Philippines. After an operation for appendicitis, he reached Manila, February 8, 1899, three days after the first battle. Since then he has been through the various engagements that the company has participated in. His residence is Walla Walla, Wash.

GEO. M. DREHER, 1st Lieutenant, Company M, was born September 3, 1873, at Montgomery, Ala. His occupation in civil life is that of bank clerk. He was a member of the Washington National Guard six years, and received a commission as 1st Lieutenant in Company M of the regiment on April 29, 1898. He was mustered into the United States service May 13, 1898. He had command of the Company at the Battle of Santa Ana on February 4th and 5th and at the Battle of Pasig, March 26, 1899.

BEN. H. RHODES, 2d Lieutenant Company M, was born April 3, 1866, at Washington, D. C. His occupation in civil life is a lawyer. He formerly belonged to Company G, Kansas State National Guard, at Marion, Kas., and laterly, to Company A, 2d Battalion, National Guard of Washington, organized at Centralia, Wash., which assembled at Camp Rogers, April 30, 1898. Owing to change of officers, this organization was broken up, and he was enrolled in Company M, 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V., and mustered in as 1st Sergeant May 13, 1899; served as 1st Sergeant until August 24, 1899, at which time he was mustered out to receive commission as 2d Lieutenant, August 25, 1899, at Manila. His residence is Centralia, Wash.

Co. M—2d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
John E. Boyer, Capt	Lawyer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Geo. M. Dreher, 1st Lieut.	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.
Ben H. Rhodes, 2d Lieut.	Lawyer	Centralia, Wash.
Geo. D. Robertson, 1st Sergt	Surveyor	Hoquaim, Wash.
Wm. Scales, Q. M. Sergt	Teacher	Toledo, Wash.
J. Rowland Pierce, Sergt	Plumber	Portland, Oregon.
John J. Cahill, Sergt	Teamster	Centralia, Wash.
Albert A. Cooper, Sergt	Longshore-man	Hoquaim, Wash.
Horace L. Bunnell, Sergt	Logger	Bucoda, Wash.
Chas. E. Augustein, Corp	Butcher	San Francisco, Cal.
Wm. H. Clock, Corp.....	Millman	Bucoda, Wash.
Fred. C. Shorey, Corp.....	Millman	Newaukum, Wash.
Jos. P. Bernier, Corp.....	Laborer	Montesano, Wash.
Edw. J. Orendorff, Corp..	Salesman	Hoquaim, Wash.
John B. Carlisle, Corp ..	Clerk	Montesano, Wash.
Geo. W. Simonds, Corp ..	Gardener	Chehalis, Wash.
Floyd E. McDerby Corp ..	Laborer	Centralia, Wash.
Edw. M. Chenal, Corp ..	Shoe-cutter	Cincinnati, Ohio.
John D. Roberts, Corp ..	Millhand	Montesano, Wash.
Geo. B. McDonald, Corp ..	Bookkeeper	South Bend, Wash.
John Usher, Corp ..	Laborer	Chehalis, Wash.
John W. Barnett, Cook.....	Cook	" "
Wm. F. Cruger, Musician ..	Teamster	Grays Harbor, Wash.
Carl E. Carlson, Musician ..	Teamster	Tacoma, Wash.
Andrew C. Swaisgood, Artificer	Carpenter	Chehalis, Wash.
Oliver S. Morris, Wagoner ..	Teamster	Hoquaim, Wash.
PRIVATES		
Chas. E. Ammann	Tinner	Oroville, Ohio.
Robt. S. Anderson	Lumber-man	South Bend, Wash.
John O. Badger	Engineer	Toledo, Wash.
Chas. L. Bauer	Saddler	Chehalis, Wash.
Wm. W. Bay	Teamster	Gardiner, Oregon.
Herbert A. Bloye	Millhand	Clearwater, Wash.
Nelson Churchill	Blacksmith	Toledo, Wash.
Walter H. DeLacy	Printer	Tacoma, Wash.
Geo. C. Eddy	Machinist	Hoquaim, Wash.
Jas. R. Evans	Laborer	Washington, D. C.
Walter A. Haring	Sailor	Florence, Oregon.
John Houser	Cook	Hoquaim, Wash.
John P. Hyatt	Electrician	Tacoma, Wash.
Seth R. Jackson	Barber	Centralia, Wash.
Bert James	Farmer	Grand Mound, Wash.
Ross Kahler	Clerk	Centralia, Wash.
Wm. H. Knisley	Laborer	Rochester, Wash.
Hector J. Lamar	Paper-hanger	Seattle, Wash.
Thayer Lamb	Clerk	Hoquaim, Wash.
Albert H. Leek	Cook	Chehalis, Wash.
Fred. S. Lingelback	Soldier	Grover, Cal.
Warner Marshall	Baker	Goldberg, Ill.
Jas. McGuire	Sawyer	Bucoda, Wash.
Harry C. McLean	Laborer	Hoquaim, Wash.
John J. McNeill	Butcher	Seattle, Wash.
Emmett Mohler	Clerk	Hoquaim, Wash.
Jesse N. Morgan	Clerk	Artie, Wash.
Jos. E. Norton	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.
Frank H. Parker	Sawyer	Centralia, Wash.
Orion Pettengill	Timber-cruiser	Staples, Minn.
Ralph L. Philbrick	Merchant	Hoquaim, Wash.
Claude C. Powers	Carpenter	Tacoma, Wash.
Chas. Rauen	Laborer	" "
Louis H. Raybold	Laborer	Portland, Oregon.
Geo. H. Rose	Student	Port Townsend, Wash.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Frank H. Sagers	Logger	Napavine, Wash.
Arthur R. Scullin	Waiter	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. H. Smith	Millhand	Bucoda, Wash.
Dexter H. Waller	Laborer	"
Fred. D. Whittaker	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
Robt. Wilson	Laborer	Hoaquim, Wash.
Jas. C. Winters	Liveryman	Montesano, Wash.
Truman P. Young	Lumber-man	Crow Wing, Minn.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Russell T. Hazzard, 2d Lieut	Mech. Engineer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 11, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. E. Miller, Sergt.	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.	By order, Aug. 28, '99.
Roy W. Squire, Sergt.	Photographer	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 1, '99. [36th U. S. V.]
Reeves Aylmore, Corp	Clerk	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Chas. Clark, Corp	Sailor	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted [1st Lieut. 11th Cav.]
Oliver P. M. Hazzard, Corp	Student	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 11, '99. [Re-enlisted 11th Cav.]
Eames A. Parker, Corp.	Millman	Manila, P. I.	By order, Aug. 31, 1899. Re-enlisted
Alex. Selleg, Corp.	Plumber	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Chas. M. Battles	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.	Disability, July 20, '98. [36th U. S. V.]
Wm. O. Bingham	Photographer	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 1, 1899.
John J. Cannon	Laborer	Centralia, Wash.	Disability, September 18, 1898.
John W. Connors	Tel. Operator	San Francisco, Cal.	Disability, August 30, 1898.
Wm. A. Custer	Master Mariner	Washington, D. C.	Disability, Aug. 24, 1898. [11th Cav.]
Fred'k A. DeLacy	Soldier	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 1, 1899. Re-enlisted
Moses De L. Flint	Teacher	" "	By order, September 1, 1899.
Jerome D. Garland	Teamster	" "	By order, September 1, 1899.
Geo. G. Gongia	Waiter	San Francisco, Cal.	Disability, August 25, 1898.
Jacob A. Gohries	Bookkeeper	Manila, P. I.	By order, Sept. 1, 1899. [36th U. S. V.]
Jas. Goodwin	Laborer	" "	By order, July 8, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. T. Harkins	Carpenter	Ashville, N. C.	By order, September 14, 1898.
Thos. P. Hoban	Laborer	Hoquaim, Wash.	By order, July 16, 1898.
Foster Hovies	Teacher	Alpha, Wash.	By order, October 3, 1899.
Abraham Levitt	Clerk	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 1, 1899.
Hebert I. Matthews	Musician	Tacoma, Wash.	By order, November 18, 1898.
Frank L. Rockwell	Bicycle Rider	Hoquaim, Wash.	Disability, October 2, 1898.
Clifford J. Spooner	Student	Winlock, Wash.	By order, Sept. 5, 1899. [36th U. S. V.]
Benton Wilson	Millman	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 12, 1899. Re-enlisted

TRANSFERRED.

Albert C. Anderson	Musician	Seattle	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Fred. C. Ballew	Musician	Aberdeen, Wash.	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Wm. C. Fowler	Dentist	Tacoma, Wash.	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Albert J. Harbridge	Jeweler	" "	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Godfrey E. Lundberg	Metal Engraver	Spokane, Wash.	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Wilford D. Rogers	Laborer	Mitchell, S. D.	To Hospital Corps, July 20, 1898.
Geo. Scott	Miner	Washington, D. C.	To Company A, January 1, 1899.

DESERTED

Chas. B. Eshelman	.....	Deserted at Manila, P. I., July 21, 1899.
Wm. N. Scheidel.	.....	Deserted at Vancouver, Wash., July 11, 1898.
Wm. H. Sterling.	.....	Deserted at San Francisco, Cal., September 23, 1898.

WOUNDED.

Jos. P. Bernier, Corp	.....	Wounded in left shoulder at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
John B. Cortile, Corp	.....	Wounded in left arm at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
Jesse N. Morgan	.....	Wounded in right forearm at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.

DEAD.

John F. Adams	.....	Died of wounds received in action at San Pedro Macati, P. I., February 20, 1899.
Daniel Campbell	.....	Died of wounds received in action at Santa Ana, P. I., March 29, 1899.
Wash 7	.....

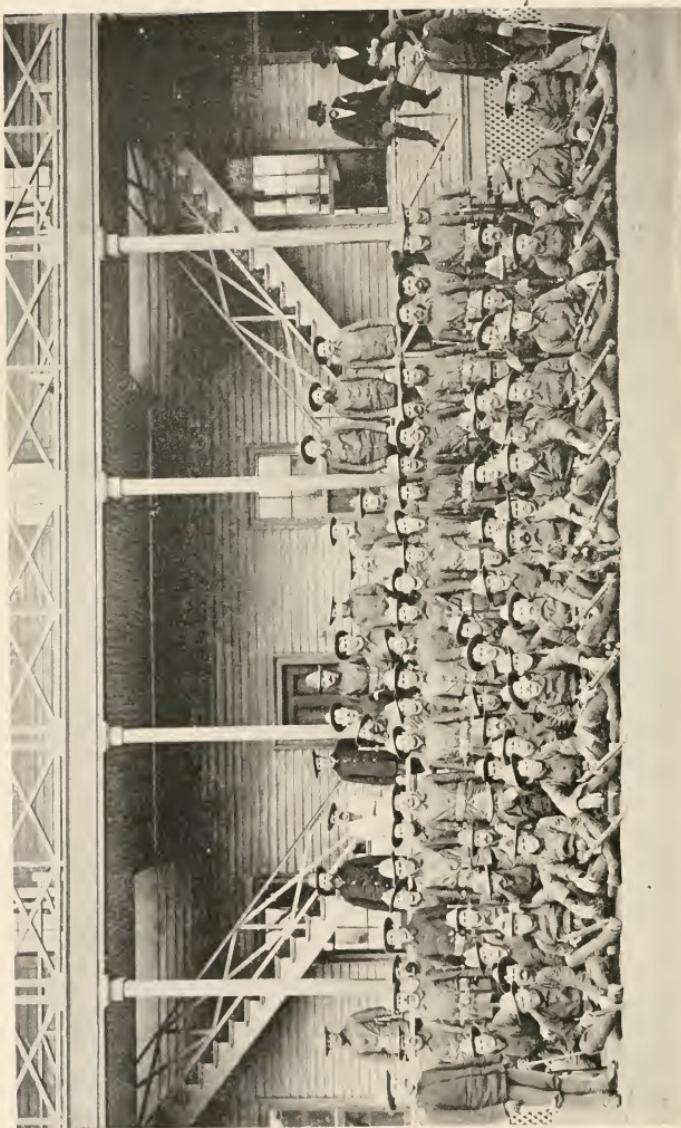


Photo by Partridge.

COMPANY C.
Taken at the Presidio before departure for Manila.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY C.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

J. B. McCOY, Captain, Company C, was born in Butler County, Pa., September 22, 1875. He went to Washington in 1888, and was a member of the National Guard of the State for four and a half years. He enlisted in the National Guard as a private, and was promoted through all ranks to 2d Lieutenant. He was connected with the Tacoma Postoffice for three years. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War he was mustered in as 2d Lieutenant of Company C, May 12, 1898. He was promoted to 1st Lieutenant, June 25, 1899, and to Captain, August 25, 1899. He was with the company in all engagements, except at Morong, which engagement he missed on account of sickness. Capt. McCoy is a graduate of the Tacoma High School.

LOUIS S. STEJER, 1st Lieutenant, Company C, was born in Virginia, Mont., January 31, 1875. His occupation in civil life is that of a machinist. He went to the State of Washington in October, 1888, and enlisted in the National Guard, Company C, in 1894, as a private. He was promoted to Corporal, and then to Quartermaster-Sergeant. He was mustered into the United States service May 12, 1898, as 1st Sergeant of Company C, and promoted to 2d Lieutenant, June 25, 1898, and to 1st Lieutenant, August 25, 1899. He was Acting Battalion Adjutant, in the 2d Battalion, at Guadalupe Ridge. He has been with his company continuously. He was appointed 1st Lieutenant, 11th Cav., but declined the appointment.

S. C. BOTHWELL, 1st Lieutenant, Company C, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., November 25, 1870. He went from Pittsburg to Iowa, in 1882, and from there to Washington, in 1889. He joined the National Guard in Tacoma, Wash., 1892, as a private, and was promoted through all ranks to 1st Lieutenant of Company C. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered in as 1st Lieutenant of the same company. He was taken sick in Manila, P. I., and was in the hospital there for two months. He was then sent home on surgeon's certificate, and mustered out on account of physical disability. He arrived in San Francisco, June 1, 1899, and returned to Washington with his regiment.

MARTIN JOHNSON, 2d Lieutenant, Company C, was born in Norway, June 27, 1872. He came to America in 1885, and went to Washington, where he enlisted as a private in Company C, Washington National Guard, and was soon promoted to Sergeant. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered in as Sergeant of Company C, and promoted to 1st Sergeant, June 9, 1899. On August 24, 1899, he was promoted to 2d Lieutenant. He was in all engagements with his company.

Co. C—2d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
John B. McCoy, Capt	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.
Louis S. Stejer, 1st Lieut.	Machinist	Whatcom, Wash.
Martin Johnson, 2d Lieut.	Plumber	Tacoma, Wash.
Carlos G. Jacobs, 1st Sergt.	Clerk	" "
Geo. F. Barto, Q. M. Sergt	Carpenter	Fremont, O.
Chas. A. Lunan, Sergt	Salesman	Tacoma, Wash.
Herman A. Trott, Sergt	Student	St. Paul, Minn.
Wm. L. Gray, Sergt.....	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
Robt. E. Rankin, Sergt	Engraver	Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Corp	Student	Tacoma, Wash.
Edw. D. Smith, Corp	Clerk	Pillsbury, Minn.
John A. Jones, Corp	Grocer	Tacoma, Wash.
Lewis C. P. Vogel, Corp	Cook	Orting, Wash.
Walter H. Blythe, Corp	Lumber-man	Hadlock, Wash.
John W. Barclay, Corp	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.
Roy H. Nichoson, Corp	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.
Wm. J. Corbett, Corp	Brakeman	Hudson, Wis.
Fred I. Gaston, Corp	Stevedore	Tacoma, Wash.
Geo. W. Kellar, Corp	Photographer	Roy, Wash.
Edward P. Taylor, Corp	Canvasser	Tacoma, Wash.
Robt. H. Dudley, Corp	Teamster	Puyallup, Wash.
Woodruff B. Spawn, Cook	Surveyor	Tacoma, Wash.
Louis T. Brittton, Musician	Clerk	Willshire, O.
Geo. W. Peasner, Musician	Laborer	Walla Walla, Wash.
Emmett J. Fay, Artificer	Butcher	Tacoma, Wash.
Harry Mullen, Wagoner	Hackman	Newman, Kas.
PRIVATES.		
Murney E. Baer	Farmer	Hart Wash.
Frank A. Blanchard	Lumber-man	Redmond Wash.
Lyman B. Bowman	Waiter	Petoskey, Mich.
Leonard W. Boyle	Machinist	Tacoma, Wash.
Edw. M. Brown	Lumber-man	Kamileche, Wash.
John C. Burnett	Grocer	Tacoma, Wash.
Chas. Connor	Barber	Everett, Wash.
Edw. Cramer	Lumber-man	Puyallup, Wash.
Stanley De Angelo	Modeler	Tacoma, Wash.
Harry C. Dingman	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Edward L. Dwyer	Clerk	Tacoma Wash.
Ralph E. Eastman	Painter	Olympia, Wash.
Ralph J. Eveleth	Boiler-maker	Corunna, Mich.
Henry Felton	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
Festus L. Graves	Barber	Whatcom, Wash.
Jas. Gurr	Clerk	North Adelaide, Australia.
Harold Gwyther	Lumber-man	San Francisco, Cal.
Geo. Haslop	Sailor	" "
John F. Helms	Baker	Tacoma, Wash.
Nils Hilsen	Steam-fitter	Namisus Norway.
Christ Johnson	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.
Chris. P. Johnson	Stenographer	" "
Frank J. Keefe	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Loring E. Kelly	Clerk	Tacoma, Wash.
Jas. W. LaCrone	Druggist	" "
Chas. Lindner	Baker	Philadelphia, Pa.
Geo. F. Lingquist	Tent-maker	Tacoma Wash.
Max Logasa	Clerk	" "
Lee Manning	Handle-maker	" "
Frank McLean	Fireman	" "
Hoyze E. Mitchell	Hospital Steward	" "
Chas. P. Mohl	Student	" "
John P. O'Gara	Laborer	" "
Gustav F. Prochnau	Teamster	Spokane, Wash.
Leonard A. Richardson	Electrician	Wichita, Kas.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Henry A. Schickling	Teacher	Hastings, Minn.
John W. Simmons	Laborer	Sharpsville, Ind.
Jas. Spencer	Clerk	Puyallup, Wash.
Harry T. Stejer	Sawyer	Whatcom, Wash.
Samuel J. Stewart	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.
Edw. E. Wadsworth	Farmer	Tacoma, Wash.
Fred. W. Warner	Clerk	Ogden, Utah.
Ritter S. Wilkeson	Student	Tacoma, Wash.
Arthur F. Wray	Railroad-man	Chicago, Ill.
Chas. R. Wyland	Printer	Heber, Or.
Fred L. Young	Barber	Kansas City, Mo.
August Zehnder	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Edward A. Sturges Capt	Salesman	Tacoma, Wash	By order, August 21, 1899.
Samuel C. Bothwell, 1st Lieut	Butcher	" "	Disability, June 24, 1899.
Hamilton A. Brown, 1st Sergt	Teacher	Portland, Or.	By order, August 28, 1899.
Chas. G. Baker, Q. M. Sergt.	Butcher	Tacoma, Wash	Disability, October 22, 1898.
Frank A. Johnson, Sergt.	Engineer	" "	By order, September 3, 1899.
Alfred B. Reichelt, Sergt.	Smelter-man	Everett, Wash	By order, August 26, 1899.
Henry D. Carter Corp	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash	By order, August 31, 1899.
Louis T. Davis, Corp	Drug Clerk	Shedd, Or.	By order, August 16, 1899.
Jos. H. Easterday, Corp.	Lawyer	Tacoma, Wash	By order, September 9, 1898.
Duncan McMillan, Corp	Millman	Whatcom, Wash	By order, August 26, 1899.
Robt. E. Golden, Corp	Machinist	Marshallfield, Or.	Disability, July 25, 1899.
John H. Meers, Corp	Lumber-man	Kent, Wash	Disability, August 40, 1898.
Oscar H. Pearson, Corp.	Grocer	Fern Hill, Wash	Disability, October 5, 1898.
Jas. V. Allen	Waiter	Oakland, Cal.	By order, September 18, 1899.
Rufus B. Clark	Lumber-man	Gainesville, Ga	By order, July 27, 1899.
Jack E. Clifford	Bookkeeper	San Francisco, Cal	By order, November 23, 1898
Thos. F. Coleman	Packer	New Haven, Conn	By order, July 7, 1899.
John H. Corwin	Engineer	Tacoma, Wash	Disability, August 23, 1898.
Geo. L. Gower, Jr.	Student	" "	Disability, October 2, 1898.
Ferd B. Lafferty	Clerk	" "	Disability, October 22, 1898.
Edward P. Lemargie	Printer	Fern Hill, Wash	Disability, September 15, 1898.
Arthur F. Little	Carpenter	Tacoma, Wash	Disability, August 1, 1899.
John McBride	Laborer	South Bend, Wash	By order, August 23, 1899.
Frank E. McLaughlin	Printer	Little Rock, Ark	By order, August 28, 1899.
Geo. R. Monroe	Clerk	Seattle, Wash	Disability, September 16, 1898.
Asa G. Morrison	Laborer	Greenville, Mo	By order, October 27, 1898.
Harry O. Robinson	Cook	San Francisco, Cal	By order, September 8, 1899.
Ralph M. Robinson	Electrician	Tacoma, Wash	By order, August 31, 1899.
Tony Westgord	Doormaker	" "	Disability, September 16, 1898.

TRANSFERRED.

Geo. Bordeaux	Baker	Tacoma, Wash	To Hospital Corps, March 1, 1899.
John B. Buckley	Molder	" "	To Company K, August 23, 1898.
Ralph Hepler	Woodsman	Castle Rock, Wash	To Company H, July 15, 1898.
Fred W. Reed	Civil Engineer	Seattle, Wash	To Hospital Corps, April 13, 1899.
Chas. E. Rogers	Clerk	Parkland, Wash.	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Jos. A. Smith	Teacher	Reinersville, O	To Regimental Band, June 3, 1898.
Fred A. Udell	Reporter	Tacoma, Wash	To Non-Com. Staff, June 1, 1899.
Frank E. Wyse	Musician	Wayland, Iowa	To Regimental Band, July 2, 1898.

DESERTED.

Frank B. Cody At Pasig City, P. I., May 2, 1899.
 Geo. G. Pittwood At San Francisco, Cal., September 1, 1898

WOUNDED.

Alfred B. Reichelt, Corp Wounded in left shoulder at San Pedro Macati, P. I., March 1, 1899.
 Rufus B. Clark Wounded in left thigh at Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.
 Woodruff B. Spawne Wounded in neck at Calamba, P. I., July 20, 1899.
 August Zehnder Wounded in left ankle at Paco, P. I., February 5, 1899.

DEAD

Damian Grossmann Died of dysentery at Manila, P. I., February 11, 1899.
 Frank A. Lovejoy Killed in action at San Pedro Macati, P. I., March 7, 1899.



Photo by Partridge.

COMPANY L.
Taken at San Francisco after return from Manila.

* COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY L.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

J. M. MOORE, Captain, Company L, was born in Indiana, January 17, 1864. He removed to Michigan and lived there until he was nine years of age, and then went to Iowa, living there until he came to Washington in 1888. He took the college course at Cornell College, Mt. Vernon, Iowa, graduating in June 1888, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts. While at the college, he was under the military instruction of regular army officers, the college having a complete military organization, in which he filled the position of Lieutenant and Captain. After going to Washington, he was engaged in the real estate business at Spokane until the fire of August 4, 1889. He was engaged as attorney for a land office until August 1892, when he accepted the management of the Bradstreets Mercantile Agency, which position he retained until shortly before the breaking out of the war. He was a member of the National Guard from October, 1895, as 1st Lieutenant, until the company organized and mustered into the volunteer service. He was mustered in as Captain of Company L. He was with the company in all engagements up to May 10, 1899, when he was taken sick and was under sick report until June 22, when he was placed on special detail as a member of general court-martial of the 1st Division, 8th Army Corps, being relieved from that duty the day before embarking for home.

CHARLES E. NOSLER, 2d Lieutenant, Company L, was born June 29, 1870, at Cedar Rapids, Lynn County, Iowa; occupation in civil life, real estate and investment broker. He was a member of the National Guard, State of Washington, for six years. He was enrolled as a Sergeant and mustered into the service of the United States, 1st Washington Volunteer Inf., as 2d Lieutenant, Company L. He took part with the company in every engagement during the campaign in the Philippines—that is, the battles of Morong, Taytay, and on the expedition to, and the capture of, Calamba; also, Pasig. He had command of the company at the latter place. During the operations before Morong he had command of the scouts. His wife accompanied him to the Philippines, and after the first battle acted as nurse in General Hospital.

*Biography of 1st Lieutenant John E. Ballaine appears on page 111.

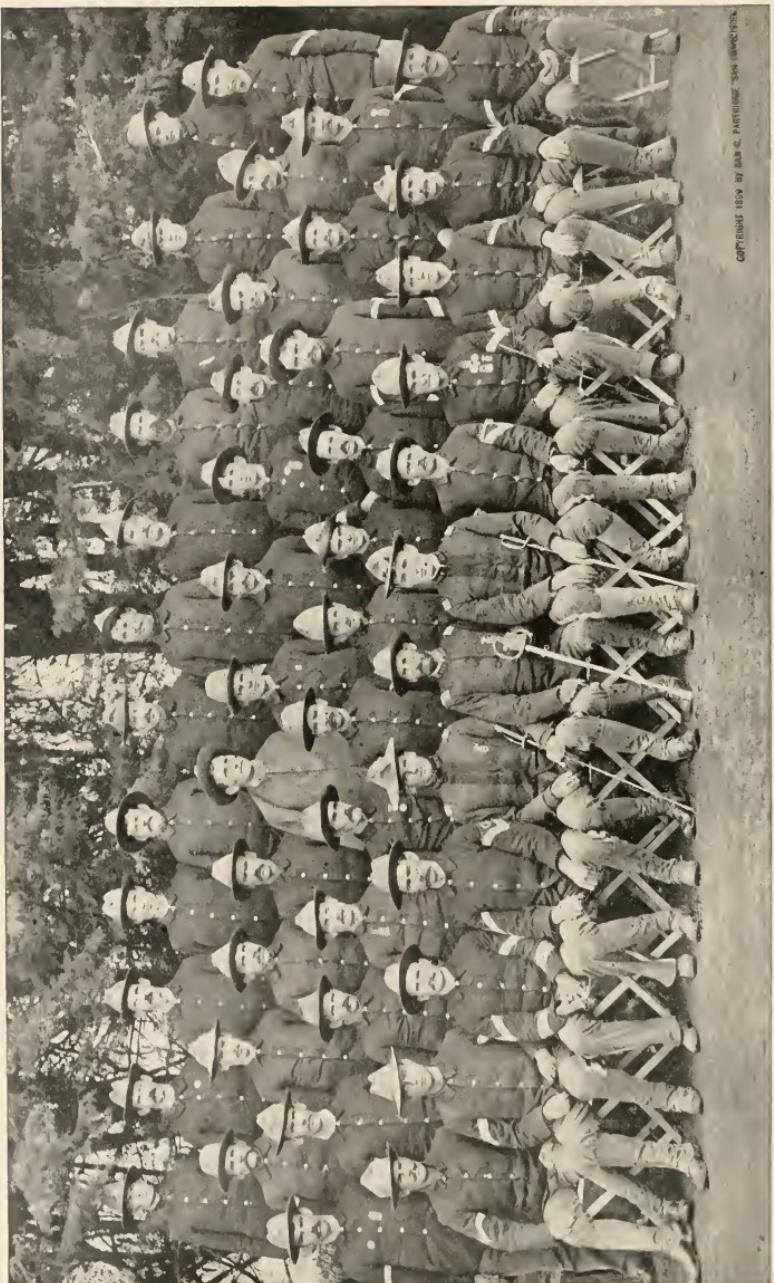
Co. L—3d Battalion.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.
Jos. M. Moore, Capt.	Real Estate	Spokane, Wash.
John E. Ballaine, 1st Lieut.	Newspaperman	" "
Chas. E. Nosler, 2d Lieut.	Real Estate	" "
Leroy L. Childs, 1st Sergt.	Wood-turner	" "
Howard Woodard, Q. M. Sergt.	Miller	" "
Thomas Doody, Sergt.	Laborer	" "
Will G. Adams, Sergt.	Bookkeeper	" "
Reno D. Hoppe, Sergt.	Telegraph Operator	" "
Jas. J. Butler, Sergt.	Clerk	" "
Jas. B. Raub, Corp.	Student	" "
Frank L. Merriam, Corp.	Jeweler	" "
Otis L. Higby, Corp.	Machinist	" "
Robert D. Dow, Corp.	Mason	" "
Walter A. Dixon, Corp.	Fireman	" "
Wm. H. Egbert, Corp.	Miner	" "
Chas. O. Miller, Corp.	Engineer	" "
Alfred C. Saunders, Corp.	Engineer	" "
Samuel Jensen, Corp.	Laborer	" "
J. Grant Hinkle, Corp.	Clerk	" "
Chas. W. Schmidt, Corp.	Student	Colfax, Wash.
Milton Rhoads, Corp.	Upholsterer	Spokane, Wash.
Will O. Campbell, Cook	Cook	" "
David H. Durgin, Musician	Machinist	" "
Morton G. Smith, Musician	Printer	" "
Geo. E. Hedger, Artificer	Blacksmith	" "
Marshall W. Pullen, Wagoner.	Teamster	" "

PRIVATE'S.

Hector W. Allen	Teamster	Spokane, Wash.
Chas. G. Anderson	Laborer	" "
Rob't E. Bowman	Miner	" "
Wm. M. Briggs	Newspaperman	" "
Jos. L. Buckley	Teamster	" "
Geo. H. Burggrabe	Laborer	" "
Ellsworth Button	Laborer	" "
Chas. A. Carson	Miner	" "
Chas. A. Christie	Engineer	" "
Rob't H. Diehl	Laborer	" "
Ernest E. Drake	Printer	" "
Chas. A. Dunn	Miner	" "
Robert T. Dye	Carpenter	" "
Wm. Ecklind	Laborer	" "
Carson E. Ellis	Clerk	" "
Edward R. Ennis	Clerk	" "
Wm. P. Fleming	Laborer	" "
Geo. F. Harson	Carpenter	" "
Walter R. Haskin	Farmer	" "
Thomas T. Hause	Accountant	" "
Charles Hedger	Florist	" "
John B. Heyburn	Student	" "
Chas. A. James	Dentist	" "
Stanley Jodrey	Porter	" "
Fred. J. King	Student	" "
Geo. E. Marks	Carpenter	" "
Chas. H. Merriam	Lawyer	" "
Clifford M. Mundy	Printer	" "
John B. McChesney	Barber	" "
John Perry	Sailor	Aberdeen, Wash.
Clarence V. Roberts	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.
Arthur Rose	Clerk	" "
Chas. J. Shidler	Bookkeeper	" "
Henry J. Sievers	Dairyman	" "
Robert J. Sly	Laborer	" "
Orphius U. Ta'ro	Student	" "

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	ADDRESS
Orlando P. Vaughn	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.	Spokane, Wash.
Lee F. Warren	Stenographer	"	"
John H. Wells	Insurance Agent	"	"
Mortimer J. Winter	Miner	"	"
DISCHARGED.			
NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Wm. Q. Kelley, Q. M. Sergt.	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.	By order, October 17, 1898.
Joseph W. Childs, Sergt.	Millman	"	By order, October 27, 1898.
Fred B. Sloc, Sergt.	Clerk	"	By order, October 27, 1898.
Moray J. Craig, Corp.	Salesman	"	Disability, March 2, 1899.
Henry K. Harrison, Corp.	Electrician	"	Disability Sept. 12, '99. [36th U.S.V.]
Leonard F. Adams	Clerk	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 8, 1899. Re-enlisted [37th U. S. V. Band.]
Geo. G. Ahlbaum	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 22, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
John B. Arrowsmith	Clerk	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
John J. Baglin	Musician	" "	By order, July 12, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Walter R. Bucklew	Student	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Benton Edgecombe	Decorator	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Lewis C. Greenwood	Cowboy	" "	By order, July 22, 1899. Re-enlisted
Warren A. Harper	Mus. Inst'mt Mkr.	" "	By order, Sept. 2, 1899. [36th U.S.V.]
Geo. M. Harty	Teamster	" "	By order, July 22, 1899. Re-enlisted
John E. Jardine	Bookkeeper	Spokane, Wash.	Disability, June 2, 1899. [36th U.S.V.]
John J. Kane	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 12, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Edward Lamb	Engineer	" "	By order, July 22, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Chas. J. Lee	Fireman	" "	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Alex. H. Mattinks	Railroad-man	" "	By order, July 12, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Rob't T. Morrison	Tailor	" "	By order, July 13, 1899. Re-enlisted
Arthur R. Porter	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.	By order, Aug. 28, '99. [36th U. S. V.]
John Pruitt	Miner	" "	Disability, March 9, '99. [36th U.S.V.]
Wm. Schermerhorn	Railroad-man	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 8, 1899. Re-enlisted
Patrick Shea	Miner	Spokane, Wash.	Disability, Feb. 13, 1899. [36th U.S.V.]
Jos. N. Stewart	Student	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 12, 1899. Re-enlisted
Edward H. Truax	Engineer	" "	By order, July 12, 1899. Re-enlisted [36th U. S. V.]
Herbert C. Vaughan	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.	Disability, Aug. 31, 1899. [36th U.S.V.]
Chas. F. Watrous	Horseman	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 11, 1899. Re-enlisted
Edw. A. Baldwin	Lawyer	San Francisco, Cal.	Disability September 8, 1898.
Geo. A. Newcomb	Laborer	Spokane, Wash.	Disability November 3, 1898.
Allen Ray	Herder	" "	Disability, October 21, 1898.
Ira E. Rose	Clerk	" "	Disability, November 11, 1898.
Allen R. Scott	Civil Engineer	" "	By order, October 17, 1898.
Chas. H. Smith	Engineer	" "	By order, October 17, 1898.
John Smith	Teamster	" "	By order, October 27, 1898.
John W. Willis	Laborer	" "	By order, October 17, 1898.
Harvey Woodbridge	Ry Postal Clerk	" "	By order, October 21, 1898.
TRANSFERRED.			
Hugh Cusick, Corp	Clerk	Spokane, Wash.	To Regt. Band, December 11, 1898
Melvin R. Arant	Jeweler	" "	To Regt. Band, September 7, 1898
Albert Anderson	Laborer	Tacoma, Wash.	To Company A, January 20, 1899
Truman K. Hunt	Druggist	Manila, P. I.	To Hospital Corps August 15, 1898
Edw. Smith	Musician	Spokane, Wash.	To Regt. Band August 3, 1898
WOUNDED.			
Leroy L. Childs, 1st Sergt			Wounded in left arm at San Pedro Macati, February 17, 1899.
Reno D. Hoppe, Sergt			Wounded over left eye at San Pedro Macati February 15, 1899.
Chas. G. Anderson			Wounded in left leg at Morong, June 4, 1899.
Carson E. Ellis			Wounded in left arm at San Pedro Macati, February 19, 1899.
Edward R. Ennis			Wounded in right breast at Taguig, April 27, 1899.
John Pruitt			Wounded in both legs at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.
Wm. Schermerhorn			Wounded in left arm at Taguig, April 27, 1899.
DIED.			
Harry R. S. Stroud, Corp			Died of dysentery at Regimental Hospital, Manila, February 20, 1899.
Walter M. Hanson			Killed in battle at Santa Ana, February 5, 1899.



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COMPANY H
Taken at San Francisco after return from Manila.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY H.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

A. C. STEINMAN, Captain, Company H, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., July 2, 1861. He was educated in Minnesota, graduating from the high school of that place. He went to Washington in 1890, and has been connected with the National Guard of that place ever since. He enlisted as a private in Company A, National Guard of Ellensburg, Wash. He was promoted to Captain of the same company in 1897. At the outbreak of the war the letter of the company was changed to H, and he was mustered in as Captain of Company H. He was in all engagements with his company.

E. E. SOUTHERN, 1st Lieutenant, Company H, was born in Lynn County, Or., April 27, 1876. He went to Washington in 1879, and joined the National Guard there in 1891. He enlisted as a private, and was promoted to 2d Lieutenant of Company A, National Guard. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered in as 2d Lieutenant, Company H, and was promoted to 1st Lieutenant of the same company in December, 1898. He was in all engagements of his company, except two. He was wounded in the arm at Santa Cruz, April 11, 1899, and was in the hospital six weeks. He joined his regiment again in about two months.

JOHN J. CARLTON, 2d Lieutenant, Company H, was born March 13, 1873, at Cedarville, Cal.; occupation in civil life, teacher. His life has been spent in Oregon and Washington. He joined the Washington National Guard in 1894. He was promoted to 1st Sergeant 1898, and was mustered into the service of the United States, 1st Washington Volunteer Inf., in Company H. He was 1st Sergeant during the entire time at Manila, and was promoted to 2d Lieutenant on September 3d. He took part in every engagement with his company during the campaign in the Philippines. He was 1st Sergeant of the scouts that went on the Santa Cruz expedition under Gen. Lawton, and was wounded at Paete. His residence is at Ellensburg, Wash.

Co. H—3d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Alfred C. Steinman, Capt	Merchant	Ellensburg, Wash.
Edward E. Southern, 1st Lieut	Rancher	" "
John J. Charlton, 2d Lieut	Teacher	" "
Robert Murray, 1st Sergt	Farmer	" "
Luke L. Seely, Q. M. Sergt	Carpenter	" "
Ralph Brown, Sergt	Miner	" "
Wm. O. McDowell, Sergt	Farmer	" "
James Shaw, Sergt	Miner	Thorp, Wash.
John R. Hoskins, Sergt	Clerk	Ellensburg, Wash.
Caddy Morrison, Corp	Farmer	.... Thorp, Wash.
Carstens H. Junge, Corp	Sawyer	Southernpines, N. C.
Geo. M. Burlingham, Corp	Rancher	Ellensburg, Wash.
John Brustad, Corp	Laborer	" "
Wm. Pearson, Corp	Farmer	" "
Wm. George, Corp	Horse-trainer	" "
Geo. Smith, Corp	Laborer	Brinnon, Wash.
James A. Harris, Corp	Farmer	Ellensburg, Wash.
Burrell B. Wright, Corp	Farmer	Cle Elum, Wash.
Chas. Eiselstein, Corp	Miner	Chester, Ohio.
William Chambers, Corp	Student	Laconner, Wash.
Chas. Hagenson, Corp	Shoemaker	Everett, Wash.
Bert Gardimier, Cook	Farmer	Ellensburg, Wash.
Arthur E. Snyder, Artificer	Farmer	" "
Wm. Craig, Wagoner	Student	" "

PRIVATES.

John Alm	Sailor	Seattle, Wash.
Fred. E. Ballou	Laborer	Peshastin, Wash.
Edwin F. Barker	Laborer	Ellensburg, Wash.
Geo. A. Clark	Farmer	Roslyn, Wash.
John R. Clark	Carpenter	" "
James F. Cross	Laborer	Merrill, Wis.
Clark E. Davis	Miner	Bucoda, Wash.
Sidney O. Dickison	Student	Straton, Pa.
Arthur H. Ells	Farmer	Union, Wash.
Alexander Fraser	Miner	Gold Coin, Mont.
Steven A. Griffin	Farmer	Cle Elum, Wash.
Philip W. Harner	Laborer	" "
Ralph Hepler	Woodsman	Heppner, Or.
Wm. T. Hill	Laborer	Ellensburg, Wash.
Robert Hovey	Sheepherder	" "
Edward T. Johnson	Miner	Cle Elum, Wash.
Francis B. Jones	Laborer	Youngstown, Ohio.
Thos. P. Kerwin	Leatherer	Seattle, Wash.
John Lundy	Farmer	Ellensburg, Wash.
Vanrauncelar Martin	Laborer	" "
Arno H. Moeckel	Barber	Roslyn, Wash.
Geo. C. McCarthy	Horseshoer	Grand Rapids, Mich.
Albert J. Paulist	Laundryman	Seattle, Wash.
Lee M. Putman	Farmer	Hartland, Wash.
Arthur F. Ridge	Farmer	Puyallup, Wash.
Wm. Ridley	Farmer	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. F. Ritchey	Laborer	Ellensburg, Wash.
Byers E. Romane	Laborer	" "
Soloman Russell	Laborer	" "
Jos. Vonnacka	Laborer	" "
Robert C. Wenzel	Farmer	Vancouver, Wash.
Thomas Williams	Miner	Ellensburg, Wash.

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Samuel C. Davidson, 1st Lt	Journalist	Spokane, Wash.
Joe Smith, 2d Lieut	Teacher	Ellensburg, Wash.
Jno. J. Charlton, 1st Sergt	Laborer	Manila, P. I.
Willis L. Gott, Sergt		

REMARKS

By order, October 29, 1898.
 By order, September 2, 1899.
 By order, Sept. 2, 1899. [11th Cav.
 By order, Sept. 28, 1899. Re-enlisted

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Holly V. Hill, Sergt	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 11, 1899. Re-enlisted
Robert Bruce, Corp	Baker	Oakland, Cal	By order, Oct. 1, 1898. [11th Cav]
Israel F. Costello, Corp	Student	Manila, P. I	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Geo. M. Hunter, Corp	Carpenter	Salem, Or.	Disability, Sept. 2, 1898. [37th U. S. V.]
Jas. J. Putman, Corp	Laborer	Ellensburg, Wash	By order, October 25, 1898.
Charles A. Swift, Corp	Laborer	"	By order, October 25, 1898.
Wm. B. Tucker, Corp	Laborer	San Francisco, Cal	Disability, July 3, 1899.
Steven A. Blakeship, Art	Farmer	Mexico, Mo	Disability, October 6, 1898.
Charles A. Morgan, Artificer	Painter	Ellensburg, Wash	Disability, Aug. 19, 1898. [11th Cav]
Louis G. Frenette, Musician	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 26, 1899. Re-enlisted
John L. Grandine, Musician	Student	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Jos. R. Whitchurch, Musician	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.	Disability, Nov. 29, 1898. [37th U. S. V.]
Wm. H. Adkins	Farmer	Ellensburg, Wash	Disability, Aug. 31, 1899. [11th Cav.]
Frederick Bollman	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 26, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. S. Bullock	Plumber	Oakland, Cal	Disability, September 2, 1898.
Clinton H. Campbell			By order, August 2, 1899.
Henry Casriel	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, September 2, 1899.
John S. Ellis	Cabinet-maker	San Francisco, Cal	Disability, Aug. 23, 1898. [36th U. S. V.]
Edward Friel	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Otto M. Gustavson	Laborer	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Byron E. Hersey	Student	Tacoma, Wash	Disability, Oct. 12, 1898. [37th U. S. V.]
Wm. E. Howard	Sailor	Elgin, Ill.	Disability, August 21, 1899.
Emmett C. Mitchell	Laborer	Ellensburg, Wash	By order, October 25, 1898.
Wm. W. McCabe	Soldier	Manila, P. I	Disability, Oct. 26, 1898. [11th Cav.]
Roland D. McCombs	Laborer	" "	By order, Aug. 28, 1898. Re-enlisted
Fred. Nelson	Farmer	Ellensburg, Wash	Disability, October 5, 1898.
Abel Nilsson	Machinist	Worcester, Mass	Disability, September 5, 1899.
Frank E. O'Harrow	Sailor	Seattle, Wash	By order, August 22, 1898.
Thomas Richardson	Laborer	Cle Elum, Wash	Disability, December 31, 1898.
Frank Rothlisberger	Butcher	" "	Disability, Oct. 21, 1898. [11th Cav.]
Victor E. Sigler	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 26, 1899. Re-enlisted
Arthur J. Stoddard	Laborer	Seattle, Wash	Disability, September 26, 1898.
Winfred E. Thorp	Farmer	Thorp, Wash	Disability, August 25, 1898.
Harvey R. Van Alstine	Photographer	Seattle, Wash	Disability, Sept. 19, 1898. [11th Cav.]
James W. Walsh	Laborer	Manila, P. I	By order, Aug. 26, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. Ward	Laborer	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
			[37th U. S. V.]

DESERTED.

Howard E. Barnett, Left company at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 12, 1898. Dropped as deserted, Sept. 23, 1898.
 Abraham L. Robbins Deserted at San Francisco, Cal., October 27, 1898.

TRANSFERRED.

Geo. H. Fitzhenry		To Company B, August 29, 1898.
Martin Forrest	Millman	To Hospital Corps, October 7, 1898.
Paul Roberts		To 10th Pa. Inf., June 25, 1899.

WOUNDED.

Edward A. Southern, 1st Lieut		Wounded in left forearm, near Santa Cruz, P. I., April 13, 1899.
John J. Charlton, 2d Lieut		... Wounded in left calf, near Santa Cruz, P. I., April 13, 1899.
Joe Smith, 2d Lieut		Wounded in left thigh at Battle of Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Geo. M. Burlingham, Corp		Flesh wound at Taguig, P. I., April 20, 1899.
William B. Tucker, Corp		Wounded in right side at Guadalupe, P. I., February 22, 1899.
Fred. Ballow		Wounded in left hand and shoulder at Calamba, P. I., July 26, 1899.
Geo. A. Clark		Wounded in right thumb at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Sidney O. Dickinson	Wounded in left breast at San Pedro Macati, P. I., March 7, 1899, and through top of left shoulder at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.	
Arthur H. Ells		Slight fleshwound at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Robert Hovey		Wounded in right ankle at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Arno H. Moeckel		Wounded in head at Santa Ana, P. I., February 5, 1899.
Abel Nilsson		Wounded in right jaw at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Solomon Russell		Wounded in leg at San Pedro Macati, P. I., March 7, 1899.

DEAD.

Geo. W. Hovey, Corp	Died of wounds received at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Joseph Eno	Killed at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Albert J. Rupert	Killed at San Pedro Macati, P. I., February 22, 1899.
Sherman T. Sheppard	Died, June 18, 1899, of wounds received at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Clyde Z. Woods	Died, April 28, 1899, of wounds received at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.



Taken in front of the church at Taguig, especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs,
COMPANY F.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY F.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

C. A. BOOKER, Captain, Company F, was born in Lincoln, Ill., December 14, 1860. He went to Washington in 1886. He was a member of the National Guard of Washington, and previous to muster in was 2d Lieutenant. He served with the National Guard for ten years and at the outbreak of the war was mustered in as 1st Lieutenant and was promoted May 12, 1899, to Captain. He was seriously wounded in the head on the 27th of April, 1899, at Taguig. He participated in all engagements with his company.

GEO B. DORR, 1st Lieutenant, Company F, was born in Trinity County, Cal., October 17, 1863. He went to Washington in 1879, from Humboldt County, and joined the National Guard of Washington in 1892 as a private. He was promoted to 1st Sergeant, Company F, in 1896, and to 2d Lieutenant, April 1897. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered in as 2d Lieutenant, May 10, 1898 and promoted to 1st Lieutenant, June 1, 1899. He was regimental commissary officer from March 1, 1899. He went from San Francisco with the regiment as transport commissary on the *Valencia*. He was in all engagements with his company.

J. G. MILLER, 2d Lieutenant, Company F, was born in Dayton Wash., May 7, 1869. His occupation in civil life is that of a lawyer. He entered the State University, at Eugene, Or. in 1889 and graduated in 1893, and the same year went east and entered Harvard Law School and graduated from there in 1896. Since that he has been practicing law. He was a member of the National Guard of Dayton, Wash., for ten years as a private. He was mustered into the volunteer service as Quartermaster Sergeant, Company F, and was appointed Battalion Sergeant-Major, June 10, 1898. January 20, 1899, he was appointed 1st Sergeant, Company F, and on May 10, 1899, was promoted to 2d Lieutenant of the same company. He was in all engagements with his company.

Co. F—3d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Chas. A. Booker, Capt.	Bartender	Dryton, Wash.
Geo. B. Dorr, 1st Lieut.	Carpenter	" "
Jesse G. Miller, 2d Lieut.	Lawyer	" "
Francis J. Gayman, 1st Sergt.	Farmer	" "
Geo. W. Baldwin, Q. M. Sergt	Machinist	" "
Jas. Dolan, Sergt.	Teacher	" "
Claude Beckett, Sergt.	Butcher	" "
Hugh J. Dunning, Sergt.	Farmer	Pullman, Wash.
Will Hubbard, Sergt.	Student	Dayton, Wash.
John W. Gough, Corp.	Laborer	" "
Albert Ping, Corp.	Farmer	" "
John W. Zebley, Corp.	Farmer	" "
Sidney E. Thompson, Corp.	Electrician	" "
Chas. J. G. Liechte, Corp.	Laborer	" "
Melvin W. Burks, Corp.	Farmer	" "
Thos. S. Pettyjohn, Corp.	Farmer	" "
Chas. S. Garner, Corp.	Laborer	" "
George C. Eckler, Corp.	Laborer	" "
John W. Dennis, Corp.	Blacksmith	" "
Alfred D. Dale, Corp.	Farmer	" "
Nesmith Ankeny, Corp.	Miller	Walla Walla, Wash.
Walter E. Smith, Musician	Student	Dayton, Wash.
Fred'k E. Hicks, Musician	Printer	Alouste, Wash.
Chas. C. Jackson, Artificer	Miner	Dayton, Wash.
Ernest A. Holman, Wagoner	Horseman	" "

PRIVATES.

Ernest Armstrong	Farmer	Dayton, Wash.
Benj. Bornman	Laborer	Philadelphia, Pa.
Lars E. Carlson	Miner	Hardona, Sweden.
Earl H. Conwell	Farmer	Pomeroy, Wash.
Lawson Conwell	Blacksmith	" "
Chas. C. Diers	Printer	Dayton, Wash.
Wesley F. Dodge	Student	" "
Virgil E. Embree	Laborer	" "
Frank Fay	Laborer	Syracuse, N. Y.
Walter A. Fay	Laborer	Wallowa Valley, Or.
Emerson G. Ferguson	Printer	Seattle, Wash.
David H. Fitzgerald	Painter	Dayton, Wash.
Ransom T. Hammond	Policeman	Pomeroy, Wash.
Jas. M. Henderson	Farmer	Dayton, Wash.
Burr W. Hughes	Student	" "
Cyrus E. Hull	Farmer	Pomeroy, Wash.
Wm. A. James	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.
Frank E. Klingaman	Laborer	Pomeroy, Wash.
Jos. M. Mackey	Laborer	" "
Tracy B. Matzger	Horseman	Dayton, Wash.
Thos. F. McNulty	Laborer	Lowell, Mass.
Geo. O. Mustard	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.
Robt. J. Neal	Laborer	" "
Andrew Nelson	Miner	Holland, Sweden.
John E. Norton	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.
Lafayette V. Offield	Laborer	" "
John F. Patterson	Farmer	" "
Henry L. Porter	Farmer	Adamsville, Mass.
Egbert G. Rice	Laborer	Dalles Center, Iowa.
Chas. A. Robbins	Laborer	Kosciusko, Ind.
Clarence R. Rowley	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.
Geo. W. Sagar	Laborer	Oakland, Cal.
Hugh Z. Salvage	Laborer	Palouse, Wash.
John F. Snider	Blacksmith	Dayton, Wash.
Isaac T. Stedman	Farmer	" "

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	ADDRESS
Fred Taylor	Farmer		Dayton, Wash.
John J. Whitsett	Laborer		" "
Elmer H. Woodworth	Farmer		" "
DISCHARGED.			
NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Chester F. Miller, Capt	Lawyer	Dayton, Wash	Disability, May 12, 1899.
Geo. Wick, 1st Sergt...	Policeman	" "	Disability, October 1, 1898.
Wm. H. Dorr, Sergt....	Clerk	" "	By order, Oct. 15 '98. [36th U. S. V.
Carrol Stephens, Sergt	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 31, 1899. Re-enlisted
Horace W. Bigelow, Corp.	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.	By order, October 15, 1898.
Jessie T. Jackson, Corp..	Laborer	" "	By order, October 17, 1898.
Fred O. Jamerson, Corp...	Miner	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 2, 1899.
Chester A. Morris, Corp	Student	Dayton, Wash.	By order, October 17, 1898.
Franklin Polen, Corp.	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 8, '99. Re-enlisted
Frank L. Swinney, Corp	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.	By order, Oct. 24, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Ray W. Thompson, Corp.	Waiter	" "	By order, November 18, 1898.
Frances M. Boldman, Art.	Blacksmith	" "	By order, Oct. 27, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Wm. B. Cook, Wagoner...	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, '99. Re-enlisted
Walter Gammon, Mus....	Student	Pomoroy, Wash.	By order, October 26, 1898.
Fred N. Allen	Student	Dayton, Wash.	By order, Oct. 1, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Albert H. Blair	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Geo. W. Boyer	Farmer	" "	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
			[36th U. S. V.
Alex. Bryant.....	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
			[36th U. S. V.
Edw. M. Curley.....	Teamster	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 5, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. C. Day.....	Farmer	Mitchell, Kas.	Disability, Oct. 24, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Edw. B. Dobbs.....	Surveyor	Manila, P. I.	By order, October 2, 1899.
Arthur R. Elliott.....	Laborer	Dayton, Wash.	By order, Nov. 3, '98. [36th U. S. V.
David O. Farlin.....	Teamster	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Chas. Hillman.....	Farmer	" "	By order, July 5, 1899. Re-enlisted
			[36th U. S. V.
Reginald H. Horner....	Cabinet-maker	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Guy H. Jones.....	Student	Dolton Station, Ill.	Disability, Oct. 31, '98. [36th U. S. V.
John C. Liner.....	Farmer	Dayton, Wash.	By order, Oct. 27, '98. [37th U. S. V.
Thos. A. Logan.....	Engineer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wesley P. McGlothlin	Broom-maker	Dayton, Wash.	By order, October 5, 1898.
Wm. W. Patrick	Laborer	Lane Co. Or.	By order, October 24, 1898.
Frank Ping.....	Farmer	Dayton, Wash.	By order, Oct. 27, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Wm. Slater.....	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Stephen W. Sharp.....	Iron-worker	" "	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Oliver E. Sherry.....	Farmer	Dayton, Wash.	Disability, Oct. 1, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Leonard L. Simpson	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Harvey R. Smith.....	Laborer	Shelbyville, Ind.	Disability, Sept. 18, '99. [36th U. S. V.
Thos. Thompson.....	Waiter	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 5, 1899. Re-enlisted
			[36th U. S. V.
Oliver C. Thornton	Farmer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 3, 1899. Re-enlisted
Wm. Watson.....	Laborer	Dayton, Wash	Disability, Sept. 18, '99. [36th U. S. V.
Martin A. Wick....	Farmer	Pomoroy, Wash.	By order, Oct. 27, '98. [36th U. S. V.
Andrew Willson.....	Laborer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 5, 1899. Re-enlisted

TRANSFERRED

John L. Pittmore, Sergt. Musician Dayton, Wash. To Regt. Band, January 24, 1899.

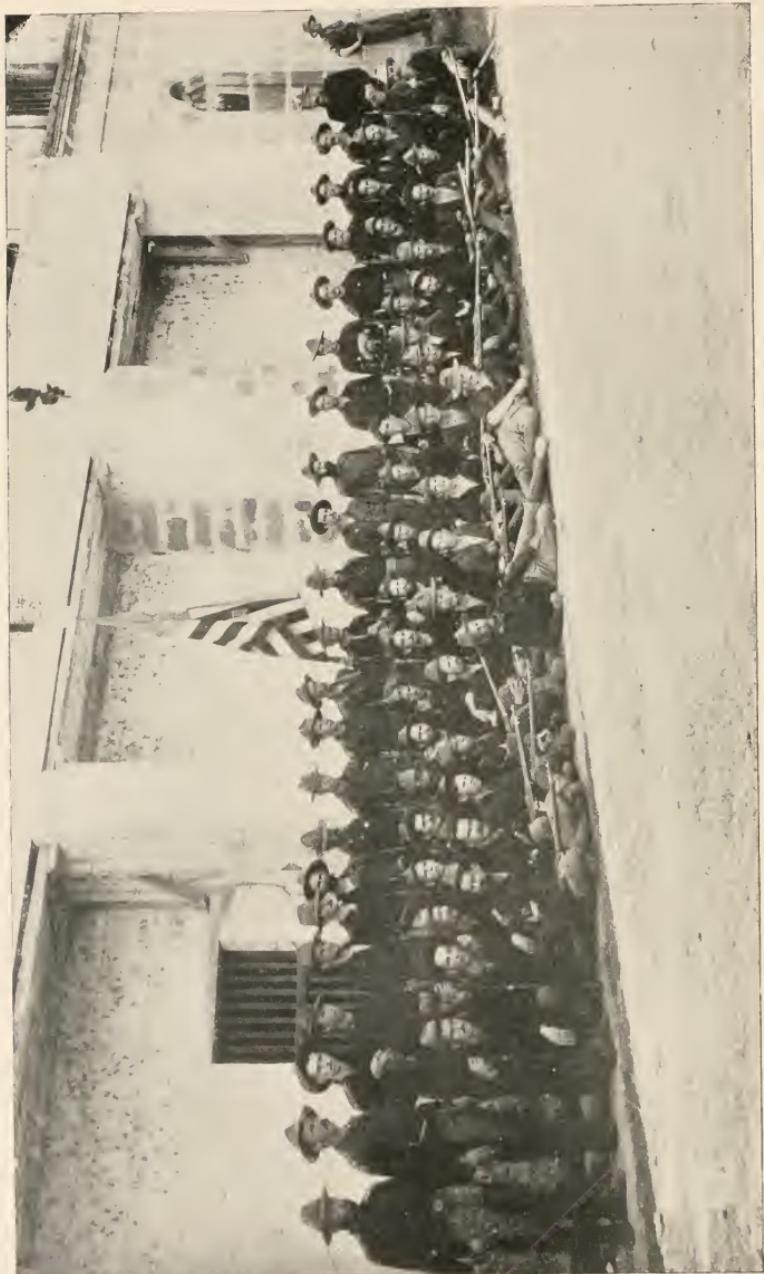
WOUNDED.

Chas. A. Booker, Capt. Wounded in head at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Edw. M. Curley Wounded in left hand at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Harvey R. Smith Wounded in head at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.

DEAD.

Edw. W. Strain, Corp
Robt. A. Chrystal.
Geo. B. Fargo.....
Killed in action at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Died of disease at Manila, P. I., August 26, 1899.
Died of dysentery at Manila, P. I., April 4, 1899.

Wash X



COMPANY D.
Taken in front of the church at Taguig, especially for CAMPAIGNING IN THE PHILIPPINES, by Harry Coombs.

*COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF COMPANY D.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

FRANK E. ADAMS, Captain, Company D, was born in Bristol, England, July 19, 1870. When he was two years of age his parents came to America, and made their home at Duluth, Minn. From there they moved to Minneapolis, Minn. At the latter place Capt. Adams received his education, attending first the public schools, and later the university.

After leaving school he was apprenticed in the North Star Iron Works to learn the machinist's trade. He finished his apprenticeship at the age of 19, when he was given a position as foreman in the large drafting rooms of the Phoenix Iron Works, in Ashton, Wis. He came to the coast in 1889, and made Seattle his home. He was married in 1890, and the following year he became a member of the National Guard. He went up the line from private to 1st Sergeant, and from Sergeant to Captain. He was made Captain in the fall of 1894. Three times he saw active service during his connection with the National Guard, the first being at the Gilman coal-miners' strike in Washington, his second being the railroad strike of the Northern Pacific, and for the third he was sent in command of a detachment of forty men to guard the fisheries at the mouth of the Columbia River. He was stationed there for three months, and was highly commended for his services.

At the beginning of the Spanish-American War, Capt. Adams closed his offices and business in Seattle, and enlisted as Captain of Company D, 1st Washington Volunteers.

ZEPHANIAH B. RAWSON, 2d Lieutenant, Company D, was born June 5, 1858, at Paris, Oxford County, Me. He fitted himself for college at the Maine Wesleyan Seminary, at Kent Hill, Me. He began the study of law in the office of Enoch Foster, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of Maine, at Bethel, in 1883, and finished his legal training by taking the course at the Columbian University of Washington, D. C. He graduated with the class of 1888. He practiced law in Maine, from 1888, until he moved to Seattle, Wash., in December, 1889. He was City Attorney for the city of Seattle for 1896 and 1897. He joined the National Guard of the State of Washington, September, 1893, continued as a member until the President called for volunteers, in April, 1898, and was the first enlisted man to be sworn into the United States Volunteers from the State of Washington. He served as 1st Sergeant, Company D, during the entire Philippine campaign, and was recommended for meritorious service at San Pedro Macati, March 3d, 4th and 6th, and at Taguig, April 20th. He was commissioned 2d Lieutenant, October 20, 1899, and assigned to Company D.

*Biography of 1st Lieutenant Henry E. Egeli appears on page 111.

Co. D—3d Battalion.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Frank E. Adams, Capt.	Civil Engineer.	Seattle, Wash.
Henry L. Egell, 1st Lieut.	Jeweler.	" "
Zephaniah B. Rawson, 2d Lieut.	Lawyer.	" "
Frank M. Coombs, 1st Sergt.	Letter-carrier.	" "
Walter F. Clough, Q. M. Sergt.	Teamster.	" "
John K. Witherspoon, Sergt.	Clerk.	" "
Geo. K. Burtt, Sergt.	Miner.	" "
Alvin W. Freeman, Sergt.	Gripman.	" "
Wm. Fairbanks, Sergt.	Clerk.	" "
Cal Webbon, Corp.	Salesman.	" "
Alfred B. Welch, Corp.	Civil Engineer.	Orting, Wash.
Frank T. Hohburg, Corp.	Journalist.	San Francisco, Cal.
Guy A. Phelps, Corp.	Telegraph Operator.	Snohomish, Wash.
Albert W. Merritt, Corp.	Engineer.	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. A. Beck, Corp.	Laborer.	" "
Luther W. Rawley, Corp.	Machinist.	Victoria, Tex.
Geo. Worth, Corp.	Clerk.	Chelak, Wis.
Wm. S. Sargent, Corp.	Laborer.	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. G. Lincoln Corp.	Bookkeeper.	" "
Fred. C. Day, Corp.	Printer.	Seattle, Wash.
Thos. E. Jones, Corp.	Laborer.	Jackson, Ohio.
Thos. Tanner, Cook.	Teamster.	Seattle, Wash.
Chas. C. Pitts, Musician	Musician.	" "
John Bright, Artificer.	Clerk.	" "
Geo. D. Hadley, Wagoner	Railroad-man.	" "

PRIVATE'S.		
Frank Ayers	Teacher.	Admire, Kas.
Nicholas Becker	Laborer.	Seattle, Wash.
Geo. Bolduc	Shingler.	Edmonds, Wash.
Rodney S. Church	Laborer.	Everett, Wash.
Henry C. Coburn	Stockman.	Hector, S. D.
Harry E. Elshree	Butcher.	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. Emmonds	Laborer.	" "
J. A. Griffith	Clerk.	San Jose, Cal.
Harry W. Hedrick	Carpenter.	Seattle, Wash.
Geo. H. Herman	Teamster.	" "
Orin W. Hickox	Telegraph Operator.	" "
Howard M. Holland	Conductor.	" "
Peter M. Indergard	Carpenter.	" "
Walter M. Justis	Clerk.	San Francisco, Cal.
Ernest M. Keil	Electrician.	Seattle, Wash.
Jos. W. La Mar	Farmer.	" "
Jas. M. McCaren	Student.	Forestville, Iowa.
Wm. S. McIntyre	Boiler-maker.	Alliance, Neb.
Randolph McMichael	Clerk.	Seattle, Wash.
Frank X. Meier	Baker.	" "
Chas. G. Mihills	Horse-trainer.	Evanston, Wis.
Clay G. Mills	Hostler.	Seattle, Wash.
Robt. J. Moore	Miner.	" "
Ethan A. E. Morrison	Assayer.	Spokane, Wash.
Geo. R. Page	Student.	Seattle, Wash.
Carl Pennington	Clerk.	Iola, Kas.
Chas. O. Perkins	Clerk.	Seattle, Wash.
Geo. P. Petersen	Miner.	Port Angeles, Wash.
Wm. L. Pollow	Barber.	Danville, Ill.
Edw. Reiley	Miner.	Seattle, Wash.
Emmet T. Robb	Painter.	" "
Geo. Sanford	Locksmith.	Albany, N. Y.
Albert L. Smith	Student.	Steptoe, Wash.
Leonard L. Spear	Civil Engineer.	Seattle, Wash.
Wm. C. Titus	Laundry-man.	" "
Edgar T. Williams	Clerk.	New Brighton, Minn.
Geo. C. Winkler	Clerk.	Belleville, Ill.
Fred C. Winters	Farmer.	Seattle, Wash.
Eugene Woodin	Fireman.	" "

DISCHARGED.

NAME	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.	REMARKS.
Fred'k A. Frazier, Corp.	Lawyer	Seattle, Wash	By order, Oct 25, 1898
Ernest C. Jenner, Corp.	Artist	" "	By order, Oct 28, 1898, [36th U. S. V.]
Fred Cuff, Musician	Bricklayer	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 16, 1899. Re-enlisted
Harry F. Woods, Artificer	Carpenter	Seattle, Wash	By order, October 25, 1898
Walter H. Caswell, Wagoner	Laborer	" "	By order, July 25, 1898
Bert Baker	Clerk	" "	By order, July 28, 1898
Edw. R. Bartlett	Farmer	Watertown, S. D.	By order, October 2, 1899
Clarence E. Bennett	Butter-maker	San Francisco, Cal.	By order, Sept. 29, 1898, [37th U.S.V.]
Calesby G. Brown	Druggist	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 31, 1899. Re-enlisted
Ernest Crocker	Policeman	Seattle, Wash.	By order, November 17, 1898
Edwin J. Davis	Steam-fitter	" "	By order, August 20, 1898
Peter De Jorup	Conductor	" "	By order, August 17, 1898
Robt. Dick	Miner	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 2, 1899
Frank L. Douglass	Laborer	Johnsonburg, Pa.	By order, December 10, 1898
Harvey L. Dyer	Civil Engineer	Seattle, Wash.	By order, Oct. 25, '98, [36th U. S. V.]
Frank G. Hendel	Railroad-man	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Harry W. Hicks	Student	" "	By order, Sept. 2, 1899, [36th U. S. V.]
Frank Hoffman	Waiter	" "	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
Harrie H. Hubert	Shingler	Everett, Wash.	By order, December 20, 1898
Eugene Klempner	Conductor	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 2, 1899
Chas. I. Land	Laborer	Seattle, Wash.	By order, September 29, 1898
Jas. H. Moore	Longshore-man	" "	By order, August 20, 1898
Henry O. Ness	Cook	" "	By order, September 5, 1899
Emil Peterson	Candy-maker	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 2, 1899
Nicholas C. Polley	Clerk	Seattle, Wash.	By order, July 2, 1899, [36th U. S. V.]
Ernest R. Roberts	Clerk	Manila, P. I.	By order, July 6, 1899. Re-enlisted
True O. Sakemiller	Clerk	" "	By order, September 2, 1899
Albert R. Straub	Waiter	Seattle, Wash	By order, September 11, 1899
John R. Swift	Carpenter	" "	By order, November 24, 1898
Wallace B. Taylor	Druggist	" "	By order, October 25, 1898
Lorthe E. Tennyson	Cook	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 2, 1899
Hugh Waters	Waiter	Everett, Wash	By order, September 5, 1899
Percy L. Wightman	Student	Manila, P. I.	By order, September 2, 1899
Wm. M. Winders	Tinner	Seattle, Wash	By order, August 16, 1899
Clement Vore	Lawyer	San Francisco, Cal.	By order, October 25, 1898
Chas. Young	Clerk	" "	By order, October 25, 1898

TRANSFERRED.

Wm. G. Herman, Sergt.	Druggist	Seattle, Wash.	To Hospital Corps, October 10, 1899.
Stephen D. Bolles	Engineer	Box Elder, Neb.	To Co. M 1st Neb., April 13, 1899.
Harry F. Cameron	Student	Seattle, Wash.	To Hospital Corps, Sept. 17, 1898.
Laurin M. Lawson	Clerk	St. Peter, Minn.	To Company B, January 2, 1899.
Wm. J. Marshall	Tailor	Minneapolis, Minn.	To Co. F, 13th Minn., June 24, 1899.
Elin Olsberg	Nurse	Seattle, Wash	To Hospital Corps Sept. 8, 1898.

PROMOTED.

Geo. B. Lamping, 2d Ltnt.	Bank Clerk	Seattle, Wash.	To 1st Ltnt. Co. G, October 20, 1899.
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DESERTED.

Russell Roe			Deserted at San Francisco, Cal., October 14, 1898
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WOUNDED.

Cal Welbon, Corp.			Wounded in left side at Taguig, P. I., April 18, 1899.
Edw. R. Bartlett			Wounded in right shoulder at Laguna de Bay, P. I., March 19, 1899.
Wm. J. Marshall			Wounded in neck at Taguig, P. I., April 27, 1899.
Henry O. Ness			Wounded in left shoulder, at Laguna de Bay, P. I., March 19, 1899.
Albert R. Straub			Wounded in head at Taguig, P. I., April 20, 1899.
Hugh Waters			Wounded in right shoulder at Laguna de Bay, P. I., March 19, 1899.
Wm. M. Winders			Wounded in right side, at Taguig, P. I., April 20, 1899.

DEAD.

Wm. C. Hopwood			Died of wounds received in action at Manila, P. I., February 8, 1899.
Milton S. Melse			Died of wounds received in action at Manila, P. I., March 22, 1899.
Carl M. Thygensen			Died of wounds received in action at Morong, P. I., June 3, 1899.

ADDITIONAL BIOGRAPHIES.

COMPANY L.

JOHN E. BALLAINE, 1st Lieutenant, Company L, is a native of Iowa, where he was born September 2, 1868. His maternal grandparents settled near Mount Pleasant in 1842, and his father and grandfather were among the charter members who founded there the Wesleyan University. The father of Lieut. Ballaine having died from the effects of a wound inflicted at Vicksburg, the family located in Whitman County, Wash., in the later '70s. Mr. Ballaine grew up on a stock ranch, riding the ranges through the spring and summer and attending school during the fall and winter. He taught school four terms, and at the age of 19 was appointed Deputy Auditor of Whitman County. In 1892-93 he was editor and part proprietor of the Colfax *Gazette*, going thence to the editorial staff of the Tacoma *Ledger*. For two terms he served as legislative correspondent, and reported all the State and the principal county conventions of four years. He became assistant city editor of the Washington, D. C., *Post*, in 1895, and a year thereafter was appointed editor of the southern division of the Associated Press at the national capital. Gov. Rogers of Washington offered him the position of private secretary to the Governor, which he accepted, performing also the duties of Adjutant General of the State. He resigned to accept a commission in the 1st Washington Inf., U. S. V., and served continuously with his company in its every engagement, except for six weeks when he was down with malarial fever. For four months he was in command of his company. In August, 1899, he was promoted to be Captain of Company L, to succeed Capt. Moore, advanced to a majority reported by the War Department to be vacant. The vacancy did not occur, however, and the new officers, while receiving their commissions, did not get the opportunity to be mustered into the higher grade. Lieut. Ballaine is married, Mrs. Ballaine being a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Felch, of Colfax, Wash.

COMPANY D.

HENRY L. EGELL, 1st Lieutenant, Company D, was born in Copenhagen, Denmark, July 16, 1861. He went to the State of Washington, March 14, 1890, and belonged to the National Guard of that State for seven years. At the outbreak of the war he was mustered into the service as 1st Lieutenant of Company D, in Tacoma, Wash., May 6, 1898. He has been commanding his company since January 4, 1899, on account of the sickness of the Captain. He was in all engagements with his company.

RECOMMENDED FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

FIRST WASHINGTON INFANTRY, U. S. V.

HOSPITAL CORPS.

Howard R. McBride, Hospital Steward

John T. Dawson, Corporal

Don DeWitt

Max E. Englehardt

Hoyze E. Mitchell

James G. Triplett

COMPANY A.

William T. Harrison, Q. M. Sergeant

Walter L. McCallum, Sergeant

Fred. L. Titsworth, Sergeant

James A. Timewell, Corporal

Kendall Fellowes, Corporal

Ernest C. Hollingsworth, Corporal

George Bordeaux

Charles Breuchle

Charles W. Brown

Guy A. Turner

John W. Snoke

COMPANY B.

Smith K. Fitzhugh, Corporal

Thomas B. Crockett, Corporal

Albert F. Pray, Corporal

H. J. Kemper, Corporal

Melvin J. Doherty, Corporal

George H. Gaches, Corporal

J. E. Holland, Wagoner

John M. Page

C. B. Rathburn

A. M. Mills

James W. Badger

J. J. McGlynn

Wm. J. Moran

Thomas Collan

COMPANY D.

Z. B. Rawson, 2d Lieutenant

John K. Witherspoon, Sergeant

William A. Beck, Corporal

Cal. Welbon, Corporal

William Fairbanks, Corporal

Alfred B. Welch, Corporal

Calvin Freeman, Corporal

Nicholas Becker

Randolph McMichael

Clay G. Mills

Carl M. Tygensen

George Winkler

Hugh Waters

Edgar T. Williams

COMPANY E.

Edward J. Young, 1st Lieutenant.

John T. Alderson, 2d Lieutenant

Henry W. Leach, 1st Sergeant

John H. Wright, Sergeant

William Washburn, Corporal

William C. Stephens

Joseph J. Mitchell

Edward C. Spaulding

George S. Palmer

Henry H. Hagedorn

COMPANY F.

Edward W. Strain, Corporal
John F. Patterson

Albert H. Blair
Carral Stephens

Walter A. Fay

COMPANY G.

William H. Breman, Corporal

COMPANY I.

Roy Painter, Corporal
Myra Cusker, Corporal

Ira Cromwell, Corporal
Johnson, ——

Ernest L. Barber

COMPANY K.

Edward C. Hanford, Corporal

COMPANY L.

Will G. Adams, Sergeant

Arthur R. Porter

John B. Heyburn

COMPANY M.

William Scales, Sergeant
Chas. E. Augustein, Corporal
John D. Roberts, Corporal
John Usher, Corporal
Wm. F. Cruver, Musician
Carl E. Carlson, Musician
Oliver S. Morris, Wagoner
John O. Badger
Herbert A. Bloye
Nelson Churchill

Walter H. De Lacy
George C. Eddy
James R. Evans
Bert James
Harry C. McLean
John J. McNeill,
Ralph L. Philbrick
Charles Rauen
Frank H. Sagers
Arthur R. Scullin

Dexter H. Waller,

VOLUNTEERS WHO ASSISTED IN BURNING FRENCH HOUSE
AT PASIG, MARCH 26, 1899.

Oscar A. McGee, Sergeant, Company B
William T. Harrison, Sergeant, Company A
George W. Harlan, Private, Company A
O. D. Ward, Private, Company B
D. S. Williamson, Private, Company B
Irving A. Jensen, Private, Company B
Frank Pinney, Private, Company B
George Scott, Private, Company A
Wm. C. Courtney, Private, Company B

ERRATA.

BAND

Private, additional—page 63.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
William B. Clifton	Jeweler	Santa Clara, Cal

Discharged, additional—page 63.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Edgar H. Leonard	Student	Dayton, Wash.	By order, Oct. 5, 1898

COMPANY B.

Corrections, additional—page 80.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Chas. L. Beamer, Q. M. Sergt. (not Corporal)	Candy maker	Hastings, Mich
Clare E. Clarke, Sergt. (not Corporal)	Printer	Noblesville Ind
Melvin J. Doherty, Corp. (not Private)	Draughtsmen	St. Paul, Minn
A. E. W. Maguire, Corp. (not Private)	Railroadman	Seattle, Wash
Frank W. Barker, Corp	Clerk	Boston, Mass
Frank W. Hergert, Corp	Student	Seattle, Wash

Deserter, additional—page 81.

Wm. S. Wilson	Deserted at Honolulu, H. I., November 7, 1898
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COMPANY E.

Private, additional—page 85.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Elijah W. Waddington	Laborer	North Yakima, Wash

Transfers, additional—page 85.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
Fred T. Briggs, 1st Lieut	Railroadman	North Yakima, Wash	To Regt Adj., July 16, 1898.
William L. Lemon, 2d Lieut	Merchant	" "	To Regt Q. M., Sept. 2, 1898.

COMPANY G.

Private, additional—page 88.

NAME	OCCUPATION	ADDRESS
Jos. O'Connell	Clerk	Seattle, Wash

COMPANY H

Discharged, additional—page 107.

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